JHANSI.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

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Corrections to be made in the Gazetteer of Jhansi district.

Page 7 dines 4 and 5.—For "that part . . . Bundel-khand" read "the Jhansi Division.

Page 6, line 6.—Add after 'Punchh,' and footnote, now in Jalaun district.

Page 10, line 5.—For 'thirty' read 'sixty'.

Page 10, line 14.—For 'after a course miles' read "after a course on the border of or through the district of nearly 140 miles.

Page 10, lines 20-22.—For 'and the cascade . . . spectacle," read "At Bandron 6 miles N. W. of Jakhora are the falls known as Karkarao. Here the Betwa cuts its way through a long dyke of volcanic rock, purple brown in colour and showing the normal prismatic structure. Except during the rains the whole river runs through a narrow gorge close to the Gwalior bank to a sort of cauldron perhaps twenty yards square out of which the water passes by two openings, the larger ten feet, the smaller three feet wide; from these openings there is a fall of fifteen feet into a deep pool followed by another gorge. The falls face east; and close to them is another passage, dry when the river is at its ordinary cold weather level, leading to another pool called the Baoli, over which is a natural arch."

Page 10, last line.—Omit second 'o' in 'Oorchha'.

- (1) Page 11, line 2-Delete 'and'
- (2) Page 11, line 2.—After 'Lalitpur road' add' and immediately below the weir at Dhukwan on the Babina Nathi Khera road.'
- (3) Page 11, line 8.—After 'six inches' add "and that flood appears to have been from one to two feet below the flood of 1869 which appears to be the highest of which there is any record".
- (4) Page 11, line 26.—After 'Hamirpur' insert "and a cause-way for the Jhansi-Nowgong road at Deori. It is dammed at Lachura where are the headworks of the Dhasan Canal, and at Pahari opposite Deori, to form a second storage reservoir for that Canal'.

(5) Page 11, line 27.-For 'Ghat Lachura' read 'Rura'.

Page 11, lines 30-31.—For 'Near Madanpur' read 'some 20 miles N. N. W. of Saugor town'.

Page 11, line 33.-Delete "west".

Page 11, line 35 .- For 'twenty' read 'forty'.

Page 12, line 6 .- For 'Chaich' read 'Chench'.

Page 12, line 13.-For 'seventeen' read 'twenty-five'.

Page 12, line 16 .- For 'It' read 'its'.

Page 12, line 31. - For 'Situated' read 'suited'.

Page 12, line 38.-For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 13, line 2.—Before 'Bijaipura' insert 'Bar, Jakhora.'

Page 13, line 17.-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 13, line 18.—After 'important' add 'until the recent construction of the lakes at Garhman and Siaori'.

Page 13, line 20.—After 'Haibatpura' add ' in pargana Garautha'.

Page 14, line 4.—For 'each' read' the 'and add after 'succession' 'as at Raksa in pargana Jhansi'.

Page 15, line 35 .- For 'ravine' read 'rock'.

Page 18, line 35 .- For '75' read '70'.

Page 19, line 2.—After 'property' add 'though the trees are still recorded as Government property'.

Page 20, line 24—After 'Banda' insert † and add a foot note.
† The management of the Moth forests, consisting of
70 separate plots varying in area from one to 250 acres was
transferred back to the Collector in 1908 and they are managed
through the revenue staff and the zamindars of the villages within
whose boundaries they lie. The zamindars being rightholders
in these forests are bound legally to protect them.

Page 21, lines 3 and 4.—For 'and . . . rest by 'read 'by Mr. Goudge, Assistant Settlement Officer, and defined in '.

Page 21, (2) line 5.—After 'Gazette' add 'In certain villages, portions of whose lands had been acquired as reserved forests or which bordered on the area reserved, rights were recognized to a certain amount of free timber for agricultural purposes and to the grazing of a certain number of cattle at cheap rates. These rights were the subject of further discussion in 1908 when rates were fixed definitely limiting the

amount of timber allowed and the number of cattle permitted to graze at privileged rates. Finally in 1911, the rules were again revised and the lists of the villages entitled to privileges were again amended.

Under the existing rules the privileged villages are permitted to graze the number of cattle noted against each at the rate of three pies per cow, a buffalo counting as two cows while all other villages pay four annas per cow."

Page 23, line 19.-For 'Sanyar' read 'Sainyar'.

Page 23, line 22.—Delete "Sold at auction . or ".

Page 24, line 18.—For 'mummularia' read 'nummularia'.

Page 24, line 25.—For ';' substitute '.'

Page 24, lines 26 and 27—Delete and insert "Recently the firm of Messrs. Abbott Brothers has imported stone cutting machinery and is beginning to quarry on a commercial scale. The granite is of excellent quality being reported better than that of Aberdeen, in fact it is so hard that the machinery used for cutting Aberdeen granite is found to be scarcely capable of dealing with it. But railway freights are so high that the Aberdeen stone can be landed at Bombay cheaper than that from Jhansi in spite of the fact that the cost at Jhansi is much lower than at Aberdeen. The Jhansi stone is being used for the headworks of the Upper Ganges Canal at Hardwar".

Page 24, line 31. - After 'Soapstone' add' (steatite)'.

Page 25, line 4.—After 'Jhansi'insert:—Selenite has been found in a few places in the north of Garautha. Crystals are found scattered through a peculiar friable clay in the ravines of Gokal and Gonti. In Gokal it occurs in the Bira Nala and in Gonti along the Gararyao and Usraiti Nalas. The local name for selenite is usraith or harsonth while the clay in which it occurs is known as 'gajar mitti.' (For further details see records of Geological Survey XL.)

Page 25, line 10.—After 'Madaura' insert 'All this sandstone is of the red variety.

Page 25, line 21.—After 'steatite' insert "known locally as "gora patthar".

Page 25, line 24.-For 'to read 'as far as !.

Page 25, line 32.—For "Four" read " very few, two or three being situated at Solda and one occasional working at Sonrai or Kurrat."

Page 25, line 35.—After 'forest' insert. 'The conditions of working used to be that for . . . '

Page 25, line 36.—For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 25, line 37.—For 'requires' read 'required'.

Page 25, line 38.—For 'proviso' read 'provisos'.

Page 26, line 1.—For 'are' read 'were' and after 'cut' add 'and that cutting was confined to an area of one square mile'.

Page 26, line 3.—After 'time' add' But the Forest Department has now raised the charges to Rs. 2 per annum for ore for one furnace, and 8 annas per acre for the right to cut certain kinds and sizes of trees from that area. This almost trebles the cost of production, and will probably finally kill the industry'.

Page 26, line 4.—For 'like . . . thick 'read' of dried mud about four feet high and three feet in diameter'.

Page 26, line 35.—After iron add Iron ore has also been mined near Uldhana Khurd and near Amoda, both places in pargana Madaura. It was smelted in other places in the district, such as Nathi Khera and Jer (10 miles south of Barwasagar), the ore coming from Dhaurra in Orchha.

Page 27, line 20.—For "have never been worked" read "were never worked until the year 1909 when a firm called 'The Jabalpur Prospecting Syndicate' took out a licence to work them. The firm started operations early in 1912 and has discovered copper ore with indications of silver, and by 1913 had succeeded in extracting a few hundred weights of metallic copper.

Page 27, line 24.—Before "The only" insert "Until recently (see page 24.)" . . . and for 'is' read 'was'.

Page 27, line 28.—Delete "generally . . . day and add after 'cartage' in line 29 "generally used now, as it doubtless was then, for ordinary buildings, and very little carving is now done at all".

Page 28, line 30.—For "Rs. 10 a head" read "Rs. 15 a head when caught or killed anywhere outside the re-

serve forests and Rs. 30 when caught or killed inside that area".

Page 29, lines 6-7—For "also . . . jungles" read "is also numerous and most destructive".

Page 29, line 19.-For 'sarus' read 'saras'.

Page 29, line 25.—Before 'kalanbans' insert 'rohu'.

Page 29, line 27.—Delete 'rohu'.

Page 30, line 6.—For 'Saugor and Banda' read 'Jalaun, Saugor and Banda'.

Page 30, line 8.—After 'esteem' insert "while the animals from Jalaun are for the most part bred in the eastern portion of Gwalior and neighbouring territories and only sold at the cattle market of Kunchh in Jalaun district".

Page 30, line 14.—After 'Jhansi' insert "A certain number of cattle are also bred in the extreme south-east along the Dhasan. This breed is known as 'Dangi'; its chief breeding grounds are however in Saugor".

Page 31, line 4.-For '50' read '60'.

Page 31, line 5.—For '60' read '80'.

Page 31, line 5.—For 'cattle' read 'bullocks'.

Page 31, line 6.-For '20 to 30' read '30 to 40'.

Page 31, line 23.—After feeding insert "they are however most destructive to anything in the nature of tree growth and must be held largely responsible for the treeless character of large stretches of land. It is probable that the district would benefit by their complete extermination".

Page 32, line 2 .- Delete ' and '.

Page 32, line 3.—After 'rog' insert 'blackquarter and Haemorrhagic septicaemia'.

Page 32, line 4.—For the 'latter' read 'foot and mouth disease'.

Page 32, line 6.—For "Haemorrhagic septicaemia . . . occur" read "Sporadic cases of all diseases occur throughout the year".

Page 32, line 7.—After 'maintains' add' a veterinary hospital at Jhansi in charge of a veterinary assistant and'.

Page 32, line 37.—For "The readings . . . walls" read "The readings now usually average somewhat lower than

before owing to the removal of the observing station from within the city walls to a more airy place outside.

Page 33, line 17.—For 'as you . . . north' read 'from south to north.'

Page 33, line 20.—After 'department' insert "which now also records the rainfall at Parichha, Nadsia, Garhmau and Siaori".

Page 33, lines 20-21.—For "but does . . . limits" read "and fluctuates between fairly wide limits".

Page 33, line 25.—For "The most . . . on records" read "In the Sub-division the lowest falls on record occurred in ".

Page 34, line 16.—For 'and 1900 when' read '1900 and 1906 in which last year it was the highest on record; in all of these years'.

Page 34, line 32.—After "only" insert "It is however a noteworthy fact brought out by analysis of mortality statistics in connection with recent investigations of malaria that the recorded death rate from malaria in Jhansi in the most malarious of the ten years ending with 1911 is very little more than it was in the least malarious year of the same period in Meerut and Muzaffarnagar".

Page 35, line 28.—After 'food' insert "There does not however appear to be any scientific foundation for these allegations".

Page 36, line 2.—After 1904 add Until the cold weather of 1911-12, when a somewhat severe epidemic broke out in Jhansi city. Scattered villages in Jhansi and Moth tahsils also suffered, and there were a few cases at Lalitpur'.

Page 37, lines 11-12.—After 'is' insert' to a great extent' and for 'and the harvest . . . garnered' read' but it is not fair to reproach the Bundelkhandi with laziness on this account: over a large part of the district the soil is black cotton: if the season is favourable, an excellent crop is obtained by little more than scratching the soil and putting in the seed, while if the rain fail or fall at inopportune times, nothing that the cultivator can do will give him a crop. The increase of irrigation is changing this slowly".

Page 37, line 14.—After 'hamlets' read 'a state of affairs largely due to the nature of the soil, as black soil is unhealthy

to live on and affords very bad foundations for houses of any sort.

Page 37, line 15.—For 'except in' read 'though mainly confined to'.

Page 37, line 16.—For 'is unknown' read' is practised to some extent'.

Page 37, lines 17-20.-Delete one may . . . there is'.

Page 37, line 20.—For 'good husbandry' read 'Good husbandry is'.

Page 37, line 26.—After 'heard' insert 'throughout the cold weather'.

Page 38, line 13.—For 'heads are . . . November 'read' are cut at the beginning of November so as to leave about two to three feet of the stalks on the ground'.

Page 38, line 15.—For "The succulent . . . plants" read 'these'.

Page 38, line 17.—For 'uprooted' read 'pulled by hand, the hardness of the soil at the time they are gathered preventing anything in the shape of roots or earth being pulled up with the plants'.

Page 38, line 17.—For "In October . . . place" read "Rabi sowings often begin as early as the last week in September, and continue, according to the state of moisture of the land, until early in December".

Page 38, lines 23—25.—For 'where the crops . . . can' read "the capacity of the soil for retaining moisture is so great that in ordinary years a good crop is obtained without any irrigation which indeed is very rarely available in such areas".

Page 39, line 38. - For "Kakarwai" read "Kakarbai".

Page 41, lines 19—21.—For 'There . . . place' read "with the increasing facilities for irrigation this double cropped area should increase, especially so if, as there are grounds for hoping, rainy season irrigation, which is more easily arranged, is made use of for growing a larger area of rice".

Page 42, line 9.—After '68.61' insert 'per cent'.

Page 43, line 12.-For 'Mau' read 'Moth'.

Page 43, line 18 .- For 'Many' read 'More than twenty'.

Page 43, line 22.—Before 'bansmati' insert 'bandila' and for 'and jhuns' read 'erni, jhuns and sarkar'.

Page 44, line 6.—After 'mixed' add' Efforts are being made to increase the area sown with cotton, more especially of cotton sown after hot weather irrigation'.

Page 44, line 20.—After 'September' add "Two warieties, white, and black, are recognized, of which the former is slightly the more valuable."

Page 44, line 23.—After 'flowers' add 'Weight for weight ramtili sells for little more than half the price of tili.'

Page 44, line 26.—After 'Lalitpur' add' It is almost entirely confined to the parwa soils in villages near the Betwa and Dhasan.'

Page 44, line 29.-For 'Several' read' Over twenty'.

Page 44, line 30.—For 'cultivated' read ' are recognized'.

Page 45-footnote, line 3.-For 'that' read 'death.'

Page 46, line 6.—After 'dimunition' add 'and subsequent increase.'

Page 46, line 11.—For 'has not yet recovered' read' is only now recovering.'

Page 46, line 11 - For 'cultivation' read 'cultivation.'

Page 46, line 12.—For 'Some' read 'considerable.'

Page 46, line 13.—For 'during . . . 39, 887' read' in 1911-12 the area has risen to 55,221.'

Page 46, line 15.—For '28,536' read '41,805' and after 'total' insert 'a remarkable sign of the recovery of confidence in wheat is seen in the fact that during the year 1911-12 no less than 82,747 acres were sown with wheat and gram intermixed and 8,945 acres with wheat and barley intermixed. The fall in the area of wheat and barley intermixed is due to the increase of the area sown with wheat alone in Lalitpur.'

1 age 46, line 17.-For '10,788' read '10,832."

Page 46, line 33.—After 'grown' add "The Agricultural department, however, has in recent years been pushing the sowing of wheat in black soil. Special varieties of both kathia and pissi supplied from the Orai farm are now regularly distributed in the shape of takavi to cultivators, and this seed has done remarkably well. In 1912, besides selected kathia and pissi, a new variety soharia was supplied. This is a black soil wheat, similar in many ways to kathia, but much less liable to rust."

age 47, line 6 .- For 'always' read 'usually.'

Page 49, lines 25 and 29.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 50-Foot note, line 2.—For 'Dharamsala' read 'Sheorao-Sagar' and delete 'Sheorao-Sagar' after 'Lachmi-Tal.'

Foot-note, lines 6, 7 and 8.—Transpose 'Bilahti Kharki, Sagauli,' after 'Haibatpura.'

Page 51, line 4.—For '1896-97 and' read '1896-97,' and after '1900' add 'and still more the Irrigation Commission of 1901—03.'

Page 51, line 15.—After 'not' insert 'as yet.'

Page 51, line 16.—For 'an' read 'a very.'

Page 51, line 17.—Omit 'for.'

Page 51, lines 17-18.—Omit 'but only' and for 'the black soil . . . of 'read' in the N. E. corner of, 'and omit 'where . . . over come.'

Page 51, lines 7-14.—For 'a large . . . area' read 'In 1911, however, the Special Tanks Division was abolished. On the completion of the reservoir at Dhukwan the Bundelkhand tract was divided into four Executive Divisions in charge of separate Executive Engineers, with control of all irrigation works, whether canals or tanks, within those divisions, namely, the two Betwa Canal Divisions, with headquarters at Jhansi and Orai respectively, the Dhasan Canal Division, and the Ken Canal Division. Large numbers of projects have been prepared, and large numbers have been carried out, while large numbers are still being considered or planned. Some of the works have been reserved to be constructed as special famine relief works, but the majority are carried out by means of agreements with the zamindars who are affected. When the plan has been drawn up and the areas to be irrigated are benefitted worked out, the zamindars are called upon to say if they will enter into an agreement to pay certain sums of money calculated to recoup the Government for its outlay. These agreements usually take one of three forms: either the zamindars agree to pay water rate at such rate as may be fixed on the area irrigated or benefitted (form A); or to pay a certain lump sum in half yearly instalments calculated on a consideration of the area which it is estimated will be irrigated or benefitted (form B); or to pay a percentage on the actual cost (form C). But individual agreements vary in minor particulars. Tanks

are restored and repaired as well as constructed under these agreements. The question of legislation to enable Government to deal more effectively with certain matters relating to these tanks is at present under consideration. The chief tanks restored or constructed under such agreements are:—In tahsil Jhansi Babina (Bara Tal and Raja Tal), Dunara, Hirapur, Manpur, Mathrapura, Pahalgawan, Punaoli Kalan, and Sar, in tahsil Mau, Bijaigarh, Kharon and Nawada: in Moth, Pipra and Sagoli: in Lalitpur, Bangawan Kalan, Bhuchera, Daoni, Kalyanpura, Karipahari, Kelwara, Panari, Pawa, Pura-Kalan, Rampur, Serwans (pargana Talbehat), Siron-Khurd, and Talbehat (Kakrela and Gujara Tals), and in Mahroni, Arjun-Khiria, Baroda-Dang, Bhailoni-Ludhiao, Bhailoni-Suba, Dhawa, Dongra-Kalan, Gundrapur, and Samogar.

Page 51, line 32.—After Jhansi add 'and Panari in Lalitpur and after 'dammed' add 'and brought on to the fields by small canals.'

For 'The water . . . and is 'read 'water is also . . .

Page 51, line 33 .- For 'this' read 'which.'

Page 51, lines 35-36.—Delete or by . . . power.

Page 52, line 9.-After 'canal' add 'and the larger eservoirs.'

Page 52, line 10.—After 'degree' add 'Thus at Ujiyan east of the Parichha reservoir the spring level has risen 15 feet since the reservoir was constructed.'

Page 52, line 27.—For the great expense of digging necessitates' read 'the depth and the nature of the soil necessitate.'

Page 53, line 16.—After 'employed' add 'To facilitate the construction of wells in rocky country the agricultural department maintains a dynamite overseer whose services are available on payment for the blasting of such wells.'

Page 53, line 17.—For '3,749' read '4,413.'

Page 53, line 19.—For 'Kachnoh' read 'Kachneo' and after Kachneo' add 'Kalyanpura' and for "four large lakes of" read "larger lakes such as."

Page 53, line 20.—For 'and Pachwara' read 'Pachwara, Pura Kalan, and Siaori.'

Page 53, line 30.—After 'leakage' add 'But the number of tanks provided with proper sluices is rapidly increasing,

as it includes practically all such as have been constructed or restored under any of the agreements referred to on page 51.

Page 54, line 4.-For '582 acres only ' read ' 1,686 acres.'

Page 54, line 7.—Delete from "This to only 242" and substitute "This in the dry season of 1908 it rose as high as 2,670 acres."

Page 54, line 10.—After "Betwa' add "and Pahuj-Garhmau and Siaori."

Page 54, line 11 .- For 'canal' read 'canals.'

Page 54, line 12.—For 'and Magarwara lakes' read' Magarwara, Kalyanpura and other lakes regarding which agreements in form Λ (page 51) have been settled.'

Page 54, line 13.—For "2,806" read "4,080", delete from "but the actual" to "Betwa canal."

Page 55, line 32.—After 'Channel' add' For some miles on each side an afflux band prevents the river when in flood from cutting round the headworks. These have been raised a few years ago as the flood of August 1901 was so high that water rose to within six inches of the top of the afflux band on the eastern side of the river.

Page 56, line 3.—Unite 'On the . . . point 'with previous para.

Page 56, line 5.—" The main . . . " begin new para.

Page 56, line 8.—Insert after country'—'At sixteen miles from the head where the canal is crossed by the Moth-Bhander road it approaches the surface sufficiently to allow of irrigation and the first distributary takes out for the irrigation of Reo, Bharosa and other villages near Moth.'

Page 56, line 9.—Omit "approaches . . . and".

Page 56, lines 21-22.—Delete "A new . . . town".

Page 57, line 24 .- After 'flank of 'insert' the '.

Page 58 line 20.—For 'are proposed' read' were to be constructed.'

Page 58, line 21.-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 58, line 22.—For "a year Pahuj" read "and practically completed, save for some of the distributaries, in 1912. The reservoir on the Pahuj, which also supplies the Jhansi water works, is provided with gates on the crest of the weir; and when

filled to the top of these, it is estimated to hold 644,000,000 cubic feet."

Page 58, line 34.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 59, line 2.—Add after "acres", "The lowness of the actual area irrigated, as compared with the amount of water available, is due to the difficulty of controlling the use of the water by those possessing 'kadim' rights (see below)."

Page 59, lines 3 and 15.-For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 59, line 5.—For 'excavated' read' constructed'.

Page 59, line 13.—After 'only' add 'and consequently rarely fills completely.' For 'and' read 'but'.

Page 59, line 20.—Transpose "the difficulty arose" and "under British rule."

Page 59, line 25.—After 'that the' insert 'irrigation of the'. Page 59, lines 26-27.—Omit 'irrigation'.

Page 60, line 7.—Add after 'principles' "Somewhat similar provisions have been inserted into the agreements entered into as regards some of the lakes referred to on page 52 to safeguard the rights of cultivators who received irrigation free of charge before restoration."

Page 60, line 25.—After 'miles' add 'A project is under consideration for greatly increasing this lake and oxtending the irrigation effected by it.'

Page 60, line 27 .- For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 60, between lines 36 and 37.—Add:—"The Siaori Tank has been constructed during the years 1905—11. It has a capacity of 305.5 millions cubic feet. The total length of the canal is 13 miles 6 furlongs, and it runs in a north-easterly direction. The catchment area of the lake is 24 square miles, and the canals are capable of irrigating 3,000 acres annually. The average area irrigated therefrom in the last 6 years is 87½ acres in kharif, and 1,072 acres in rabi. The villages in which the commanded area lies are Kotra, Siaori, Sohagpura, Chimadwara, Garhwan, Barori, Dhamna Paik, Akseo and Rewan.

The list given on page 51 includes the other tanks constructed or repaired during recent years, and further details regarding some of these (e.g., Pawa, and Pura Kalan) will be

found in the articles on the villages in which they are situated in the Directory."

Page 62, line 28.—After 'labourers' insert 'for one day each'.

Page 62, line 30.—After 'persons' insert 'for one day each'.

Page 62, line 31.- Omit 'persons' after '1,098,495'.

Page 67, line 33. - Omit "the effects of".

Page 67, line 34.—For "occurrences" read "visitations".

Page 67, line 34.—After "1895" read "which".

Page 67, line 35.—Delete "and have".

Page 67, line 35.—" After "caused" transpose "over very large areas".

Page 67, line 36.—After crops "which lasted for 20 years".

Page 68, line 3.—After tusar add or pala.

Page 69, line 5.—After "upon them" add "In the decennial period, 1903—1912, the average price of wheat has been 11.62, of gram 16.66, of juar 18.70 and of arhar 8.79 seers for a rupee."

Page 69, line 6.—After 'district' insert "On the night of January 31st, 1905, a very severe frost occurred which did enormous damage to the rabi of this as of most other districts of the provinces. This frost also did great damage to trees, thousands being killed or rendered 'stag headed' for many years. No such frost had occurred within living memory. Remissions of rabi revenue totalling Rs. 1,00,399 were granted."

Page 69, line 29.—After 'country' add 'There has been a very decided enhancement of wages during the years 1901—12, which is partly general and partly peculiar to Jhansi city and explained by the increase in the garrison; the general rise may be estimated as 25 per cent., while in Jhansi city it is fully 50 per cent.'

Page 69, line 31.—Delete from "the chief . . . to half" in line 9 of page 70, and substitute:—'There is a capacity measure which however varies considerably from place to place. Tables showing the chief local variations will be found in the appendix.'

Page 71, line 2.—For 'while in Jhansi proper . . . adoption' read 'and their use is extending in Jhansi.'

Page 71, line 11.—For 'The copper . . . pice' read' the copper Gajashahi pice is used where the Gajashahi rupee is used.'

Page 72, line 9.—After 'currency' add "though this is doubtful so long as these coins continue to be minted at Tikamgarh or their use not directly prohibited as appears to have been done in the western part of the district. It is a noteworthy fact that the Gajashahi coins have no currency in the Lalitpur Sub-division though that is much nearer their place of origin."

Page 72, line 13.—After "security" insert and where both are unexceptionable, loans may be advanced at as low a rate of interest as 9, or even 6 per cent.—The Land Alienation Act has had a considerable effect on advances on landed property.

Page 73, lines 2-3.—Delete "has now" and insert "was".

Page 73, line 4.—For "The average . . . growth" read "and in 1909 a seventh was started at Khiria Ubari, a Court of Wards village in pargana Madaura. The average sum advanced by the earlier institutions was Rs. 2,700; those at Lalitpur, Mahroni, and Nunaoli being the largest. But at the present time not one of these banks survives except that at Khiria, which is in a fair way to success. The district offers an excellent field for co-operative societies; but the idea has in spite of efforts so far found little favour with the people. They can get easy credits with their bankers for all their needs, social and domestic as well as agricultural, and appear to be unwilling to exchange the somewhat rigid system of a society for the lax methods of the bania, although the interest realised by the latter is so much higher."

Page 74, line 4.—For "was found to be" read "soon became".

Page 75, line 5.—After "oilseeds" insert "With the steady increase in wheat cultivation during the last few years the imports of this grain have declined and there has been some export, Mau, Chirgaon, Moth and Lalitpur being the chief stations from which exports of wheat take place".

Page 75, line 10.-For "Tehri" read "Tikamgarh."

Page 75, line 12.—After "south-west," add "Trade with the surrounding Native States is often affected by the export and other duties levied by these states: thus Tikamgarh has imposed a system of differential duties which practically prohibit exports from that state via Mau while encouraging them via Tikamgarh and thence to Lalitpur. From time to time exports of certain articles are absolutely prohibited."

Page 75, line 26.-For "rumals" read "handkerchiefs."

Page 75, line 35.—Omit 'and' and for 'in' read' was at one time carried on in leather work including.'

Page 75, line 36.—Omit "is carried on."

Page 75, line 37.—After 'heads' insert 'and betel-nut cutters.'
Page 76, lines 1—25.—Delete 'In recent years to 700 wagons' and substitute the following:—

"The Great Indian Peninsula Railway have established large workshops at Jhansi. The shops are distributed in three blocks containing seven, five and six shops respectively. They are lofty and spacious iron buildings situated about a mile and a quarter from the station. They were the main locomotive and carriage shops of the I. M. R. and were completed in 1895. Blocks Nos. 1 and 2 were enlarged in 1906. Block No. 1 being doubled and Block No. 2 having an extension of 25,600 square feet added to it. The shops cover an area of 2,150,400 square feet. The whole area is enclosed by a masonry wall 8 feet high.

The shops are now being electrified and the power house will shortly be opened, when all the machines will be electrically driven. Arrangements are also being made to work the steam pump at Garhia by electric drive from the power house.

The Deputy Locomotive Superintendent with two Assistants has charge of the lines from Jhansi to Agasod, Delhi, Cawnpore and Manikpur.

The shops are under the control of a works manager, who has a number of foremen under him. They employ 2,609 Indians and 71 Europeans and Eurasians. The average wage is Rs. 25 per mensem for skilled labour and Rs. 9 for unskilled labour.

Block No. 3 contains the Carriage and Wagon Departments. The Carriage and Wagon Superintendent has under him an Assistant, who is in charge of the carriage shops and all arrangements for rolling stock on the sections north of Jhansi. The building of lower class coaching stock, brakes, road-vans, carriage trucks and horse boxes is undertaken, but the iron work in connection with repaired and rebuilt stock is all manufactured in the Locomotive shops. The average wage is Rs. 20 per mensem for skilled and Rs. 9 for unskilled labour.

During the year 1912, 12 bogie carriages, 10 ordinary carriages and 28 brake-vans were built and turned out, while repairs were done to 575 carriages and 674 wagons. In addition, a large quantity of rolling stock was painted, trimmed, added to and otherwise dealt with."

rage 76, line 28.—For 'coadjutor' read 'neighbour.'

Page 76, line 33.—After 'Jhansi' insert 'and Lalitpur.'

Page 76, line 34 .- - Delete "probably."

Fage 76, line 35.—For 'and Moth . . . village' read 'but Moth which was but little more than an overgrown village is developing an export trade with the revival of wheat cultivation'.

Page 77, line 5.—After 'sub-division' insert 'the town of Lalitpur is rapidly growing in importance as a market town and is now the second largest market in the district. The only other place of any trade is Mahroni, which is a small emporium for food grains, mahua, oil and ghi. The pargana headquarters, and a few other places such as Pali, Jakhaura, Jakhlaun and Narhat have bazars of local importance'.

Page 77, line 17.—For 'Jalbihar' read 'Jalbehar.'

Page 77, line 18.—For 'which . . . importance' read 'this fair is the largest in Bundelkhand. It is of comparatively recent origin and takes place during the last few days of Bhadon beginning on the tenth day of the dark half of the month being the last day of the Ganeshpuja. The Ganeshpuja was given much prominence by the Marhattas, whose patron diety is Ganesh. It is the custom on the last day of the puja for private persons to erect tinsel shrines in their houses and seat an image of the elephantheaded god in the centre. Lights are put in front of him and in some cases mechanical toys. People pride themslves on the elaboration of the embellishments which are generally known as

Jhankis. It has become the custom at Mau on the last day of the festival for the temple owners generally to dress up the images of their gods, and carry them under gaudy canopies through the streets of Mau down to the bed of the Sukhnai river and thence back to the temples. The gods are supposed to be taken to the river for a bath. Many people assemble at Mau during the three days of the fair and a considerable trade is carried on by pedlars, cloth-sellers and hawkers. These gatherings appear to have been much encouraged by the Rajas of Jhansi and Mr. Sturt, an officer of the old Jhansi Commission, did much to revive the fair. It has now however much declined in importance and instead of some 50,000 people, not more than 7,000 or 8,000 probably attend it.

Page 77, line 36.-For "temple" read "shrine."

Page 78, line 3.—For 'the' read 'the': for 'rath' read nath.'

Page 78, line 10.—Delete "which . . . Betwa."

Page 78, line 15 .- For 'Grautha' read 'Garautha.'

Page 78, line 35 .- Omit 'not' and 'till.'

Page 79, line 2.—After 'opened' add 'to traffic.'

Page 79, line 19 .- For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 79, line 22.—Insert 'and' after 'Nandkhas.'

Page 79, line 23.—Delete Punch.

Page 79, line 27 .- For 'latter' read 'Manikpur.'

Page 79, line 32.—Delete 'in 1908 . . . metalled' and read 'in 1913, was 1,296 miles, of which 374 were metalled.'

Page 79, line 28.—For 'latter line' read "Manikpur branch" and for "the facilities . . . exercise" read "military purposes."

Page 79, line 38.-For '1801' read '1661.'

Page 80, lines 4-6.—Delete 'and is . . . district.

Page 80, line 17.—Delete 'their . . . to miles' and, read 'The total length of roads in this class is 196 miles.'

Page 80, line 18.—For '993' read '922.'

Page 80, line 20.—For '210' read '74.'

Page 80, line 25.-Before 'fourth' add 'third.

Page 80, line 29.—For '783' read '848.'

Page 80, line 30 .- For '539' read '420.'

Page 81, line 2.-For 'Ghat Kotra' read 'Bhandra.

Page 81, line 4.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 81, line 7 .- After 'Jharar-Ghat' insert 'Rura.'

Page 81, line 10 .- For 'Chhitara, read' Chhurara.'

Page 81, line 12.—Delete 'a number of.'

Page 81, line 13 et seq.—For 'for the accommodation . . . Asta' read 'at Asta, Bhasneh, Dhukwan, Karari, Mawai-Gird, Nadsia, Pachwara, Pulia, Parichha and Siaori.'

Page 81, line 21.—Delete 'and Ghat Kotra 'and add 'Baragaon, Chirgaon, Semri, Moth, Khailar, Babina, Barora, Talbehat, Bansi, Lalitpur, Birdha and Guna'.

Page 81, line 27.—After "January" insert " or later."

Page 81, line 28.—Before 'ferry' insert 'free.'

Page 81 line 29.—For 'will be . . department' read 'has been established.'

Page 81, line 30 .- For "latter" read 'Nohatghat.'

Page 81, line 31. - Before 'important' insert 'other'.

Page 81, line 34. - For 'is' read 'are'.

Page 81, First foot-note.—For 'Jakhaura and Kakarwai' read 'and Jakhaura'.

Page 82, line 1.—For 'a causeway' read 'causeways' and for 'at Rajghat . . . road 'read' across the Betwa at Dhukwan on the Babina—Nathi-Khera road, at Rajghat on the Lalitpur—Chanderi road, and across the Dhasan at Deori on the Jhansi—Nowgong road. In addition to these there are several smaller causeways across the Shahzad, Sajnam, Jamni and other rivers,

Page 82, line 4.—After 'river' insert 'That across the Dhasan at Deori on the Jhansi-Nowgong road is managed by the Central India authorities.'

Page 82, line 10.—After 'at' insert 'Moti Katra on the Garautha-Rath road, at.'

Page 83, line 17 .- For 'following' read 'next'.

Page 84.—The last census was taken in 1911 when the total population was found to be 680,688.*

This gives a density of 187 persons to the square mile and an increase of 17 persons to the square mile. Of the total

This note shou id follow para. on 1901 census.

^{* (}This figure has been reduced to 676,381 with the transfer of certain villages in the north of the Moth tahsil to the Jalaun district).

281,336 were enumerated in the Lalitpur Sub-Division. The urban population numbered 133,190 or 1956 per cent. of the total population.

Page 84, line 22.—For "the last census was taken in 1901, and it was then" substitute "in the Census taken in 1901 it was".

Page 85, line 15.—Substitute for "At the last census"—" At the census of 1911".

Page 85, line 20.-After "units" add

At the census of 1911, 1,222 villages contained under 1,000 inhabitants, 84 between 1,000 and 2,000, 20 between 2,000 and 5,000. As before there were three towns with a population between 5,000 and 10,000, two had a population between 10,000 and 20,000 and one, the city of Jhansi, between 20,000 and 100,000.

Page 86, line 6.—Substitute for "at the . . . 16·3 per cent". "At the census of 1911 84·04 per cent. of the population were found to have been born in the district and 3·51 per cent. elsewhere in the United Provinces. These figures give 15·96 per cent. as immigrants from other provinces".

Page 86 line 15 .- For 1901 read 1911.

Page 86.--For 93.96 read 96.93.

Page 86, line 16.-For "3 54 etc." read "and 3 07 were found elsewhere in India the majority living in the adjacent districts of the United Provinces".

Page 86, line 84.—For "last census" read "the 1901 census."

Page 87, line 12.—After "private servants" add as a fresh
paragraph:—

"Of the total population at the Census of 1911, 629,671 or 92.5 per cent. were Hindus, 34,169 or 5.22 per cent. Musalmans, 11,369 or 1.7 per cent. Jains, 3,970 Christians, 258 Parsis, 238 Hindu Arya and 1,013 Sikhs."

Page 87, line 14.-For "has" read "had".

Page 87, line 15.—After "Ranipur" add "the former of which has long been withdrawn".

Page 87, line 23.—For "missions maintain"; read "mission maintains".

Page 87, line 30.—Omit the words 'at that place.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '777' native read '1,587 Indians.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '355' read '214.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '267' read '237.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '29' read '665.'

Page 87, line 30 .- For '13' read '297.'

Page 87, line 34.—For '2,287' native read '2,163.'

Page 88, line 5.—For 'and' substitute 'but' and for 'decreased' substitute 'increased'.

Page 88, line 37.—For "last census" read "the census of 1901".

Page 89, lines 1 and 2.—For "74" substitute '60' and omit "while . . . specified ".

Page 89, line 3.-For "four" read "five".

Page 89, line 4.—For "42:67" read "52:10".

Page 89, line 5 .- For "three" read "two".

Page 89, line 6.—For "18.99" read "10.75" and for "seven" read "ten".

Page 89, line 7.--For "18.93" read "23".

Page 89, line 8. - For "19.41" read "14.15".

Page 89, line 14.—For "76,498" read "92,357" and for "13:38" read "14:7".

Page 89, line 23.—For " 57,900" read " 67,798".

Page 89, line 24.-For "10:13" read "10:8".

Page 89, line 33.—For "third" read "fourth" and for "57,742" read "56,232".

Page 89, line 34.-For "10:10" read "8:9".

The para. regarding Brahmans beginning with "fourth on the list district" should go after the para. regarding Ahirs beginning with "the third . . . landholders".

Page 90, line 17 .- For " fourth " read " third ".

The para, beginning with "the third....landholders" about Ahirs should go before the para, beginning with "The fourth....district' about Brahmans.

Page 90, line 18 .- For " 51,767 " read " 57,310 ".

Page 90, line 19.—For "9.06" read "9.1".

Page 90, line 37.—For "19,802" read "18,160" and for "3.46" read "3".

Page 90, line 37.—For "1,147" read "748".

Page 90, line 38.—For "22" read "12".

Page 91, line 20.—For "47,031" read "54,379" and for "8.24" read "8.6".

Page 92, line 4.—After "district" insert the para, in pages 94-95 about Koris and Kushtas.

Page 92, line 5.-For "sixth" read "seventh".

Page 92, line 6.—For "34,838" read "31,339" and for "6.09" read "5".

Page 92, line 14.—For "6,231" read "7,395" and for "17.94" read "23.6".

Page 92, line 15.—For "4,784" read "3,861".

Page 92, line 16 .- For "two-thirds" read "half".

Page 92, line 29.-For "Dhunderas" read "Dhanderas".

Page 93, line 3.—For "Dhunderas" read: Dhanderas".

Page 93, line 20.—For "3,617" read "3823".

Page 93, line 35.—For "1,220" read "1,369".

Page 93, line 36.—O mit "to which . . . Gaur."

Page 94, line 8. - For "1,582" read "1,590".

Page 94, line 10.—For "1,211" read "992" and for "420" read "321".

Page 94, line 11 .- For " 1,041" read " 593".

Page 94, line 12.—Omit "Janwars with 869" For "854" read "706" and omit "apiece".

Page 94, line 22.—For "509" read "355" and omit "of whom . . . Garautha".

Page 94, line 23.—For "16,039" read "10,038".

Page 94, line 25.—For "396" read "296" and omit "of whom . . . Lalitpur."

The para about Koris beginning with "the sixth . . . Muslims" to come before "Rajputs".

Page 94, line 27.-For "seventh" read "sixth".

Page 94, line 27. - Marginal note.—From "Koris and Kushtas" omit "and Kushtas".

Page 94, line 28.—For "26,630" read "36,371" and for "4.68" read "5.8".

Page 94, line 31.-For "Bangars" read "Bunkars".

Page 94, lines 32 and 33.—Omit "and closely . . . tahsil".

Page 94, line 39.—After "Kushtas" add "who are allied to the Koris".

Page 95, line 4.—For the words "this caste... members" substitute "Khangars number 12,781".

Page 95, line 16.-For "63" read "96".

Page 95, line 17.—For " 1901" read " 1911".

Page 95, line 28.—Omit the words "number 7,487 and".

Page 96, line 5.—For "18,239 persons or 3.19 per cent." read "17,000 or 2.70".

Page 96, line 9.—After "proper" add "It is note-worthy that the Kurmis are mostly to be found in black soil villages".

Page 96, line 11.—After members add "according to the census of 1901".

Page 96, line 16 .- For "8,837" read "8,081".

Page 96, line 17 .- For '785' read '46'.

Page 96, lines 23 and 24.—Omit the words "and only number 438".

Page 97, line 12.—After "further mention" add "The total Musalman population in 1911 numbered 34,169 persons.

The majority are sheikhs, who amount to 14,397 in number, or 42.13 per cent. of the whole Musalman population. Pathans number 7,489, forming 22 per cent. of the total. Behnas (shown as Dhunias) number 6,041 and Saiyeds 2,344.

There are 65 Bhangis, 589 Kunjras and 492 Nats. Mughals only number 300 and Musalman Rajputs are only 223.

Page 97, line 36.—After "1.4 per cent." add "The returns of the census of 1911 show that 59.1 per cent. of the population were agriculturists whether is landlords, tenants, field labourers, farm servants or agents and growers of special products. To these may be added 20,781 persons engaged in the provision and care of animals, making the total of those who support themselves by agriculture or allied occupations 62.4 per cent.

The industrial population amounted to 15.0 per cent., a high proportion. This class includes all those engaged in the preparation and supply of material substances, of which articles of food and drink accounted for nearly one-twentieth and textile fabrics and cognate trades over one-fourth. General

labour other than agricultural made up 8:15 per cent. and personal and domestic service 3:3 per cent. Next come commerce, transport, and storage with 2:6 per cent, the commercial population proper being only 8 per cent., those engaged in civil administrations only '9 per cent., those independent of any occupation, '13 per cent., and, lastly, the professional population 1:36 per cent.

Page 98, line 27.—For "imitation" read 'initiation.'

Page 99, line 33.—For 'Act' read ' or of the amended Criminal Tribes Act, recently passed to take its place.'

Page 101, line 8.—For 'a' read 'an.'

Page 102, line 11.—For 'returning' read 'retaining.'

Page 102, line 22.—After '20,000' insert' for five years which were finally extended to ten;'

Page 102, line 28.—For 'and has' substitute 'with' and for ';' read','.

Page 102, line 29.—For '18 villages . . . Garautha 'substitute 'all lying in the Garautha tahsil.'

Page 102, line 34 .- For 'little' read 'title.'

Page 103, line 4. - After 'five 'insert' * '.

Page 103, line 9 to end of page.—For 'Kakarwai' wherever it occurs read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 103, footnote. - For 'Burwa' read 'Barwa.'

Page 104, line 18.—After state add at Algi, a considerable village half a mile north of the Jhansi-Sipri road and seven miles west of Raksa.

Page 104, line 19.—After 'Jhansi 'add 'These are Badanpur, Imilia, Lalaunj, Kilchwara-Buzurg, Bamer, Dongri and Kot-Khera.'

Page 104, line 26.-Before 'Kumharra' insert 'Patti.'

Page 104, lines 29-30.—'In Lalitpur . . . numerous' prefix to para. beginning in line 31.

Page 105, line 3.-For 'latter' read 'jagir.'

Page 106, line 15 .- For 'will expire' read 'expired.'

Page 106, line 17.—After 'Parichhat' read 'the Government has sanctioned the continuance of the privilege for another 30 years from the 5th November 1912.'

Page 107, lines 10-11. - Omit 'King's coin.'

Page 110, line 8.—For 'who . . . Jhansi' read 'who is superior proprietor of the four villages of Jonri-Buzurg, Lidhaura, Ramaiyapura and Barahta in tahsil Jhansi. He receives a malikana allowance of 15 per cent. on the land revenue payable through the Government treasury.'

Page 110, line 10.—Before 'Chaube' insert 'Chaubes Parmanand and Chattarbhuj sons of 'and delete 'Lambardar.'

Page 110, line 11.-For 'is' read 'are.'

Page 110, line 13.-For 'Rajaji' read 'Rajaju.'

Page 112, line 23.—After 'custom' insert * and add as a footnote.—'The system just described continues almost unchanged in most of the neighbouring Native States.'

Page 115, line 16.—After this para. insert as a new para.:—

'Closely connected with the foregoing are the various systems followed in distributing profits in estates held by numerous The orthodox system whereby proprietary culco-sharers. tivation is assessed at some recognised rate (which may or may not be the same as that used for tenants' land) and the total valuation thus arrived at added to the total of tenants' rents, sayar, and so forth, and the whole divided in proportion to the recorded shares is comparatively rare. In a large number of villages there is an almost complete distribution of land among the various co-sharers or groups of co-sharers who receive the profits or losses of their recognised sharers irrespective of how these compare with what they would be entitled were division strictly according to the recorded shares held by them. In these cases revenue is assessed on the actual assets of each share. Between these two methods there are numerous intermediate systems. Thus in some mahals the proprietary cultivation is for the most part valued at old rates which are often very different from those recorded in the patwari's papers or adopted by the settlement officer: to the total of these is added the rents of tenants and the balance left after paying revenue, cesses and other expenses is distributed proportionally to recorded shares after setting off the value assessed on each co-sharer's holding. By another method the better land in a red soil village held by co-sharers is deemed to be held by them in proportion to their

proper shares: the other land cultivated by them is valued annually and the valuation added to tenants' rents, and only that total distributed, after deducting expenses. In not 'a few cases co-sharers will cultivate whatever land they please and pay no extra rent, their share thus being deemed to be whatever they happen to cultivate.

Page 116, line 28.-After " unchanged" add " The custom of pre-emption is recognised practically throughout the district. It is recorded in the record of rights of most villages prepared at the settlement of Colonel Jenkinson in Jhansi proper (1864) and of Colonel Davidson in Lalitpur (1868); these being the only settlements at which complete record of rights As to whether the records of pre-emption were prepared. contained in these are still valid, conflicting opinions have been held in various law courts, but it would seem on the whole probable that they are regarded as still legally valid. An analysis of the clauses regarding pre-emption brings out several In Jhansi proper of the 651 villages facts of interest. (excluding Gursarai and Kakarbai) settled by Colonel Davidson and still in the district a pre-emption clause occurs in 601. No wajib-ul-arz was prepared for any of the 59 villages received from Gwalior in 1886. In the Lalitpur sub-division a pre-emption clause occurs in 446 out of 754 villages. Villages omitted are practically all such as at the time the record was prepared were very small or else owned by a single proprietor. It is of interest to note that in every single case except one (Pura in Balabehat, a small and insignificant village) pre-emption is recorded as applying to usufructuary mortgages in precisely the same way as to sales. In the great majority of cases pre-emption is given to the other co-sharers, and where a village is divided into thoks, pattis, &c., pre-emption is usually given first to co-sharers in the same thok, patti, &c., as against other co-sharers; then to such other co-sharers as against outsiders. But it is clear that relationship is often taken into consideration, and it is also clear that the reason why relationship is not more frequently referred to is largely that at the time the records of rights were drawn up villages were owned by cosharers who were all relatives to a much greater extent than is the case now. Another reason is the varying degree of care bestowed on the preparation of these records: internal evidence shows that much greater care was bestowed on the records of Lalitpur than those of Jhansi proper. Entries occur prescribing pre-emption for brothers' co-sharers belonging to the family near co-sharers, near relatives and such like.

Similarly as regards caste, an examination of the records shows that it is probable that where the attention of those concerned was drawn to the matter pre-emption was prescribed in favour of persons of the same caste as the vendor (provided of course that such vendor was an ancestral co-sharer), but that as at the time the records were prepared, in the great majority of villages the co-sharers were all of one caste, there was as a rule no occasion to mention the point. Pre-emption in respect of under-proprietary and other such plots is generally recorded (where such holdings occur) in favour of the co-sharers proper. In a few villages there seems to be some attempt to restrict pre-emption to co-sharers who are resident or at least in actual managing possession; while in certain others a clause expressly restricting the power of sale or mortgage save with some prescribed permission occurs.

Page 117, line 17.—Omit with the exception of Gursarai.'
Page 117, line 34.—For 'Kakarwai' 'read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 119, lines 30-31.—For 'the former class of' read 'non-occupancy'.

Page 119, line 31.—For 'the latter' read 'occupancy holdings'.

Page 120, line 8.—Add after 'value'—'In many villages what is thought to be occupancy right would be better defined as a right to cultivate approximately fixed areas of the various classes of soil somewhere in the village. It is a fortunate thing that the present Rent Act allows change of land without loss of occupancy right.'

Page 120, line 9.—For "To fully " read "Fully to."

Page 124, line 24—After 'enhancement' add new para. beginning:—

'Demands falling under the head of sayar or paid over and above the ordinary rent are numerous and include some interesting items. Probably the most complete list of items is that of those collected by the Raja of Katera in that village; these consist of chhipai paid by Koris in consideration of the land on which their houses stand and on which they work; payments for the right to collect honey, lakh and gum; weighing dues; sale of bamboos; ostroi levied on articles imported into the village; singhoti, a rate levied on cattle sales; a house tax paid by Banias as a species of ground rent: nazrana (pbag and dasahra, special payments made at the Holi and Dasahra festivals); mahota also known as peri, a payment levied on mohwa trees when the flowers and fruits are gathered by tenants; grazing dues (mainly from Saharias and usually paid in blankets); sale of wood; sale of houses that lapse to the zamindars on the death without heirs of the tenants who built them; oil contributed by telis; rents of stalls in the bazaar (usually paid in kind); chamrot paid by chamars as a species of ground rent, usually paid by labour or in shoes; and payments for wood supplied to makers of glass bangles (churis).* Of items not included in the above list probably the most interesting is the Jazia, which was formerly the tax levied by Muhammadan rulers on the non-Muhammadan population. This usually now takes the form of a rate per plough, often Re. 1. occasionally it appears to be rather of the nature of a ground-rent levied on the non-agricultural portion of the inhabitants of the village. It is levied in a moderate number of villages, mainly in Lalitpur.

Page 127, line 30.—After 'district' add 'though as already noted (page 37) such charges are not by any means as well based as would at first sight appear'.

Page 128, line 5 .- For "ekeing" read "eking".

Page 128, line 9.—For 'this form . . . prevalent' read 'the district must still be deemed liable to outbreaks of this form of crime'.

Page 129.—Insert at end of page, after line 38 a new para.:—

'The custom of deciding cases by panchayat without recourse to the law courts (or sometimes combined with such recourse

^{*}In Katera 7 annas a month are paid for which the churi-maker gets as much wood as he requires.

in order to get the decision of the panchayat legally enforced), is widespread in the district, and possibly more so than in some This is probably due to the fact that other parts of the provinces. Jhansi more recently than the bulk of the provinces came under British rule, which, with its system of law, procedure, and pleaders, has a distinct disintegrating effect on the whole village systems including panchayats. Detailed inquiries into the existence and nature of these panchayats were made during 1910 and 1911 and the most usual style of panchayat appeared to be composed of a varying number of the chief men of the village, or of one or two neighbouring villages. These panchayats include a certain number of persons chosen by reason of their authority to serve almost invariably on all panchayats and others appointed with special reference to the nature of a particular case to be considered and the parties thereto. It appears to be a recognized rule that if no one of the regular members of panchayats belongs to the caste of either of the parties to the dispute, a principal member of that caste resident in the village is co-opted on to the panchayat. Other persons are co-opted for other reasons, such as special knowledge, or technical skill.

The position of the panchayat and the force of local opinion may be strong enough to get the decision enforced without any recourse to a court of law. Where, however, this is not the case. the aggrieved party may either institute a case without reference to the panchayat, and then apply for an adjournment to allow of such adjudication, after which a decree in accordance with the panchayat's decision may be given; or else he will wait till after the adjudication and then if the loser fail to accept it will institute proceedings, which may be true, but are not infrequently false: but, whether true or false, brought with a view to enforce the decision of the panchayat, which is in most cases substantially just. Cases thus adjudicated on by panchayats include disputes as to debts and mortgages, rates of wages, disputes regarding the sale, division and inheritance of land, trees, and houses, matrimonial and similar matters, boundary disputes, cases of hurt, petty theft and so forth. Amongst others, the panchayat system has been found in full vigour in the following villages:-in Jhansi tabsil in Bedora and Lidhoura; in Mau in Kachneo and Siaori; in Garotha in Chokri, Dumrai, Kuretha and Nimgehna, in Moth in Bamhnwan, Baral, Kargawan, Punchh, Rampura, Sagoli, Semri, Simaria and Talaur; in Lalitpur in Bansi, Delwara, Jakhora, Kotra and Talbehat; and in Mahroni in Bar, Gona (pargana Madaura), Kumheri, Maraura, Patha and Saidpur. This list is however is by no means exhaustive, and the village panchayat in Jhansi is a very living organism.

Closely connected with these panchayats, and of considerable interest from at least an antiquarian and historical point of view, are the Garwaro panchayats. The Garwaro panchayat was a species of appellate panchayat which dealt with cases arising in a group of a dozen or so of neighbouring villages, usually however only dealing with cases already dealt with by the local panchayat on a reference by one of the parties who might be aggrieved by the decision of the local panchayat. Probably the Garwaro panchayat now best known is that which had its headquarters at Chokri and Haibatpura in Garotha. Traditionally its members were drawn from the twelve villages of Basa, Chandpura, Chokri, Habupura, Haibatpura, Itwan, Karanpura, Khero, Mainwara, Marha, Nunar and Sarbo. Of these Basa is now uninhabited. Mainwara is included in Chokri, Itwan partly in Habupura and partly in Khero, while Sarbo is in Orchha territory. At the present time a panchayat drawn from the various villages of these and other neighbouring districts sits from time to time to exercise a species of revisionary jurisdiction, of which several examples have occurred lately, dealing more particularly with matrimonial and such like matters.

Other Garwaro panchayats appear to have had their headquarters at Kachneo, Rewan, Siaori and Uldan in Mau at Bamhnwan, in Moth, at Latwara in Tori-Fatehpur Jagir and at Murara and Upraura in Orchha. It appears probable that these Garwaro panchayats were brought into existence by the ruling authority of the time; they certainly were recognised by such in all pre-British administration and are so to this day in some at least of the surrounding states.

In olden days pauchayats used various ordeals by fire, water and lot, but all these have completely died out except occasionally that by lot. Page 130, line 5—After 'powers' insert 'with usually one Assistant Magistrate under training'.

Page 130, line 7.—Omit 'and'.

Page 130, line 8.—After 'Jhansi' add 'and five honorary magistrates exercising jurisdiction in various parts of the district'.

Page 130, line 19. - For 'engineers' read 'engineer'.

Page 150, line 20.—Delete 'Dhasan and tanks' and for divisions' read 'division'.

Page 130, line 25—For 'In recent years . . . Jhansi' read 'The garrison of Jhansi forms part of the Southern Army, and has of late years been much increased. The station . . . '.

Page 130, line 31.—After 'column' add 'a mule corps.'

Page 131, line 3.—After 'Rifles' add "and a troop of the United Provinces Horse."

Page 132, line 31.-For 'dnring' read' during'.

Page 134, line 15.—After 'district' add 'The district thus acquired its present shape, and, as a result of the way in which it was acquired, consists, as regards the portion forming the old Jhansi district, of an extremely irregular territory.

Since then one more change has been made. With effect from 1st November 1911, a new division under a separate Commissioner was created comprising the four districts of Jhansi, Jalaun, Banda and Hamirpur. This measure was prompted by the desire to bring into one division all the districts comprising a part of country which has peculiar characteristics of its own and which formed a somewhat anomalous appendage to the Allahabad division.

Page 135, line 25.-Add 'almost' after' remained.'

Page 135, line 24 .- For 'the charge of 'read 'their.'

Page 140, line 22.—For 'of the bearing kans' read 'the bearing of kans.'

Page 146, line 18.—After 'acres' insert 'In furtherance of this policy, soon after the passing of the Land Alienation Act, it was decided to restore to the former proprietors or their descendants, subject to a few exceptions, all properties in respect of which the purchase price, with 5 per cent interest, had been realized out of the profits received by Government from the property.

In several cases large reductions were made in the amount of the purchase price.

Page 146, line 37.—After 'Mr.' insert '(now Sir).'

Page 148, line 32.—After 'Madaora' insert 'which were last assessed.'

Page 150, line 14.-For '1903' read '1902.'

Line 33.—Delete 'and the . . . siwai.'

Page 151, line 11.—After 'cultivation' insert an '*' and add as a footnote:—

'All cultivated land that has not been cultivated more than three years in succession or for three years out of four is deemed to be nautor.'

Page 153, line 15.—After 'nautor' insert a † and add as a footnote:—

† "Har and tareta are differently defined in Jhansi and Lalitpur. In Jhansi proper har includes all cultivated land that is not 'irrigated rakar patri' while in Lalitpur it includes dry moti, dry dumat and dry patri; all other cultivated land being deemed to be tareta."

Page 153, line 14.—After "act" inert 'These included the methods permitted under the old Act (see page 145) with the addition of two others:—a loan from Government not exceeding twelve times the annual profits, the property being taken under attachment; and a usufructuary mortgage of the property to a creditor for such period as would repay the amount decreed.'

Page 153, line 22.—After 'impossible' 'insert' and the proceedings quashed, the status quo ante being restored as regards the relations of debtor and creditor."

Page 153, line 28.—After 'recoverable' insert 'from the profits of the estates taken under management or where this was not done.'

Page 153, line 28.—After 'instalments' add' Sale occurred in respect of 152 shares, in fifty of which the property was purchased by Government; but here also it has been decided that as a rule the property will be restored to the original proprietor if he be deemed suitable, as soon as the purchase price with 5 per cent. interest has been realised out of the profits of the property. In cases where a loan was advanced with the attachment of the pro-

perty, this latter is released and payment of the balance by instalments allowed as soon as the balance of the loan unpaid has been reduced to six times the annual profits.'

Page 153, line 29 .- For 'reinfered' read 'reinforced.'

Page 154, line 11.—After 'interdicted' add 'throughout all Bundelkhand irrespective of the caste of those concerned. Provision was also made for the exemption from its provisions of members of agricultural tribes for whom its protection and privileges were deemed unsuitable.'

Page 154, line 11.—For 'the limited . . . achieved 'read'. The Act has now been in force for ten years and is undoubtedly proving successful in checking the loss of laud by the agricultural tribes. Moreover the small proprietors are now beginning to realize the fact that all mortgagors where the mortgagor is of an agricultural tribe are dealt with by the Collector instead of by a civil court, and greatly appreciate it.

Page 154, line 26. - For 'eight' read 'eleven.'

Page 154, line 28.—For 'first' read' second' and delete 'small.'

Page 154, line 29.—For 'Mau . . Moth 'read 'Barwa-Sagar, Mau, Gursarai Moth, Chirgaon 'Lalitpur and Talbehat.'

Page 154, line 32.—For 'without regard . . . rule 'read' with as much regard as is possible.'

Page 155, line 1 .- Delete 'or pargana.'

Page 155, line 2 .- Delete 'at present.'

Page 155, line 3 .- Delete 'that at . . . Mau.'

Page 155, line 4.-For 'the headquarters' read 'this.'

Page 155, line 10 .- After "Mau" insert "Ghat Lachura."

Page 155, line 11.—Delete 'Besides . . Barwa Sagar.'

Page 155, line 14.—Delete 'Bansi' and 'Dudhai' and insert 'and 'after Talbehat.

Page 155, line 16 .- Delete 'Girar.'

Page 155, lines 17—22.—Delete one to that of Mahroni... Balabehat and read and a considerable number of villages in the south of the tahsil to Narhat. Outposts are maintained at Kelgawan, Girar, Madanpur, Balabehat, Amjharaghat, Kotra and Bansi, and it is intended to move that at Girar as soon as possible to the village of Kari Toran. In Jhansi proper, there are outposts at Jhararghat, Baidora, Ambabai, Bargarh, Pandori, Dhamna

and Ghat Kotra. There has been of recent years considerable reduction in the numbers of both police stations and outposts; thus the police stations at Ghat Kotra, Siaori, Baidora, Khajuria and Madanpur were abolished in 1907, and those at Bansi, Girar and Dudhai in 1912, while outposts have been withdrawn from Bangra, Naikora and Kandhari Kalan.

Page 156, lines 1 and 2.—For 'and for . . . facilities' read' though scarcely to the extent that might have been anticipated considering the facilities for this crime afforded by its configuration.'

Page 156, lines 6-8.—After 'that' insert' from time to time' and delete 'every year . . . type.'

Page 156, line 22.—For 'the sub-division' read 'pargana Talbehat.'

Page 156, lines 32 and 34-For 'Randhirs' read 'Randir Singh's.'

Page 157, line 14.—After 'Jarauli' insert '(Pargana Talbehat)'
Page 159, line 13.—For '1891' read '1889.'

Page 156, line 16.—After 'December' insert '1890'.

Page 160, line 24.—After 'Crime' add' through a gang headed by Rajputs gave some trouble in 1903-04, being finally brought to bay near Chhipai in pargana Bansi, where there was a fight between the dacoits and the police led by Messrs. Raw and O'Conor."

Page 162, line 4 .- For 'Jagir' read 'estate'

Page 162, lines 15 and 17-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 162, line 20.—After 'auction' add 'In 1911, however, the entire outstill system was abolished and replaced by the contract distillery system. Under this system, contract for the supply of liquor throughout the whole district is given to a single firm. The liquor supplied is of a standard quality, and is sent from the distillery direct to bonded warehouses, of which four have been erected; at Jhansi, Moth, Mau and Lalitpur. Retail shops are put up to auction in the usual way, and the licensees draw their supply from the bonded warehouses, after payment of the price and duty in the district treasury. Four Excise Inspectors with headquarters at the bonded warehouses have been appointed to supervise excise work.'

Page 162, line 35,-Delete 'but no . . . force.'

Page 163, line 8.—For 'has' read' had under the outstill system. Page 163, line 11.—After 'lifetime' insert' But since the introduction of the contract supply system, he has entered into an agreement with the Government to allow the sale of none but Government liquor at his shops. He puts up his shops to auction in the usual way; and Government compensates him in each for any loss he sustains, the difference between the sum at which the shop is let and the average at which it let in the three previous years being paid to him by the Government.

Page 163, line 31.—Before 'farm' insert' Up till the year 1912 it was customary to give'.

Page 163, line 33.—After 'drugs' insert 'But in 1912 it was decided to have a settlement by tahsils or groups of tahsils, and this is the system at present in force'.

Page 163, line 37.—For 'since then . . . but' read 'It was permitted in Jhansi and Moth for some years longer, but was finally stopped in 1905'.

Page 164, lines 3-6.—For 'Up to . . . consumption' read 'Opium is sold retail, both by licensed vendors, and by the treasurers at sub-treasuries.'

Page 167, line 23 .- For 'Mau-Ranipur' read 'Mau'.

Page 167, lines 24-25.—For Barwa Sagar . . . Moth' read Garhiya-Phatak with Pulia No. 9, Barwa Sagar, Ranipur, Gursarai, Moth, Chirgaon and Talbehat'.

Page 168, line 11 .- For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 168, line 12. - For 'consists' read' consisted'.

Page 168, line 19.—After 'altered' add 'In 1911 the wards

Page 168, line 20.—After 'board' add 'A non-official Chairman was appointed in 1913, the constitution of the Board remaining otherwise unchanged'.

Page 168, line 22.—After 'when' insert 'on the inclusion of the city of Jhansi in the Municipality'.

Page 168, line 27.—After '1893' add 'No new tax has been imposed since 1893, but the income has been increased by the enhancement of the tax on weighmen, the inclusion of cycles in the scope of the wheel tax, the doubling of pound fees, the raising of hackney carriage fees, and the opening of a cattle market at Talpura.'

Page 168, line 33.—For "1907-8 . . . Rs. 69,068" read "1912-13 were Rs. 1,12,083 and Rs. 1,09,642".

Page 169, line 5.—Before 'The water supply' insert 'Until 1911' and for 'depends' read 'depended'.

Page 169, lines 20-24.—For 'projected . . . scheme 'read' to be constructed on that river'.

Page 869, line 30 .- For 'alternative' substitute 'scheme'.

Page 169, line 31.—For 'irrigation dam' read 'Sipri road bridge'.

Page 160, line 35 Page 170, line 1. For 'The second . . . Sipri road' read 'The second proposal was to pump the supply from the reservoir above referred to near the Sipri road bridge, the third was to pump from a reservoir projected by the Irrigation department in connection with the Pahuj Canal scheme near the Gwalior road bridge'.

Page 170, line 1 .- For 'alternative' read 'proposal'.

Page 170, line 2.—After 'reservoir' insert 'At Garhia about 2 miles above the Sipri road bridge'.

Page 170, line 5. - For 'alternatives' read 'proposals.'

Page 170, lines 7-9.—Delete The scheme . . . proximity'.

Page 170, line 15.—After 'Garhia' add 'situated about seven miles down stream from where the Chamrua dam would be constructed' also read 'Chamrua' wherever 'Chamrana' occurs.

Page 170, line 21.—Delete' but up. . . expected' and add' and it is unlikely that the scheme will be again taken up, for in 1911 owing to the long delay in the monsoon there was a severe shortage of water in the city; and a small scheme was hastily put together to pump water from Pahuj canal reservoir, near the Gwalior road bridge to a tank situated in the centre of the city at the Najhai bazaar, with hydrants at intervals along the pipe line where it passed through the city. A 9" pipe has however been laid from the pumping station to the city wall, which is capable of conveying 500,000 gallons per day. In 1914 the water supply was scantier than ever, and the Pahuj pipe line proved the salvation of the city, civil station and cantonments.

Page 170, line 26 .- For 'fact' read 'possibility'.

Page 170, lines 28-31.—For 'which . . . engineer' read 'was carried out and work thereon is being done by degrees as the municipality is able to provide funds'.

Page 171, line 5.—After 'declared' insert 'to lie'.

Page 171; line 13.—After 'receipts' read 'A further enlargement of the cantonment area was effected in 1907, and in 1912 certain sections of the Cantonment Code were extended to the hamlet of Bhatta which adjoins Cantonments on the east. 'Excluding this last the . . . 'Delete' Proposals . . . largely' in lines 16—18.

Page 171, line 13.—Substitute '5,094' for '3,498'.

Page 171, line 15.—Delete 'from the average to 32,350 and read:—

Page 171, line 15.—'The average income for the last five years has been Rs. 44,876 and the average expenditure Rs. 44,937.'

Page 171, line 34.—For 'is now' read 'has hitherto been'.

Page 171, line 36.—After 'items' insert 'but from April 1st, 1913, octroi was replaced by a tax on circumstances and property.

Page 172, line 10.—For 'Profession' read' weighmen and dalals' also for 'a duty on' read' Octroi was extended to'.

Page 172, line 16:-For 'now consists' read 'then consisted'.

Page 172, line 17.—For 'are' read 'were' and after 'force' insert' With effect from April 1st, 1912, however, octroi was abolished and a direct tax on circumstances and property substituted therefor. At the same time the town of Ranipur was separated from Mau and constituted an Act XX town. As a consequence the number of members on the board was reduced by the two hitherto elected by Ranipur'.

Page 172, line 18 .- For 'Five' read 'Eight'.

Page 172, line 21.—Delete and after 1872 and add and Gursarai, Ranipur and Garhia Phatak with Pulia No. 9 since 1912. The last named consists of two settlements of some size lying just beyond the boundaries of the railway lines and

municipality to the south-west of Jhansi. They are separated only by the railway workshops, and are inhabited mainly by railway employees.'

Page 172, line 25.—Before 'Chirgaon' insert 'Ranipur'.

Page 173, line 35.—After 'tahsil' Insert:—'This Subcommittee, subject to certain powers of control retained by the Board, prepares its own budget and is responsible for the funds placed at its disposal by the board, its transactions being shown in a separate pass book at the treasury. Normally the amounts allotted to Lalitpur are two-fifths of the total amount allotted under the head concerned for the whole district. Resolutions of the Sub-committee are subject to confirmation by the Board. All receipts of every kind are credited direct to the Board.'

Page 174, line 27.—For 'vernacular' correct 'vernacular'.

Page 176, line 19.—For '450' read '552'.

Page 176, line 20 .- For '400' read '506'.

Page 176, line 21.-For '285' read '534'.

Page 176, line 25.—For 'Bhao Sahib' read 'Raja'.

Page 176, line 31.—After 'Lalitpur' insert 'which is a middle English school under the control of the district board'

Page 172, line 32.—After 'Moth' insert 'Chirgaon'.

Page 177, line 19, literacy.—After 'both' add 'At the census of 1911, 8.2 per cent. of the males and .7 per cent. of the females were ascertained to be literate.'

There is a noticeable difference between Hindus and Muhammadans, for whereas of the former only 6.4 per cent. of the males and .37 per cent. of females are literate, among Muhammadans the proportions rise to 15.0 and 1.6 per cent. respectively.

Of those literate in vernacular only 82 per cent. know Hindi only and 10 per cent. only Urdu, the remainder being acquainted in some degrees with both.

Page 177, lines 24-25.—For 'Moth . . . 1887 'read 'Moth (established 1885), Garautha (1887) and Ranipur (1910), while one is shortly to be opened at Chirgaon'.

Page 177, line 31.—Delete 'and a . . . 1905 '.

Page 178, line 1.—For 'last five . . . 11364' read' the five years 1908-09 to 1912-13, having been Rs. 16,175'.

Page 178, line 6 .- After "at" add "Garhia Phatak."

Page 178, line 7.—After "Chirgaon" add "Talaur."

Page 178, line 8.—After "Lachura" add "Ranipur."

Page 178, line 9.—For "Garwai" read "Garhwai" and for "Kakarwai" read "Kakarbai."

Page 178, line 12.—After "Kelwara" add "Kalyanpura."

Page 178, line 13.—After "Patha" add "Karitoran, Sonrai, Patna, Kumheri."

Page 178, lines 32-33. - Delete 'Ranipur.'

Page 178, line 38.—For 'Palpura' read 'Talpura.'

Page 179, line 5 .- Delete 'Ranipur.'

Page 180.—Add as a footnote with asterisk mark after 'history' in title:—

*'The chief localities at which inscriptions have been found are:—Chandpur, Deogarh, Dudhai, Madanpur and Siron Khurd, all of which are separately described; a Chandel temple at Gurha Khiria in Maraura; and Sati stones at Amaoni Besra and Kelwara in Lalitpur; Bandargurha Dhojri and Sajoria in Balabehat; Delwara in Banpur; Maraura, Parol, Patna, Saidpur, and Sarhumar in Maraura; and elsewhere. These latter are of some interest, as besides the name of the husband of the Sati, the date, place of residence and pargana in which the village then was are given.'

Page 181, footnote, line 2.—After 'Talbehat' insert 'and Teri in pargana Talbehat, at Agori in pargana Mahroni.'

Page 181, footnote, line 3.—After 'structure' insert 'an old baoli called the Ber Baoli in Solda on the border of Lakhanjar mauza is attributed to the Gonds; as also one at Tori in Banpur.'

Page 184, line 14.—For 'and' read' while more solid traces of the Chandels are'...'

Page 184, line 16.—After 'lines' add 'such as those at Bar and Bhailoni Suba.

Page 184, line 16.—For 'often surmounted . . . district' read 'or the equally characteristic temples or remains thereof; examples of which in good or fair preservation are found at

Barwa-Sagar and Dhamkan in Jhansi; Basaria, Gairaha, Marha, Rura, and Sakrar in Mau; Tharro in Garotha; Dhangal in Talbehat; Kisalwans and Siron Khurd in Bansi; and Tenga in Lalitpur; Hardari (top of Sumen hill), Kirauda, Lidhora and near Pali in Balabehat; Banpur, Bar, Gugarwara and Tori in Banpur; and Budhni Narhat, Daulatpur, Gurha, Kakarua, Markhera, Siron, and Sonrai in Maraura. Chandel remains or carvings of interest are also found at Dimroni, Lewa and Pachar in Jhansi; Roni in Mau; Atarsuan, Barampura, Basa, Chaukri, Chirora, Garhi-Kargawan, Gurha and Nagra in Garotha; Kargawan and Kumhrar in Moth; Bajno and Satgato in Bansi; Daoni in Lalitpur; Maholi in Balabehat; Dasrera, Khera, Pura-Pachoni and Silawan in Banpur; Nawe in Mahroni; and Hudda in Maraura.

Page 184, line 17 and footnote.—Delete 'that marked by an *' and substitute '*' for '†' in line 33.

Page 185, line 4 .- For 'away' read 'sway.'

Page 187, footnote, line 10. - For 'at' read 'as.'

Page 192, footnote. - For '15' read '7.'

Page 192, footnote, lines 16-17.—For 'there is... remains' read 'Thanwara is doubtless the village of that name 9 miles north-west of Lalitpur, which contains several old buildings and the Kaisth owners of which claim to hold by grant from Akbar.'

Page 193, line 7.-After 'or' insert 'more probably.'

Page 193, line 27.—Delete 'been' after been.

Page 194, line 30 .- Add 'the' after 'in.'

Page 194, footnote.—† After 'E' insert '-' and omit 'and.'

Page 195, line 8.—Add 'Deo' after 'Bir Singh.'

Page 195, line 15 .- For 'Dehli' read 'Delhi.'

Page 196, lines 17-28.—For 'Bim Narain' read 'Bhim Narain' where it occurs.

Page 197, footnote §, line 1.-For 'Jajirs' read 'Jagirs.'

Page 201, line 21 .- For 'Dehli' read 'Delhi.'

Page 201, line 30.—Delete 'founded the.'

Page 203, line 31.—For 'administraction' read 'administration,'

Page 205, footnote :—Delete 'N' and insert a comma for fullstop after throne in line 14, and in line 32 for 'Badh' read' 'Budh.'

Page 206, line 3.—For 'Bullabh Tiwari' read 'Ballabh Tiwari.'

Page 206, line 13.—Add 'of' after 'all.'

Page 206, line 18.-Transpose; and *

Page 216, line 6.—For 'Severally' read 'severely.'

Page 218, line 32.-For 'Banodia' read 'Barodia.'

Page 219, line 7 .- For 'forts' read 'fort'.

Page 219, line 8.—For 'Sonrai and Madaora' read 'while those of Sonrai and Madaora which were held by the Raja of Shahgarh's rule were taken and dismantled.'

Page 219, line 15.—For 'Chanchanpur' read 'Chakarpur'.

Page 220, line 15 .- For 'north' read 'east'.

In footnote. - *For 'In' read 'in' in line 1 of the footnote.

Page 222, line 22 .- For 'established' read 'established'.

Page 224, line 28.—After 'Mayapur' insert' 14 miles N. E. of Jhansi.'

Page 225, line 28 .- For 'assumed' read 'resumed.'

DIRECTORY.

Page 231.—Ambabai, tahsil Jhansi.

A small village in 25°33' N., 78°29' E., nine miles from Jhansi on the Agra road, notable as the first military camping place on the Jhansi and Agra road. It has a population of 943 and a small tank, the water of which is drawn off to allow of the sowing of rabi crops. It contains a police outpost, and an old fort in ruinous condition. It is owned in equal shares by a large number of resident Lodhis, Brahmans and Thakurs.

Page 231, line 2, Arjar.—For 'N' read 'E' and for '440' read '336.'

Page 231, line 20, Arjar.—For 'Raja' read 'Maharaja'.

Page 231, tine 23, Arjar.—For 'was' read 'has so far been'.

Page 231, lines 25-28, Arjar.-For 'till... department' read 'but this was done in 1905'.

Page 231, insert after Arjar, Asta, tahsil Garautha.

'Population 1,419, a village in 25°39' N. 79°13' E., about two miles N.-E. of Gursarai, owned by a large body of resident Thakurs. It was formerly part of the jagir of Rao Senapat of Katera, but was resumed in 1855. There are a school and a canal inspection bungalow, and a large tank maintained by the Irrigation department, though hitherto there has been no irrigation effected from it.'

Page 232.—Babina.

Page 232, line 10.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2235' read '2400.'

Page 232, line 15.—Add 'a' before 'post office 'and 'school.'

Page 232, line 16.—After 'Hindi' add 'The Village Sanitation Act (II of 1892) is in force. There is a military encamping-ground here.'

Page 232, line 19.—After 'Government,' add 'While the Bara Tal was breached in 1902, and repaired by Government at a cost of Rs. 3,859, half of which the zamindars are repaying, but the management rests entirely in their hands.'

Page 232.—BAGHAIRA.

Page 232, line 5 .- After 'station' add 'school'.

Page 232, line 8.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '934' read '933.'

BAKWAN, tahsil Moth.

Page 232.—A considerable village, population 1,387, in 25°44′ N.78°55′ E, four miles west of Moth on the unmetalled road to Bhander. It is owned by a large number of resident Bundelas, and contains a school and ruined fort, but is chiefly noteworthy as the place of residence of a number of Kirars, generally included with the Chandravedis, a more or less criminal fraternity, who behave well in and near their homes, but go on thieving expeditions at a distance.

BALABEHAT, pargana BALABEHAT, tahsil Lalitpur.

Last line of page 232.-For '904' read '1,040.'

Page 233, line 19.—Omit 'its present owner' and add after 'Jabalpur,' 'from whom it has descended to its present owner, Seth Ballabh Das.'

BALABEHAT pargana, tahsil Lalitpur.

Page 233, line 4.-After 'total' add 'area.'

Page 234, line 8.-For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 234, line 13.-For 'town' read 'village.'

Page 235, line 6 (Balabehat)—(continued)—After 'Nilkanth' insert 'and Sita Mori' and for 'temple' read 'temples,' also after 'there are' insert 'Mahratta or.'

Page 235-, BAMANWAN, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 25° 30' N. 79° 2' E.; population 1,032, situated at the intersection of the Baragaon-Garotha and Erichh-Bangra roads. It is mostly owned by resident Brahmans and Kachhis. The village contains a stone fort built by the Mahrattas and was the seat of a Garwaro panchayat (see page 129) for the 13 villages of Baror, Bhatpura, Chandwari, Berwai, Rora, Sitora, Sitori, Rampura, Kukargaon, Khoh, Bakain, Parsa, and Bamanwan, which held its sittings under the banyan tree on the athai of Bamanwan.'

Page 236, lines 4 and 5.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2908' read '3460.'

Page 236, line 22.—For 'and in this direction' read' while throughout the northern portion of the pargana.'

Page 237, line 11 (Banpur).—After 'Kelgawan' insert' Banpur to Kelgawan and thence to Larwari.'

Page 237, line 15.—After 'Bar' insert 'Barodia-Dang, Bhailoni-Ludhiau, Bhailoni-Suba'.

Page 237, line 15. - Before 'Bar' insert 'Banpur.'

Page 237, line 16.—For 'Bhailoni-Suba, Barodia-Dang' read 'Samogar' and before 'Raksa' insert 'Mogaon.'

Page 237, line 19.—After 'Banpur' insert 'Bar' and after 'structure' insert "and at Tori a 'baoli' and some rude walling is also attributed to these people."—Delete 'and' before 'at Banpur' and for 'at' read 'At.'

Page 237, Bansi, line 7.—Omit 'Police station'.

Page 238 (Bansi), line 12.—For '1901' read' 1911' and for '2104' read' 2135'.

Page 239, line 7.—After 'temples' insert 'and at the former place a long inscription'.

Page 239, line 13.—After 'Bansi' insert 'Binaika-muafi.'

Page 239, line 24 (Bant).—For '1901' read '1911' an for '811' read '882.'

Page 240, line 21. - For '1901' read '1911.'

Page 240, line 22.—For '1898' read '2222.'

Page 240, line 23.—After 'Brahmans' add 'There is a Chandel temple in good preservation half mile south-west of the village on the path to Tori.'

Page 240, line 8 (Baragaon).—For 'that has....... Jains' read 'of 2,678 in 1911.'

Page 241, line 2 (Baragaon).—After 'force' add 'But Rs. 200 per annum is raised by lease of weighing dues, of which six annas in the rupee go to the zamindars, and the balance is utilized in improving the town.'

Page 241, line 4.— After 'Jhansi' add 'There is a market here every Monday.'

Page 241, line 5, Barwasagar.—For 'unmetalled roads run' read 'An unmetalled road runs.'

Page 241, line 6 (Barwasayar).—Omit 'and22 miles' also add 'solely' after 'escape.'

Page 242, line 15.—For 'a flourishing school with five teachers' read 'flourishing boys and girls' schools.'

Page 243, line 22.—For 'Khande Rao Masurkar' read 'Khande Rao Mahurkar.'

Page 243, line 38.—After 'Jains' add 'In 1911 it fell 6,405, of whom 6,057 were Hindu Brahminic, 250 Musalmans 22 Christians, and 76 Jains.'

Page 244, line 1 .- For 'Rs. 700' read '800'.

Page 244, line 3.—Omit 'a small force of police.'

Page 244.—Insert before BHASNEH, BHADARWARA, tahsil MAU 'A village lying a mile north of the Jhansi-Nowgong road and four miles east of Mau in 25° 16′ N. 79° 13′ E., population 1,645. Diwan Raghunath Singh, son of Diwan Bije Bahadur, holds some 130 acres of resumed muafi and resides in the fort in the village. He is descended from Bir Singh Deo Maharaja of Orchha through Pancham Singh, who received in jagir 28 villages. He had four sons, whose families are now represented by the Thakurs of this village, Taktoli, Khakora, and Patha. The jagir was confiscated by the Mahrattas, but partly recovered

later, and finally confiscated after the Mutiny. The village was the seat of a tahsil in Mahratta times and descendants of the last tahsildar hold about one-third of the village and are at feud with the Thakurs.'

Page 244, Bhasneh.—For 'Bhasneh 'read 'Bhasneh-Madhopura.'

Page 244, line 1.—For 'a village lying' read' The two villages.'
Page 244.—BHASNEH AND MADHOPURA.

'Bhasneh and Madhopura really form one as the sites adjoin and the lands are intermixed. The joint site has a population of 1,492 and is situated........'

Page 244, lines 4 and 5.—For 'Near.......... forest' read 'Immediately east of the village is a high ridge running for some five miles N. N. E. and S. S. W. which is all reserved forest. There are also........

Page 244, line 7. - Omit 'The total souls; and '......

Page 244, line 14.—For 'Bhasneh' read 'three-fourths of Bhasneh, the rest having passed to Seth Milap Chand. The ruins on the top of the hill were built by ancestors of the Bundela owners.'

'The adjoining village of Madhopura was also originally owned by the Bundelas of Bhasneh, but was confiscated after the Mutiny for their seizure of Garhwai. It was then granted in proprietary right to Sita Ram Nana, third son of the Raja of Gursarai, who in the Mutiny joined Col. Orr's column with a body of men and two guns, and was of great assistance to him in procuring supplies and in the Intelligence department and accompanied him in 1858 at the battle of Kunch. The Gursarai family however soon sold it to a Kaisth of Jhansi who is the present owner.'

Page 244, insert after Bhasneh, 'Bijaigarh, tahsil Mau.'

'A village in 24° 25' N. 79° 1' E. 16 miles N.-E. of Mau near the unmetalled road from Bangra to Erachh. Population 286. The former name was Lahra, the site of which lies half mile east of the village. There is a Mahratta fort here in fair preservation, which was once the headquarters of a Mahratta pargana; the south side of the fort was breached in the Mutiny. In the village is a somewhat curious temple with a granite statue of

Chonni Baba, and there appears to have once been a bridge over the stream running below the village. Half a mile north-west of the village is a fair-sized tank constructed by the Irrigation Department.'

Page 244, Bijoli, line 3.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '896' read '869.'

Page 245, Bijrotha, line 5.—For '1,520' read '1,626.'

Page 245, Birdha, line 6.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1,462' read '1,562.'

Page 245, Chandpur.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '34' read '37.'

Page 245, line 7 .- For 'east' read 'west.'

Page 247, insert after CHANDPUR ' CHAPRA, tahsil JHANSI.'

'24° 59' N. 78° 39' E., a small village, population 537, lying five miles north-east of Jhansi noteworthy for containing a large submersion bandh constructed in 1910 by the Irrigation department in connection with the Garhman canal. This enables a considerable area of rice to be sown below it and of rabi crops in its bed.'

Page 247, line 10 (Chirgaon) —For 'sincec the onstruction' read 'since the construction.'

Page 248, Chirgaon, line 4.—For 'Basant Tikamgarh' read 'Basant Kumar died some years ago and was succeeded by Larai Dulaiya, who lived mostly in Tikamgarh and died in 1912. The succession is at present disputed.'

Page 248, line 7.—Correct '1911' for '1901' and '4023' for '4028' where they occur, and in line 8 seq. omit 'of whom Christians.'

Page 248, line 12.-For 'Rs. 1,400' read 'Rs. 2,400.'

Page 248, line 15.—Omit 'a force ofpolice' and for 'and a' read 'and;' add after 'improvement' 'Owing to increase in the town the boundaries were revised and extended in 1909. The town suffered somewhat severely from plague in 1904 and 1912 and is liable to epidemics of cholera.'

Page 248, Delwara, line 5-

Read '1911' for '1901' and '1,346' for '1,048.'

Page 248, Deogarh, line 5.-Read '165' for '113.'

Page 250, insert after Deogarh 'Deori,' Tahsil 'Mau.'

'24° 13' N. 79° 17' E. A small village, population 318, on the Dhasan here dammed to make a storage reservoir for the Dhasan canal, which actually takes off at Lachura some eight miles lower down. The reservoir, which is named after Pahari, the village in Alipura State on the other side of the Dhasan, extends many miles up the Dhasan and its tributary, the Ur, and the construction has necessitated the entire removal of Kotra Chat village. The police outpost and ferry have been transferred to Deori. The Dhasan is crossed here by the Jhansi-Nowgong road on the subsidiary weir, which has been widened so as to make a good causeway. During the rains a ferry worked from Nowgong is maintained.'

Page 251, Dhamna line 1.—For '642' read '553.'

Line 3.—After 'road' insert. 'It is also connected by an unmetalled road with Barwa Sagar, which is 10 miles distant.'

Line 10.—After 'free' insert' the family.....to a Bania in lines 11 to 13' and after 'outpost,' add' There are also a small district board inspection bungalow and a school.'

Page 251, Dhauri Sagar line 5 .- For '429' read '253.'

Page 25, Dhourra .- For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Dhaurra in lines 2 and 3 read '1911' for '1901' and '468' for '454' respectively.

Page 251, insert after DHAURRA 'DHUKWAN, tahsil JHANSI.'

The village of this name was converted wholly into reserved forest, but a considerable area has since been handed over to the Irrigation department for the construction of the dam on the Betwa known as the Dhukwan reservoir. There is here an excellent inspection bungalow and good fishing is obtainable below the weir, while the reservoir when full runs some eight miles up the river nearly as far as the railway bridge, and being bordered with jungle-clad hills forms a charming piece of water. A metalled road connects Dhukwan with Babina, and this is carried across the Betwa on the subsidiary weir, while from the Lalitpur side of the river a good moram road runs via Nathi Khera and Hisar to rejoin the main Saugor road at Serwans. This route though five miles

longer than the metalled road avoids the ferry crossing at Jharar Ghat. Dhukwan is connected with Jhansi by a canal telegraph line.

Page 251, village Dhourra.—For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 252, Dongra, line 3.—Add after 'jagir'—'except one patti of Debi Singh resumed for dacoity' and read '1911' for '1901' and '1642 for 1312' in lines 5 and 6.

Page 252, Dudhai lines 4 and 5—For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'
Page 252, Dudhai, line 6.—For a 'third and a 'read' a police outpost and.'

Line 8.—After 'Sagor' add' The police station formerly here was abolished in 1912.'

Line 10.—For '184' read '221.'

Line 18.—After 'Dudhai' insert an '' and add as a footnote:—

See page 198.

Page 253, line 3. - For 'east' read 'west.'

Line 21.—After 'condition' insert 'Here was found the image of the boar incarnation of Vishnu exhibited at Allahabad in 1910 and now in the Provincial Museum at Lucknow.'

Line 37 .- For 'south-eastern' read 'south-western.'

Page 254, Erachh, line 19.—For 'population.....Musalmans' read 'a steadily declining population which has fallen from 3,341 in 1891 to 2,850 in 1901 and to 2,275 in 1911. The principal inhabitants as well as the owners are Musalmans.'

Page 256, line 2.—For 'again' read 'against'.

Page 256, insert after ERACHH 'GAIRAHA, TAHSIL MAU.'

24°20′ N. 79°5′ E. Population 203. A small village about 12 miles N.-W. of Mau notable for a fine Chandel temple in excellent preservation. It is situated about half a mile north of the site on a commanding position half-way up the side of a hill, and is constructed of carved grey granite in the form of an equal-armed cross, the west arm being occupied by a sikara in the usual form. A flight of steps leads up to it and a paved courtyard extends round it. Near by is a black basalt image of Buddha, apparently bearing the date Sambat 1234. The temple was repaired at Government expense some 20 years ago.

Page 256, Garautha, line 10.—For 'Mau and' read 'Rura, 20 miles, but.'

Line 11.—For 'use this route' read 'travel vid Gursarai and Mau, or Gursarai and Punchh.'

Page 256, line 17.—For '1901' read '1911' and for 'risen' read 'fallen' and for '1878' read '1532.'

Line 19.—After 'caste' add 'About a mile N.-E. in the uninhabited mauza of Ranipur is a conspicuous and picturesque ruined fort on a rocky hill built by Dakhini Brahmans, whose descendants are represented by a widow living in Garautha.'

Page 256, Garautha tahsil pargana, line 6.—After 'miles' insert '(including 6,513 acres of reserved forest).'

Line 11.—After 'Mau'-insert 'and the jagirs of Tori—Fatehpur, Bijna, and Dhurwai.'

Page 257, Garautha pargana, line 9.—Delete 'is a perennial stream which.'

Line 10.—After 'tributaries' insert 'the chief of which is the Patrahi joining it at Turka Lachura.'

Lines 22 and 23 - Delete 'present....desolation,' and after 'Ghar' add 'and though much of it is bare and desolate the greater part yields a moderate return in the shape of wood or grazing.'

Line 30 .- For 'almost entirely' read 'predominantly.'

Page 259, Garautha tahsil, line 9.—For 'from 1892 and 1902' read '1896—1905' and for '1903' read '1902-03.'

Line 10.-For '1894-5' read '1904-5.'

Line 15.—After 'crops' insert 'though the proportion of rabi crops has been increasing of late years with the revival of wheat.'

Line 18.-Before 'gram' insert 'wheat and.'

Line 19.—For 'latter is mixed with wheat' read 'the two last are sown together.'

Page 259, line 36.-For 'Kakariwai' read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 260, line 15, delete—' The average mile.'

Line 15.—After 'mile' add 'In 1911 the population had again risen to 72,626, giving an increase of 8.5 per cent. The average density only amounts to 156 persons per square mile.'

Page 260, line 16.—After the word 'were' add 'in 1901'.

Page 260, line 32.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '4304' read '4,164.'

Page 261 (Garautha tahsil continued).

Line 31.—For 'laklets at Haibatpura' read 'Chandel remains (temples and a baithak) at Haibatpura near the tank which is itself Chandel and a tank and some Chandel ruins at Nagar.'

Line 34.—For 'forms' read 'is usually united with Mau to form.'

Line 38.— After 'Gursarai' add 'Erachh, Baghera.'
Page 261 (insert after Garautha) 'Garuia Phatak,
tahsil Jhansi.'

Garhia Phatak with Purwa Garhia, Nagra, and Pulia no. 9 have been united to form an Act XX town. The three former are situated close together immediately outside the boundary of the railway land half a mile west of the railway workshops; Pulia no. 9 is in the augle between the main line and the Manikpur branch. The population is composed almost wholly of workmen in the railway workshops and totalled 5,919 in 1911, having risen very rapidly from 857 in 1891 and 2,321 in 1901. The places are almost suburbs of Jhansi, but are situated too far from the municipal border to be satisfactorily managed as part of the municipality. The G. I. P. Railway contributes Rs. 800 per annum to the town funds, receipts of and expenditure from which balance at about Rs. 3,000 annually. The towns have so far been allowed to grow up in a very disorderly manner, but for the future a system of roads has been planned and it is hoped that sanitation will be considerably improved. There are here a police outpost and three schools (two for boys and one for girls) maintained by an American Mission. The towns are situated in the revenue mauza of Rund Panch Mahal, the name being derived, however, from Garhia, which lies three-quarters of a mile south-west of Garhia Phatak, and in which the railway reservoir known as the Garhia lake, formed by damming the Pahuj river about two miles above where it is crossed by the Sipri road, lies. The lake is distinct from the two referred to on page 50.'

Page 262, Garhmau, line 2.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '575' read '548.'

Page 262, Geora-Gundhera, line 5.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1071' read '1077.'

Page 262, Girar, lines 4 and 5.—Omit 'and at present......
post office 'and for '1901' read '1911' and '238' for '157.'

Page 263 (insert after Girar) GURHA, tahsil GARAUTHA.

'A village, population 617 in 25° 27' N., 79° 21' E., situated 10 miles S.S.E. of Garautha on the Dhasan. The village contains the Nagonath Hill, a conspicuous landmark a mile north-east of the village on the top of which are two temples and a shrine to Mahadeo in a cave; between the two temples is a great trigonometrical survey station. The view from the top is very extensive. At the foot of the hill on the east side is a Chandel baithak. The village was originally owned entirely by Bundelas, who have lost five annas.'

Page 326, GURSARAI.

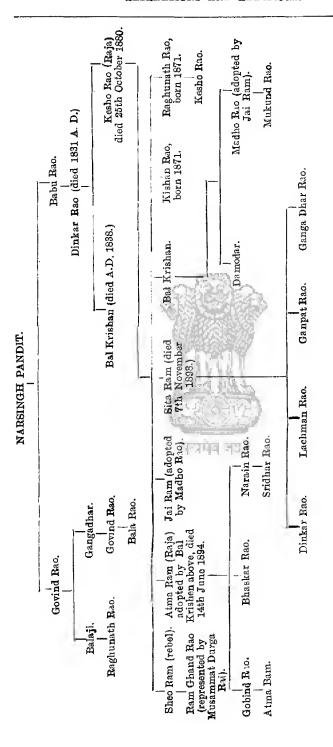
Page 263, line 19 .- For 'Rao's ' read ' Raja's.'

Page 263, line 25 to line 1 on page 264.—Omit 'and though......Orai.'

Page 264, line 4.—After 'Jains' add 'while in 1911 it had still further declined to 4,164.'

Page 264.—Insert the following in place of the existing genealogical tree:—

सन्दर्भव नधन



Page 265, line 1.—For 'cancelled' read' withdrawn.

Page 265, line 13.—For 'one and half..... revenue' read '75 per cent, of the assets.'

Page 266.—After 'Gursarai' insert—
'Haibatpura, tahsil Garotha.'

"Population 331 in 25° 35′ N. and 79° 15′ E. This is the chief of a group of villages close together and of interest by reason of their Chandel remains and panchayat system. These villages are Chaukri, Nonar, and Basa. There is a fine Chandel tank at Haibatpura and a ruined temple } mile north of the site. In Chaukri there is a Chandel baithak called the 'Katchery' and ascribed locally to Ala and Udal. There are ruins of less interest in Basa and Chaukri. For the Garhwaro panch, the meeting-place of which is in the temple of Mahabir in Nonar, see page 129."

Page 266, Jakhlon, line 3.—For 1901' read' 1911' and for 1388' read' 1698.'

Page 267, Jakhaura, line 7.—Add after 'one' 'The tank burst in 1904 and was repaired by the Irrigation department, the owners, who are Lodhis, paying part of the cost.'

Page 267, line 8 .- For ' it contains ' read ' there are.'

Page 267, line 13.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2398' read '2196.'

Page 267, Jhansi city, line 10.—After 'east' insert 'and there are a number of unmetalled roads which radiate in directions unserved by metalled roads.'

Page 267, lines 14 to 16-delete 'and there.....roads.'

Page 268, line 5.—After 'Provinces' add 'In 1911 the population had increased to 58,236. In the same year the population of the cantonments was found to be 11,972.'

Page 268, line 6.—For '37157' read '43482' and after 'Hindus' add '71 being Aryas' and for '9867' read "12,736."

Page 268, line 7.—For '150' read '1340,' for '207' read '280.'

Page 268, line 8.—For '3872' read '6416' and for, 2116' read '3181.'

Page 268, line 9.—For '1,855' read '1435' and omit the words' others, chiefly.'

Page 268, line 18 .- For '32.96' read '50.02.

Page 268, line 19.—Delete 'and' between the words 'drink and textile.'

Page 268, line 20.—After the word 'industries' add 'commerce transport and storage 'and for' 20' read '14.5.'

Page 268, lines 21 and 22.—Delete '16.45 per cent.....and,' Page 268, line 23.—For '9.2' read '5.5.'

Page 269, footnote, line 3.—For 'Rrja' read 'Raja' and for 'olny' read' only 'in the fifth line of the footnote.

Page 273, line 18 .- For 'fertival' read 'festival'

Page 273, line 29.—For 'Jhirman' read Jhirnan' and after open' read' though not used for cart traffic.'

Page 274, line 1.—After 'egress' insert 'forming what is known as the Phuta Darwaza.'

Page 274, line 4-Delete 'broad.'

Page 274, line 8 .- Before 'broad' insert 'fairly.'

Page 274, line 23.—For 'opposite to it' read 'a short distance to the west of it.'

Page 274, line 29.—Delete from 'Six.....to Orchha Darwaza' and add 'seven wards, four of which are within the city walls, while the other three however known as Talpura, Naibasti, and Sipri Bazar, respectively, are outside the walls.'

Page 275, lines 3 to 5-Delete 'though.....lines.'

Page 277, line 12.—After 'miles' insert 'which includes 14,719 acres of reserved forest.'

In footnote,-Read '5049' for '3499.'

Page 278, line 12.—After 'sown,' insert 'Several of these tanks such as those at Chhapra and Digara have been restored or reconstructed by the Irrigation department.'

Page 279, line 7.—Delete 'very.'

Page 279, line 24.—Delete 'when the last enumeration was made.'

Page 280, line 2.—After Bundelas add The total population in 1911, including the city and cantonments, was 166,939 persons. Classified according to religions there were 142,066 Hindus Brahminic, 208 Aryas, 765 Jains, 980 Sikhs, 19,444 Muhammadaus, 3,216 Christians, and 258 Parsis.

'The density of population was 330 persons per square mile, showing an increase over last census of 14.8 per cent.'

Page 281—Jhansi—(continued).

Page 281, line 7.—After 'are' insert' the Chandel temples or remains thereof' and delete 'Pachar.'

Page 281, line 8 .- Before 'have' insert 'and Pachar.'

Page 281, line 9.—After 'usually' insert 'together with Moth.'

Page 281 Jharar line 2 .- For '46' read '67.'

Page 281, Jharar—For 'It gives.......season' read 'The Jhansi-Lalitpur road here crosses the Betwa by a causeway when the water is low enough, by a ferry at other times. The water is held up by the dam at Dhukwan, 6 miles lower down, so that the causeway is not in use until late in the season, and, in years when there is little demand for irrigation, not at all. On the other hand, since the construction of the dam the ferry is workable throughout the year, which formerly was not the case, the nearest crossing in the rains having been at the Surengh at two miles higher up.'

Page 281 — Kachneo, tahsil Mau.

'A considerable village in 25' N. 7°13°8 57' eleven miles west of Mau with which it is connected by an unmetalled road as also with Bangra three miles distant on the Jhansi-Nowgong road. Population 982. The village was originally owned by resident Ahirs, but it has now passed to purchasers chiefly Mst. Radha Bai of Jhansi and the rest to resident Kaisths. There is a fair-sized tank prettily situated west of the range of the hills behind the village (see page 59). There is also a district board inspection bungalow which was formerly a shooting-box of Birsinghdeo Raja of Orchha.'

Pages 281 and 282, Kakarvai, line 4—For 'It is.......Durkhuru' read 'It gives its name to an ubari estate consisting of Kakarbai (15 annas), Kachir, Dhamnaur, Hiranagar, Kharka, and Dumrai together with about one-third of Durkhuru. The family of the Rao reside in a fort in Kakarvai, which is imposingly situated on a ridge of rock on the north-east side of the village, but they are now greatly impoverished mainly by reason of their large numbers.'

Page 281.—Omit the footnote on this page.

Page 282, line 12, for '1901' read '1911' and for '1356' read '1348.'

Page 282.—Insert after Kakarvai.

'KARARI, tahsil JHANSI.'

'A village in 25°32' N. 78°23" E. on the Agra road, seven miles north-east of Jhansi and one mile from the railway station named from it, with which it is connected by an unmetalled road. The population is 660. It contains an old fort and is owned by resident Gujars and Ahirs.'

Page 282,-Insert here.

KARGAWAN, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 25°27' N. 78° 53' E., five miles north-east of Chirgaon on the Cawnpore metalled road; population 1,386. The original owners are resident Lodhis, but they have lost more than half the village. The site is an old one, being apparently mentioned as Kari-gramma in the copper-plate inscription found at Pachar (see page 313). From the context it would appear that Kargawan was then the chief town of a pargana. There are also in the village Chandel remains in the shape of carvings, derived apparently from a temple and now on a shrine near the school; and an old Chandel well lined with large bricks.'

Line 12.—After 'elegance.' 'There is also a considerable amount of kharua cloth manufactured.'

Page 282, lines 12 and 13.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '4375' read '4249.'

Page 232, line 22.—After, Rs. 2150 'add' rental kists are still collected here as in Orchha, i. e. the kharif kist in August and the rabi kist in January. 'There is a large area of forest which is cut over rather severely, whereby the Sada-Sohawal

shrub (Lantana aculcata) is spreading to the detriment of more useful trees.'

Page 283, Kelgawan, line 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1985' read '2226.'

Add at the end 'The village was originally the jagir of the Kamdar of Raja Mor Pahlad, whose descendants retain about two-thirds of the village, the remainder having mostly passed to the present Diwan of Tikamgarh, Khan Bahadur Muhammad Zaman Khan, though recorded in the name of his sister-in-law Mst. Mehtab Begum. This lady also holds shares in the neighbouring villages of Dangrana and Mahowa-Khera.'

Page 283, lines 3 and 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '503' read '517.'

Page 283,—Kelwara.—Add at the end—' It was originally owned entirely by the Lodhis, but they have lost three-fourths to various purchasers.'

Page 283, Add here-Khailar, tahsil Jhansi.

'A fair-sized village, population 1,091, in 25° 20' N. 78° 33' E. It is situated nine miles south of Jhansi on the Lalitpur road and is the first military encamping ground on that road from Jhansi. The village is owned by several resident Ahirs and contains a tank managed by the Irrigation department. The mass of hills to the west of the village forms a conspicuous landmark and the immediate neighbourhood forms a favourite ground for field-firing for the Garrison at Jhansi, and special arrangements to facilitate this have been entered into with the zamindars as regards an area of about a mile square immediately north of the hills and west of the metalled road.'

Page 283. Add here—Khajraha, tahsil Jhansi.

'A railway station 11 miles south of Jhansi which derives its name from the neighbouring villages of Khajraha Buzurg and Khajraha Khurd, the former of which lies half a mile west of the station and the latter about three miles west. Khajraha Buzurg is the more important with a population of 853. It is purely agricultural and is owned by a large body of resident Lodhi co-sharers.'

Page 283, Khajuria, line 8.—For '753' read '795.

Page 283, Konchhabhanwar, line 1.—For '1308' read '1566.'

Page 284, Konchhabhanwar, line 15.—For 'the bulk ... and' read 'for some reason.'

Page 284, line 19.—For 'the executive division' read 'the Irrigation department.'

Page 284, Kotra Ghat.—Delete from the 'A village lying to...... chiefly Parihars' and add 'The village now lies in 24° N. and 79° 16' E some 2½ miles south of the new road from Jhansi to Nowgong, five miles from Jhansi and 11 miles from Mau. It was formerly situated about a mile N.-E. but the old site had to be abandoned on the construction of the Pahari dam on the Dhasan two miles below the old site. There is a school, but the other institutions formerly here have been removed elsewhere, the police outpost (a police station until 1907) to Deori, the cattle pound to Purwa, and the inspection bungalow to Bhandra, while the military encamping ground has been abandoned entirely. The population in 1911 was 1.230, chiefly Parihars.'

Page 286, Kotra Ghat.—Omit last paragraph.

Page 286, Kumheri, line 3.—For '1,901, read' 1911 and for '1758' read' 2,228.'

Page 286, Kumheri, line 4.-Omit 'The only ... size 'and add 'The village was originally owned two-thirds by Brahmans and one-third by Kurmis, all resident. These have lost altogether rather over one-third, which has passed chiefly to Kaisths. The panchayat system survives here strongly and many cases are settled without reference to the law courts.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 6.—Delete 'Three miles in length.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 11.—After '1908' add 'The reservoir extends right up to the Pahari dam and being bordered on the west by a jungle-clad range of hills forms a beautiful sheet of water. The whole of the area between the reservoir and the range running south-west of Lachura village is now reserved forest.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 12.—Omit 'Post office and school.' Page 286, Lachura, line 13.—For '775' read '746.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 114.—Afehr 'Chamars' add After 'the village is mainly owned by resident Bais Thakurs.'

Page 286, LALITPUR Sub-Division.

Line 10.—For 'It has accordingly 'read' The Subdivisional Officer is assisted by a Deputy Collector, as a rule with less than full powers, while the Munsif of Lalitpur has the criminal powers of a second class Magistrate. There are also an Assistant Superintendent and Reserve Inspector of Police and a few clerks besides the ordinary court clerk, as the Sub-divisional Officer's duties are somewhat more extensive than those of the ordinary Sub-divisional Officer stationed at headquarters. The sub-division has however in most respects'

Page 287, LALITPUR, pargana and tahsil LALITPUR.

Page 287, line 7.-For 'east' read 'west.'

Page 287, line 27 .-- For '1800' read '1787.'

Page 287, line 28 .- After 'fought' insert' 'near.'

Page 287, line 30 .- After 'Shahzad' insert '(see page 205).'

Page 288, line 4.—For 'from' read 'by.'

Page 288, line 35.—Delete 'but.'

Page 289, line 1.—After 'tauk' insert' the catchment area of which has been considerably increased lately by the construction of a channel diverting a stream into it. But in spite of this the sub-soil water level continues to fall, presumably by reason of the completeness with which rain-water is drained off by the numerous drains and paved streets.'

Page 289, lines 10 and 11.—For 'district surveyor' read' sectional officer of the Public Works department (Roads and Buildings) and subdivisional officer of the Irrigation department.'

Page 289, line 27.—After 'other religions' add 'At the' census of 1911 the number had risen to 12,449, of whom 9,146 were Hindus, 1,365 were Jains, 6 were Sikhs, 1,778 were Muhammadans, and 154 were Christians.'

Page 289, line 24.—For 'at the last enumeration' read' The enumeration of 1901.'

Page 290, line 15 .- Delete 'sah'

Page 291, line 15.—After 'wells' insert 'There are, however, several tanks, of which the chief are Kalyanpura,

whence a small system of canals takes out, Daoni, Karipahari, Kelwara, Lagon, and the Sumera tank at Lalitpur: the first four have been recently constructed by the Irrigation department.'

Page 292, line 26.—After 'apiece' add 'The population in 1911 numbered 159,462, showing a rise of 10.3 per cent. over that of 1901. Classified according to religion, there were 210,403 Hindus Brahmanic, 4,939 Jains, 3,910 Muhammadans, and 200 Christians.'

Page 291, line 15.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '63623' read

Line 17 .- Before 'eastward' insert 'south.'

Page 291, line 22.—Delete 'several' and for 'in it' read at Delwara, Lalitpur, Jiron 'and Jakhlaun within the limits of the pargana.'

Page 292, line 31.—Delete 'the only.'

Page 292, line 32.—Delete 'in the subdivision,'

Page 292, line 33.—Before 'Bansi' insert 'Pura Kalan.'

Page 292, line 38 .- After 'Kirauda' insert 'Tenga.'

Page 292, line 38 .- For 'Kiraunda' read 'Kirauda.'

Page 293, line 1.—For 'Buhchera' read 'Buchera.'

Page 293, line 10 .- Delete 'Bar, Bansi. Dudhai, and Narhat.'

Page 293, line 10.—After 'Talbehat' insert 'and,' and after 'Nathi Khera' add 'while portions of the tahsil lie in the police circles of Bar and Narhat, the headquarters of which lie in the Mahroni tahsil.'

Page 293.—Insert here, Lewa, tahsil Jhansi.

'A village 15 miles north-east of Jhansi on the Bhander road. It is situated on an elevated mound and is probably one of the oldest sites in the district, being mentioned in the copperplate inscription found at Pachar and dated 1233 Sambat. It contains a Chandel baoli situated about 100 yards south-west of the village. Near the baoli is a carved Chandel pillar with an illegible inscription which has been utilised as a sati stone. The village has a population of 610 and is owned by resident Lodhis.'

Page 293, Madanpur, line 8.—For 'but has school and 'read 'and has a school, but '

Page 293, Madanpur, line 10.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '561' read '527.'

Page 293, Madanpur, line 14.—After 'buildings' insert 'called locally the Kachahris of Ala and Udal.'

Page 294, line 3.—For 'but was' read 'and the defences of dry stone walling about three feet high are still to be seen. These were however '

Page 294, line 9.—For 'Phatum hermits' read 'the Phatan, a gorge cut through the sandstone ridge by the Ohri river: here are some natural caverns once tenanted by hermits, now a not infrequent resort of tigers.'

Page 294, Madaora, line 7.—For '1,142' read '1,261.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 10.—For 'is' read 'however is distinctly undulating and is' and for 'nalas' read 'stream.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 12.—For 'nalas' read' streams' and for 'back centrally' read' through the centre.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 15.—After 'pargana' insert' The scenery along the streams where they pass through the northernmost scarp of the Vindhyas in a series of gorges is probably the prettiest in the provinces outside the Himalayan districts.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 35.—After 'acres' insert 'There are no canals, but tanks exist at Arjun-Khiria, Dhawa and Dongra-Kalan, Madanpur, and Madaora.'

Page 296, line 15.—After 'south' read 'There is a large collection of Chandel remains at Madanpur, and Chandel temples in good and fair preservation at Sonrai, Gurha, Kakarua, Siron, Budhni-Narhat, Daulatpur, and Markhera; while there are ruins of what were once fine forts at Madaora and Sonrai, and others at Narhat and elsewhere. The Gond fortifications at Girar are of interest. The more important of these remains have been separately described.'

Page 296, Madaora pargana, lines 15 and 16.— Delete 'and its chapter IV.'

Page 296, line 2.-For '2682' read '3094.'

Page 297, line 13, read 'moti' for 'moto.'

Line 35, after 'acres' insert 'there are good tanks at Sonjna Maigawan, and Bangarua.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 9.—For 'south' read 'Saugor district.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 15.—For 'Sonjna' read 'Sajnam.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 16.—For 'touches' read 'includes a part of.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, (continued) line 9.—For 'Bundela' read 'Bundelas.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 16.—After 'representatives' add 'A marked rise of 17.8 per cent. in the population, which now amounts to 122,374, was observed at the census of 1911.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 17.—After 'Sindwaha' insert 'Patha, Saidpur, Kumheri, Sonrai.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 18.—After 'Guna' insert 'and 'and delete 'Girar' and 'Madanpar.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 25.—After 'Gonds' insert 'Agori (a temple probably Gond), Girar (Gond fortifications).'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 31.—Delete 'Girar, Lalitpur.'
Page 300.—MAU, tahsil MAU.

Page 300, line 4.—Before 'southwards' delete 'and,' and after 'Tikamgarh,' insert 'and eastward to Ranipur and thence to Ratausa.'

Page 300, line 5.—After 'Markuan' delete 'and' and after 'Lahchura' insert 'Ganupura (opposite Rura), Churara, Bonda, and Uldan.'

Page 300, line 8 .- For 'nadis' read 'rivers.'

Page 301, line 11 .- Delete 'of three or four streets.'

Page 301, line 15 .- For 'to' read 'on.'

Page 301, line 23.-For 'Suprar' read 'Sukhnai.'

Page 301, line 30.—After 'Jhansi' insert '(from 1770 to 1794.)'

Page 302, line 2.—After '19675' insert a comma and omit 'and' after 17231 insert 'in 1911 of 12927.'

Page 302, line 5.—For 'are' read 'were.'

Page 302, line 8.—After 'muballas' add 'With effect from April 1st, 1912, Ranipur was separated from Mau amd converted into an Act XX town (see page 172).'

Page 302, line 11 .- For 'five' read 'seven.'

Page 302, line 16.—After 'religions' add 'The population of Mau proper in 1911 classified according to religion consisted of 11,494 Brahmanic Hindus, 10 Aryas, 97 Jains, 1,289 Muhammadans, and 37 Christians.'

Page 303, line 8.—After 'wheat' add 'But trade here is often very adversely affected by the imposition of differential export duties by the Orchha State designed to divert all exports from that state through Tikamgarh (see page 75). It is also adversely affected by the use of the Gajashahi rupee, the exchange of which is manipulated to the invariable advantage of the money-changers and the disadvantage of their customers.'

Page 303, line 11.—Delete 'but the water-supply is bad.'

Page 303, MAU tahsil.

Page 303, line 6.—Delete 'south' before 'west.'

Page 303, line 10.—After 'miles' insert 'which includes 7,129 acres of reserved forest.'

Page 303, line 22, to line 1, page 304.—For 'the further . . . became' read 'The soil becomes progressively darker from south to north.'

Page 304, line 7 .- For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 305, line 19.—After 'crops' add' With the revival of wheat cultivation the proportion of rabi crops is increasing.'

Line 27.—For '710' read '170.'

Page 305, line 36.—For 'at the last enumeration' read 'at the enumeration of 1901.'

Page 306, line 18.—For 'town' read 'towns' and for 'is' read 'are.'

Page 306, lines, 18 and 19.—For 'Ranipur' read 'and the Act XX town of Ranipur.'

Page 306, line 17.—After 'Mau' add 'at the last census of 1911 the population was 104,278. Classified according to religions there were in 1911, 98,984 Brahminic Hindus, 7 Aryas, 716 Jains, 14 Sikhs, 4,025 Muhammadans, and 532 Christians.'

'The density of population was 237 persons per square mile giving an increase over last census of 4.0 per cent.'

Page 306, line 21.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo' and after 'tanks' insert' while there are smaller tanks at Bejaigarh,

Kharon, Katera (Ara Tal), Bangra, Baragaon, Seokra, Dhawa, and Palra; of these, the first eight are in charge of the Irrigation department, and from the Siaori, Magarwara, Kachneo, Pachwara, and Bijaigarh tanks proceed more or less extensive system of canals. At Lachhura and Deori are reservoirs of the Dhasan canal, which, however, does no irrigation in the district.'

Page 306, lines 21 and 22.—Delete 'while Uldan stations.'

Page 306, line 32 .- For 'four' read 'five.'

Page 306, line 33.—After 'namely' insert 'Rura.'

Page 307, line 5.—For 'constitutes' read 'is usually combined with Garautha to form.'

Page 307, line 6.—After 'staff' insert 'who however now no longer as was customary until 1900, resides at Mau.'

Page 307, line 8.—For Barwa Sagar read Pandwaha. There are a few remains of archaeological interest, the chief of which are Chandel temples at Basari, Gairaha, Marha, Rura, and Sakrar, and several old forts the best of which are at Bijaigarh and Pachwara.

Page 307.—Мотн.

Page 307, line 3.—Before 'Gursarai' insert, 'Samthar' and before 'Bhander 'and 'omit' and Punch' and add after 'Bhander' the first metalled, the others unmetalled.'

Page 307, line 11.—After 'tax' insert 'and weighing licences.'
Page 307, line 12.—Omit 'a police force.'

Page 307, line 15.—After 'notice' add' The town suffered somewhat severely from plague in 1904 and again in 1912.

Page 307, line 7.—Delete 'and' before '1901' and after '2937' write 'and in 1911 still further to 2602.'

Page 307, line 8.—Delete 'of this . . . Hindus 'Line 10' for '600', read '1,000.'

Page 307, Moth tahsil, line 4.—After 'miles' insert 'which includes 1,955 acres of reserved forest in 72 blocks which are in charge of the Collector (see page 20).'

Page 307, Moth tahsil, line 10.—For 'inclave' read 'enclave.' Page 308, line 2.—Insert a comma, after 'Khilli' in line 2 and add 'and' before 'Khilli-Tanti.'

Page 308, line 2.—Delete on the other hand is Jalaun district,

Page 309, line 36.—After 'wells' insert 'There are, however, proposals for new canals on both sides of the Betwa, which should greatly increase the irrigated area and render the tahsil less precarious than it now is (see page 61).'

Page 310, line 4.—After 'crops' add 'Here, as elsewhere in the district the proportion under rabi crops is steadily increasing.'

Page 311, line 2.—After' representatives' add 'At the census of 1911 there was again a fall to 55,009 or 1.1 per cent. Classified according to religious there were 52,662, Brahminies Hindus, 6 Aryas, 198 Jains, 3 Sikhs, 2,137 Muhammadans, and 3 Christians.'

Page 311, line 13.--For 'no' read 'small' and after 'importance' add 'but its trade has increased of late.'

Page 311, line 20.—For 'north to south' read 'north-east to south-west.'

Page 311, line 29.—After 'impassable' add 'except at Erachh, the ferry at which is passable, save in times of very exceptional flood.'

Page 312, line 37.—For 'forms' read' is generally united with Jhansi to form.

Page 312, line 38.—Delete 'generally.'

Page 313, insert after Moth, Moti Katra, tahsil Garautha.

"Population 1,350. A village in 25° 35' N. 79° 26' E. on the Dhasan river where the road from Garautha to Rath crosses that river. It is owned by Bundelas of the Kakarbai family (see page 103) and contains a fort in fair preservation. There is a school here, and a small industry of dyeing kharua cloth, though 'al' cultivation has long ceased. There is a considerable area of reserved forest in this neighbourhood, and a ferry across the Dhasan, which is fordable in the dry season.'

Page 313, insert here Mustara, tahsil Jhansi.

'A village three miles north-east of Jhansi which gives its name to a railway station situated 13 miles from the Baragaon gate of Jhansi city and so nearer the city than Jhansi station itself. The station is connected by a good unmetalled road with the Baragaon gate. The village has a population of 251 and is

owned by Musammat Radha Bai. South of it is a considerable tank which the Irrigation department propose to improve and connect with the Chira bandh little further south, forming the whole into one system with the Marghatta bandh in Koncha-Bhanwar; the scheme should go far to restore the prosperity of this tract.'

Page 313, insert here NAND KHAS, tahsil MOTH.

'A village with a population of 774, which gives its name to a railway station on the Cawnpore branch of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, situated in Samthar territory about a mile away. The station is connected by an unmetalled road with the metalled Cawnpore road at Semri, one mile distant.'

Page 313, line 7, Narhat.—For 'in chapter III' read 'on page 104 et seq.'

Page 313, lines 10 and 11.—For: 1901' read '1911' and for '2101' read '2346.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 3.—After 'road' add 'which runs north vid Dhukwan to Babina, 15 miles off.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 5.— For '1901' read '1911' and for '448' read '985.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 6—After 'Jains' add 'though the zamindars are Bundela Thakurs.'

Page 313, insert here Nohat Ghât, tahsil Jhansi.

'Nohat Ghat is the ferry by which the Jhansi-Nowgong road crosses the Betwa seven miles from Jhansi. Owing to the Parichha dam which holds up the water to above this point the ferry works all the year round, and it is possible to maintain at least fair approaches. The name is derived from the village of Nohat Chir within the limits of which the eastern landing lies; the western landing lies in Orchha State territory.'

Page 313, insert here Pachar, tahsil Jhansi.

'A village 16 miles north-east of Jhansi in 25° 34' N. 78° 49' E., population 802. The owners are chiefly resident Ahirs. A copper-plate was discovered here during the excavation of the foundation of a house some 40 years ago and presented to the Government in 1908 by its then possessor Brindaban. It is dated 1233 Sambat and records the bestowal by Raja Parnol of Kalinjar of a muaft on one Pandit Sri Keshawa Sharma. The

muafi is recorded as in Bilaspur which is said to be the former name of Pachar, which derives its present name from Pacheri, the particular clan of Ahirs to which the proprietors belong. There is in the village a small Chandel temple of carved granite, but the ground level has risen in process of time to such an extent that its roof is now some six feet below the surface and access is obtained by steps. There is a tradition that there are four more such temples, one about 20 yards north of this and two respectively 20 and 40 yards east and a fourth the supposed site of which is not indicated. About a furlong east of the village is a narrow well lined with large bricks, ascribed to the Chandels.'

Page 313, insert here, PACHWARA, tahsil Mau.

'A considerable village in 24°22' N. 79°5' E. population 1,117, ten miles north-west of Mau on the unmetalled road to Uldan, owned by resident Bundela Thakurs, whose ancestors formerly held it in jagir and constructed the fort above the village. There is a large tank west of the range of hills that runs half a mile west of the village; this is under the Irrigation department, as also is the delightfully-situated inspection bungalow overlooking the lake.'

Page 313, Pali, line 7.—For 'in chapter III' read 'or page 103 et seq.'

Page 313, Pali, line 10.—For '1910' read '1911' and for '2451' read '2978.'

Page 313, Pali, line 13.—For 'and deep...........Mahadeo' read 'there are two Chandel temples distant about quarter mile apart; the more western is known as 'Nilkanth,' being dedicated to Nilkanth Mahadeo—it has been reconstructed and is therefore of less interest archaeologically than the more eastern temple known as Sita Marhi which is unrestored. Paths up the scarp lead to both while a quarter mile further west than the Nilkanth temple in the Banjara Ghati, formerly the road used by the Banjara caravans and still easily passable to ponies.'

Page 314, Pali Pahari. Pali Pahari, tahsil Jhansi.

'A small village, population 215, five miles west of Jhansi, which gives its name to the artillery practice camp. The village is Government property and contains a fair-sized tank about a

mile to the south-west constructed by Government in 1889 and now forming part of the Pahuj Garhmau system (page 57). There is also a long hill which is of considerable value in connection with the artillery practice. The camp proper however is situated in Simardha and Karari on the east side of the Agra road close to the sixth milestone from Jhansi and one mile from Karari railway station. Artillery practice is carried on as a rule for three or four weeks during the cold weather, generally in January or February, and extends from the railway line near Jhansi and sometimes beyond the western border of the district. The area shot over is bounded north and south by the Jhansi-Sipri and Jhansi-Agra roads.'

Page 314, PALRA, tahsil MAU.

'A large village, population 1,753 in 24° 20' N. 79' E., about 9 miles north-west of Mau, owned by resident Thakurs. It contains a school and two fair-sized tanks. The village is well situated on the eastern slope of a range of hills.'

Page 314, Pandwaha, line 3.—For 'Garantha' read 'Garautha.'

Page 314, Pandwaha, line 8.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1017' read '1000.'

Page 314, insert PAWA, tahsil Lalitpur.

'A fair-sized village, population 778, in 25°5′ N. and 78° 26′ E. three miles north-east of Talbehat. It is owned by a considerable number of resident Bundelas and lies on the east side of a range of hills surmounted by a minor survey station and a temple to Mahadeo. The village is noteworthy for containing two very successful submergence tanks. The older one lies a mile north-west of the village and the land in the bed rents for as much as Rs. 10 per acre for rabi crops. The newer tank is a mile south of the village and constructed in 1906 by the Irrigation department at a cost of Rs. 24,727.'

Page 314, Parichha, tahsil Jhansi.

'A railway station on the Cawnpore branch of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, two miles from the village of that name which is situated in 25°31' N. 78°48' E. and has a population of 582. It gives its name to the dam on the Petwa forming the headworks of the Betwa canal (page 55) which, however,

as also the head of the canal is really situated in an outlying portion of the jagir of Tori Fatehpur. The railway station is connected with the Cawnpore road by an unmetalled road seven furlongs long.

Page 314, PIPRA, insert after Pawa PIPRA, tahsil Moth.

'A fair-sized village three miles north of Bahera and one mile east of the unmetalled Erich-Bangra road. It lies immediately east of a long range of hills which at this point have been cut across by a stream which has been dammed to make the largest tank in Moth tahsil. The tank has been improved by the Irrigation department and will probably be still further enlarged in connection with the proposed Gursarai canal. The village is mainly owned by resident Ahirs and Kurmis, and contains a school.'

Page 314, "Punch tahsil Moth." Omit the whole paragraph. Page 314, Pura Kalan, tahsil Lalitpur, before Raksa.

'A large village, population 2,070 in 25° 3' N. and 78°34' E., twelve miles east of Talbehat with which it is connected by a second-class road. The village contains a school and was originally owned in equal shares by Lodhis and Bundelas. The former have now lost most of their shares. There is a fair-sized tank between the site of Pura Kalan and Bijaipura, half in each, the repairing of which is a bone of contention between the two villages. Besides this, a large tank has been made about 1½ miles north-east of the village by damming a considerable stream where it cuts through a range of hills. This was constructed by the Irrigation department in 1905 at a cost of Rs. 20,626, and irrigation is effected by a small system of canals.'

Page 314, Raksa line 2 .- For '1901' read '1911.'

Page 314, line 3 .- For '1537' read '1521.'

Page 314, line 4. - After 'station' insert 'post office.'

Page 315, Ranipur, line 2.—After 'Mau' insert' with which it is connected by a metalled road, as also with the Jhansi-Nowgong road at Ratausa (5 miles) and the railway station of Ranipur Road (2½ miles). Unmetalled roads connect it with Siaori, (7 miles) and Kachneo (4 miles).'

Page 315, lines 2 and 3.—Omit, 'with.....municipality.'
Page 315, Raksa, line 4.—After 'described' add 'on page 16.'

Page 315, Ranipur, line 5.—After 'post office' insert' dispensary, police outpost' and after 'school' add' Up till 1st April 1912, Ranipur formed one ward, returning two members of the joint Mau-Ranipur municipality; on that date it was separated from Mau, octroi being abolished in Mau, and Ranipur converted to an ordinary Act XX town. It is to be hoped that the abolition of octroi and the construction of the metalled road to the railway station will do something to revive the trade of the place.

Page 315, line 9 .- Insert 'the' before 'old style.'

Page 315, line 10.—Add 'the 'after 'in.'

Page 315, line 24.—For 'and at the last.....inhabitants' read 'and to 5653 in 1901 but rose slightly to 5,803 in 1911.'

Page 315, lines 25 and 26.—Omit 'for election.....boards.'
Page 316. Insert after Ranipur, Roni, tahsil Mau.

'A village, population 460 in 25° 13 N. and 79°10' E., about 3 miles south-west of Mau. The village contains a hill rising steeply to some 600 feet above the plain and forming a conspicuous landmark. There are here and in the neighbouring village of Singarwara numerous relics of Gond occupation in the shape of shrines to deceased Gonds whose spirits are still supposed to haunt the place. There are also Chandel remains, a baithak, 300 yards north of the village, and a considerable number of Chandel carvings in various places, and two old tanks. On the top of the hill is a temple, and near it a small tank excavated in the rock. A paved staircase leads up to this temple. The village was formerly owned by Ahirs and Kachhis, then passed to Rajputs, and from them the greater portion has gone to a Kaisth, who is Zakhira officer in the Tikamgarh State.'

Page 316.—RURA.

'A railway station on the Manikpur branch, nine miles east of Mau. The village has one site with Bhatpura. The fields of the two villages are interlaced. Together they have a population of 942. Rura is owned by Parihar Thakurs, Bhatpura by Bhats, but the latter have lost more than half of Bhatpura. The whole of that part of the two villages lying east of the range of hills immediately east of the village has been taken up as

reserved forest and is being planted with shisham and other trees. There is small Chandel temple in fair preservation half a mile east of the village and just north of the railway. The railway crosses the Dhasan on the east boundary of the village by a bridge consisting of 13 spans of 100 feet each. The Lachura dam over the Dhasan holds the water up in its tributary, the Sukhnai, as well to some distance above the village, and a ferry is accordingly maintained here by the Irrigation department. The railway station is connected by an unmetalled road with Bamori on the Mau-Garautha road, four miles distant, and is the nearest railway station to Garautha (20 miles).'

Page 316.—Sagoli, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 24° 41′ N. 79° 9′ E., population 514, situated five miles south-east of Erachh and a mile from the metalled Punchh-Gursarai road. It is noteworthy for its tank, which is of some size, and lies partly in Sagoli and partly in Bilahti-Kharki. It was constructed in 1905-6, by the Irrigation department, and will probably shortly irrigate a fair area in these villages and also in Patha and Khareni, while a large area of rabi is being grown in its bed. Sagoli contains a somewhat conspicuous isolated hill called Churaiya-ka-pahar surmounted by two small temples. The village is owned by a large but impoverished community of Sringirikh Brahmans who reside here.'

Page 316 .- SAKRAR, tahsil MAU.

Page 316 line 1.—For 'small' read' considerable' and in line 3 for '1633' read '1536' line 4 for 'Bhils' read 'Saharias.'

Page 316.—SAR, tahsil JHANSI.

'A considerable village in 25°19 'N. 78°23' E., 16 miles south-west of Jhansi on the unmetalled road to Pichhorin Gwalior. Population 1,125. It is owned by a large body of resident Ahirs and is notable for a good-sized tank originally constructed by Raja Ram Chandra Rao of Jhansi in Sambat 1869. It burst however almost immediately after being made and was restored and enlarged by the Irrigation department in 1908.'

Page 316, Sarhumar, line 1 .- For '1,184' read '1,341.'

Page 316, Sarhumar, lines 8 and 9.—For 'village...chiefly' read 'greater part of the village are the Seths of Bamrana, who

have displaced most of the ancestral owners. The population is chiefly composed of Kachhis.'

Page 316, Siori, line 2 .- For 'at' read 'near.'

Page 316, line 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and line 4 for '2339' read '2516.'

Page 316, line 4.—After 'persons' add' But the site is continuous with those of Kotra and Sohagpur, the whole forming practically one continuous village with a total population of 3,238 to which the Village Sanitation Act (II of 1892) has been extended.

Page 316, SIAORI, lines 5 and 6.—For 'is being' read 'has been.'

Page 316, line 7 .- For 'has' read 'had.'

Page 317, line 1.—For 'It is tank' read 'the cill of the tank has now been raised.'

Page 317, line 6.—Add after 'across' 'The construction of this tank has caused partial or total submergence of the sites of Sapatwara, Durgapura, and Siaoni Khurd, which have been removed to fresh sites. The village is prosperous, the tank having greatly improved it. The chief owners are resident Kurmis.'

Page 317—SIRAS GHAT.

Page 317, line 9.—(At end) add 'When the river is low, it is crossed by the ford at Banjaria Ghat about a mile below Siras Ghat, where the ferry boat works. The ford is passable for wheeled traffic, the river flowing over small stones.'

Page 317-SIRON KALAN.

Page 317, line 1 .- For '537' read '611.'

Page 317, line 18 .- Omit 'or.'

Page 317, line 19.—For 'appropriately' read' elaborately' and add after 'carved' 'Close to the bank of the Khera Nadi and within the borders of Satgato village is an excellently carved figure of Hanuman. In this village and Siron Khurd which adjoins it are two large tanks recently restored by the Irrigation department.'

Page 318, Sirsi, line 1.—For 'north-east' read' north-west.'
Page 318, Sirsi, line 3.—For '880' read '847.'

Page 318, Sirsi, line 7.—For '100' read '20' and add—
'The first mahant is said to have been Ranjitgir and to

have founded the akhara some 1,000 years ago. It is connected with the Juna akhara of Benares and received several grants from the Chanderi Rajas. The mahant holds Sirsi and Jamora revenue-free for so long as the income is devoted to purposes of charity. He also holds zamindari rights in Seor, Rasoi, and Binaika-muafi, these villages having been resumed within the past 30 years. The mahant has no power to sell, mortgage or gift any of this property. Succession is governed by the rule that the successor shall be one of the chelas who is a Brahman and literate, but if there be no Brahman then a Baniya or Rajput of suitable intelligence shall succeed.'

Page 318, Sojna, line 1 .- For '1286' read '1814.'

Page 318, Sojna, line 4.—After 'border' add 'It is connected by unmetalled roads with Mahroni, Maraura (12 miles) and Kakarwas in the Orchha State (8 miles.)

Page 318, Sojna, line 5.—After 'contains' insert 'a fine tank' and after 'post office' add 'a forest bungalow' and after 'school' add 'It is owned by Gaya Prasad, Brahman, a man of considerable influence in this neighbourhood.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 2 for '1002' read '1362' line 6.—Omit 'partially.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 7.—After 'Mutiny' add by 'Sir Hugh Rose's force.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 13.—After Chapter I' add 'page 27.'

Page 318.—TALAUR, tahsil Moth.

'A considerable village in the western extension of the tahsil just south of the Moth-Bhander road and nine miles from the former. It is connected by an unmetalled road with Kargawan on the Cawnpore-Jhansi metalled road. It has a population of 1005 and contains a school and an inspection bungalow; a cattle market is held weekly. There is also a mud fort built by Govind Pandit, Raja of Jalaun. The village is owned by resident Lodhis, and is in the centre of the best black-soil area in the tahsil.'

Page 320, Telbehat, line 20.—Omit 'at the enumeration' and add after 'inhabitants,' who increased to 6,433 in 1911.

Page 420, Talbehat, line 21.—For '5,424' insert '6038' and for '266 insert '280.'

Page 320, line 22.—Omit the words 'and three others.'

Page 320, line 22.—After 'Musalmans add' 105 Jains and 10 Christians.'

Page 321, Talbehat, lines 3 and 4.—Delete 'parallel......
Betwa.'

Page 321, Talbehat, line 11.—After 'Talbehat' add 'There are also large tanks constructed or restored by the Irrigation department at Pura Kalan, Pawa, Pipra Rampur, Kakrari, Karesra Kalan, Talbehat, (Gajara and Kakrela tanks), Bijrotha, Bangawan-Kalan, Serwans, Buchera, Birdha and Nathi-Khera, and other tanks not in charge of the department at Jamalpur, Gulenda, Budaoni, Pura Kala, Geora-Gundera, Pawa, Shahpur, Jhanwar, and Rara.'

Page 321, line 34-For 'weapon' read' instruments (axes and betel-nut cutters).'

Page 332, line 1, Talbehat.—After' Nathi-Khera' insert which is continued through Birdba to the causeway across the Betwa on the subsidiary weir below the Dhukwan dam; while from Hissar, where the roads to Pura Kalan and Nathi-Khera diverge a good second class road runs direct to the metalled road at Serwans, and thence on to Bijrotha railway station. These roads give an alternative route between Jhansi and Lalitpur, which is only five miles longer than the metalled road, and avoids the ferry at Jharar Ghât.'

Page 322, after Talbehat insert Thanward, parguna Lalitpur. 'A village in 24° 48' N. and 78° 24' E., 10 miles north-west of Lalitpur. It is owned by resident Kaisths, who claim to have to have received it by special grant from the Emperor Akbar, but they have lost the sanad. It contains some clearly ancient buildings, the largest of which is known as the Raja-ka-Mahal, which contains a good deal of carving. Near the village are eight large bacbab trees, a sure sign of connection with the Mughals. (See also page 192).'

Page 322.—THARRO, tahsil GARAUTHA.

'A village, population 272, in 25°45' N. 79°21' E., situated five miles north of Kakarbai. It is notable for its excellently preserved Chandel temple which stands on a granite hillock just south of the Dhulbaja stream about half a mile north of the

village. The temple is of grey granite carved and of the usual type locally known as Pathar Mari, and is remarkable as the most northern Chandel ruin known.'

Page 322.—ULDAN.

Page 322, line 4—add 'The village is owned by a large body of resident Paik Rajputs.'

Page 322.-- ULDAN.

Page 322, line 2.—For 'It has . . . and' read 'it had a population of 1,354, which fell to 1,345 in 1911.'

Corrections to the Jhansi District Gazetteer Directory.

Insert 'Ambabai' before 'Arjar.'

For 'Kakarwai' read 'Kakarbai.'

'Asta after 'Arjar.' 'Bakwan' after 'Baghaira.' 'Bamanwan' before 'Banpur.' Bhadarwara 'before' Bhasneh.' 'Bijaigarh' after 'Bhasneh.' 'Chapra' before 'Chirgaon.' 'Deori' after Deogarh. 'Dhukwan' after 'Dhaurra.' 'Gairaha' before 'Garautha, tahsil Garautha'. 'Garhia Phatak' before 'Garhmaau.' 'Gurha' after 'Girar.' 'Haibatpura' after 'Gursarai.' 'Karari' after 'Kakarbai.' ,, 'Kargawan' before 'Katera.' 'Kachneo' before 'Kakarbai.' 'Khailar' after 'Kelwara.' 'Khajraha' after 'Khailar.' 'Lewa' before 'Madanpur.' 'Moti Katra,' Mustra, Nand Khas' after 'Moth.' 'Pachar' Pachwara, before 'Pali.' 'Pali Pahari, Palra' before 'Pandwaha.' ,, 'Parichha' 'Pipra' and 'Pawa' before 'Punch.' 'Pura Kalan' before 'Raksa.' 'Roni' after 'Ranipur.' 'Thanwara,' Tharro after 'Talbehat.' 'Sagauli' before 'Sakrar.' 18 'Sar' before 'Sarhumar.' 'Talaur' before 'Talbehat.' Omit 'Punchh.'

Gazetteer of Ihansi.

APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF JHANSI.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

				PAGE
TABLE I.—Population by Tahsils, 1911	• •	• •	••	i
TABLE II -Population by thanas, 1911	••	••	••	ii
TABLE III.—Vital Statistics		••		iv
TABLE IV.—Desths according to cause	••	••		7
TABLE V Statistics of cultivation and in	rigation,	1819 <i>Fasli</i>		vi
TABLE VI Area in acres under the princ	ipal crops		• •	vii—xii
TABLE VII.—Oriminal Justice				riii
TABLE VIII.—Cognizable orime	••		••	xiv
TABLE IX.—Revenue demand on successiv	ve settlem	ents		xv
TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses	D			x vi
TABLE XI.—Excise		••	••	xvii
TABLE XII.—Stamps	425	••		xv ji i
TABLE XIII.—Income-tax	Harry Co.		••	xix
TABLE XIV Income-tax by Tahsils		••		XX
TABLE XV District Board		••	•	xxii
TABLE XVIMunicipalities	71		•	xxiii
TABLE XVII Distribution of Police, Jha	nsi	•••	•••	xxvi
TABLE XVIII.—Education				xxvii
List of Schools, 1915			•	xx viii
Roads, 1915		•••		xxxiv
Ferries			•••	xxxviii
Post-offices, 1915	339			XXXiX
List of markets and fairs			••	x1
List of Government Forest	**		•••	xlvi

Table I.—Population by takeils 1911.

		Total.			Hindus.		Mu	Musalmans.			Others.	
Tahsils.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons, Males, Females.	Males.	Females.
1	67	8	4	70	9	4	8	6	10	11	12	13
Thansi	166,939	88,351	78,588	142,274	74,254	68,020	19,444	10,546	8,898	5,221	3,551	1,670
Mau	104,278	52,710	51,568	198,991	49,950	49,041	4,025	2,068	1,957	1,262	693	670
Garautha.	72,626	36,891	85,735	69,692	35,382	34,250	2,751	1,391	1,360	243	118	125
Moth .	55,009	28,122	26,887	52,668	26,865	25,803	2,137	1,147	066	204	110	76
Lalitpur	159,462	81,655	77,807	150,403	76,971	¥8,432	8,910	2,040	1,870	5,149	2,644	2,505
Mahroni	132,374	62,463	59,911	115,941	59,145	56,796	1,902	974	928	4,531	2,344	2,187
Total .	680,688	350,192	330,496	629,903	322,567	307,342	34,169	18,166	16,003	16,610	9,459	7,151

TABLE II.-Population by thanas, 1911.

	Total	Total population	ជ		Hindus,			Musalmans	zá		Othera	
Name of thana.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Babina	23,784	12,456	11,318	23,089	12,055	11.034	234	184	113	868	227	171
Darwasarar Barwasarar	19,657	10,039	9,588	18.926	9,680	9,246	450	246	21.24	271	0 65	128
Baghera	14,842	7,619	7,223	14,397	7,372	7,025	320	180	146	125	67	82
Birdha	16,655	8,432	8,193	15,945	8,100	7.845	383	191	192	327	171	156
Bansi	10 240	5,239	5,001	9,948	5,035	4,863	:33 :33	S	88	ဒ္ဓ	103	100
Banpur	19,036	9,683	9,353	17,955	= 9,143	8,812	349	159	190	132	381	351
Daire	31,329	16,025	15,804	30,023	15,330	14,662	683	150	139	1,018	515	200
Dudhai	10.445	5,388	5.057	9.941	5,112	4.829	267	145	2 7	237	127	3 =
Ghat Lahchura	17,585	8,733	8,853	17,054	8,456	8,608	517	275	242	20	4	က
Garautha	18,882	9,574	9,308	17,994	9,137	8,857	835	436	449	හ	Н	63
Gursarai	15,164	7,607	7.557	14,28)	7,168	7,121	730	372	358	145	67	48
Girar	8,869	4,564	4,304	8,583	4,423	4,166	92	87	18	243	123	120
Irichh	14,915	7,644	7,271	14,031	7,194	6,837	823	441	422	27	G)	12
Jakhlaun	11,650	5,993	5,657	11,203	5,768	5,438	35	123	122	199	107	26
Jak haura	19,277	4220.00	500 G	18,339	9,440	200	202	FILS	50	130	900	100
Kotwali	44.833	NA SA	21,985	34,973	7,042	17,130	8,13	4,572	4,34	1,144	035	Soc
Katera	15,538	8,04%	7,526	14,905	7,690	7,215	374	197	177	583	155	134
Kakarbai	11,424	5,871	5,553	11,005	5,668	5,337	393	193	200	26	01	16
Kailwara	10,243	5,272	4,971	9.863	5,075	4,791	106	99	20	271	141	130
Lalitpur	37,300	19,350	18,550	33,257	16,971	16,286	2,157	1,113	1,044	2,436	1,266	1,220
Moth	19,951	0,073	9,878	19,293	9,720	9,576	602	336	587	35	17	18
M au	45,923	23,186	22,733	43,792	21,590	21,202	2,400	1,201	1,199	730	395	335
Mahroni	20,837	10,626	10,271	19,601	9,977	9,624	523	235	258	773	384	383
Maraura	18,551	9,452	9,099	17,393	8,819	8,574	272	158	119	886	430	406

APPENDIX.

655 1118 218 7 7 7 7 857 263 148 20		7,245
711 153 234 13 13 2,032 2,032 162 162 52		609*6
1,366 246 482 20 20 2,389 545 310 72		16,848
2,859 30 206 201 261 1,130 1,130 1,18 305		16,003
3,886 82 827 2,81 119 2,051 8,199 3,45		18,166
6,245 62 648 648 542 175 3,181 3,77 651		34,169
10,840 6,662 7,459 8,772 7,127 2,305 5,858 11,463 9,863		307,248
12,461 7,005 7,737 8,963 1,939 4,097 6,108 11,978 9,959		323,423
23,301 13,667 15,196 117,735 115,065 6,402 11,961 23,441 19,822		629,671
14,354 6,805 7,883 7,192 3,792 6,128 11,789 10,189	शक्का <u>रः, य</u> ास्तर सन्त्रमेन अधने	380,496
16,558 7,170 8,238 9,257 8,069 8,180 6,398 12,339 10,356		356,192
90,912 18,975 16,231 16,281 15,261 11,521 24,128 20,545		680,688
:::::::		:
:::::::		Total

TABLE III.—Vital statistics.

						A	Births.			De	Deaths.	
		Year.			Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per, 1,000.	Total.	Males,	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
		-			84	က	4	NO.	9	7	80	6.
1001	:	:	:	0	19,014	9.776	9,238	30.83	17,865	9,243	8,622	28.96
1903	:	:	:		31,562		15,354	51.17	18,083	9,239	8,844	29.82
1903	:	:	:	1	30,089	15,508	14,581	48-78	29,530	15,326	14,204	47.89
1904	;	:	:	1 4	35,153	18,226	16,927	56.33	21,510	11,159	10,351	34.87
1905	:	:	;	1:	92,439	16,777	15,662	52.59	92,115	11,562	10,553	35.86
1906	:	;	;	:	24,091	12,450	11,641	80-18	45,235	23,021	22,214	73.18
1907	:	:	:	:	28,689	14,888	13,801	45.51	27,916	14,787	13,129	45.26
8061	:	:	:	:	37,799	19,562	18,237	61.28	27,203	14,487	12,716	44 11
1909	:	:	:	:	24,457	12,707	11,750	39.63	20,234	10,857	9,379	32.79
1910	:	:	:	:	35,844	18,514	17,330	58.12	26,389	14,425	11,967	42.79
1911	:	:	:	:	39,149	26,038	19,111	57.51	30,043	15,615	14,428	44.13
1912	:	:	:	:	37,673	19,295	18,378	55.34	26,394	13,596	12,798	38.77
1913	:	:	:	:	37,030	19,108	17,912	54.40	24,035	12,571	11,464	35.31
1914	:	;	:	:	38,885	19,966	18,919	57.49	30,067	15,441	14,626	44.45

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

<u></u>			,	Total deat	hs from—		
Yea	r.	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera,	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel com- plaints.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901		17,865		20	54,	12,336	571
1902		18,083	211	14	147	11,269	8 <u>4</u> 6
1903		29,530	316	27	103	18,140	1,242
1904		21,510	1,141	••	56	11,716	683
1905		22,115	399		887	12 , 39 5	556
1906		45,235	.43	8,450	1,643	23,923	1,696
1907		27,916	(E)4	14	4	19,412	893
1908]	27,203	. (2)	7	3	18,821	677
1909		20,234		19		14,775	1,255
1910		26,389]	443		18,308	1,622
1911		30,043	86	43	2	19,612	1,760
1912		26,394	1,909	689	140	16,00 8	1,010
1913		6,813	280	26	865	15,695	356
1914		6,970	2	1,602	272	20,597	617
							}
				t			
				1			
							}
			,			, 	
				1			1

TABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasti.

	Double cropped.		12	Acres. 18,781 18,937 14,845 15,455 1,459 1,459 1,3489 3,2489 3,2489 3,286	119,687
	Total.		1.1	Acres. 86,005 81,116,914 112,051 17,227 17,229 22,289 86,561 88,561 98,589 68,688	735,847
	Der	:	10	Acres. 67,571 67,571 121,714 76,574 16,574 17,894 17,894 81,646 81,646 83,319 53,973 67,611	670,907
त्रं		Other sources.	6.	Acres. 329 65 722 33 365 59 59 51 137 263	1,021
Cultivated.		Tanks.	8	Acres. 2,406 . 9 . 9 . 168 . 957 . 726 . 343 . 20 . 20 . 20	7,046
S	Irrigated.	Wells.	7	Aores. 15,147 1,041 93 9,046 9,040 1,041 1,041 1,041 1,041 1,041 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040 1,040	55,294
	Ir	Canals.	9	545 1,034	1,579
		Total.	20	Acres. 18,427 147 8,496 8337 2,156 7,605 1,006 1,028 9,630 1,278	64,940
	Culturable.		च्यं	Acres. 197,062 123,705 123,705 112,363 70,998 88,113 58,713 113,180 100,701 57,728 113,254	1,237,522
	Waste.		m	Acres. 2,394 40,052 63,564 29,013 21,046 15,151 18,985 41,985 5,624 21,318 57,562	352,838
	Potal area.		2	Acres. 319,244 4,297 280,745 287,968 178,741 121,386 96,153 278,726 181,176 98,196 98,196 98,196	2,326,207
	Pargana and Tahsil.		1	Jhansi Cantonment Jhansi Mau Mau Garautha Moth Balabehat Laitur Laitur Mahahat Mahansi Mahabehat Mahandi Mahandi Mahandi Mahandi Madaora	Total

TABLE VI-Area in acres under the principal crop, Tahsil Garotha.

577 93,849 57,586	366 77,540	577 93,849
57,586		
—	4 <u>,</u> i	7,586
္တာ :		
1,427		
	1,193	_

	: :					Rabi						Kharif.		
	Year.		Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total,	Juar includ- ing ing juar and arhar.	Cotton includ- ing cotton and arhar.	Kodon,	Til.
	Fas 1.					ĺ		E						
1300	:	:	36,323	:	7,121	120	13,499	11,681	180	140,908	30,462	222	28,687	21,482
1310	:	:	32,560	:	7,455	03	13,505	7,709	224	145,662	37,536	228	27,348	20,681
1311	.:	:	37,309	:	9,297	76	18,396	11,100	833	144,033	38,138	306	19,419	27,049
1312	:	:	46,974	:	10,915	345	12,815	17,436	523	132,449	25,446	196	23,498	24,597
1313	; :	:	27,092	:	8,873	300	7,651	7,380	361	137,454	36,616	351	23,932	19,247
1314	:	:	37,174	:	15,383	218	12,251	5,667	455	160,098	45,447	176	26,978	28,895
1315	:	:	27,262	:	7,819	86	11,722	9,939	574	140,156	34,256	174	28,276	27,054
1316	:	:	35,720	009'6	11,350	179	4,336	5,750	969	159,896	53,208	123	25,589	23,272
1317	:	:	42,183	9,494	14,794	202	3,901	9,402	675	166,471	43,713	75	27,762	32,316
1318	:	:	46,098	9,510	17,151	286	3,433	12,010	206	159,390	45,756	26	22,621	32,968
1319	:	:	54,617	11,320	20,209	282	3,523	14,829	598	138,758	32,941	141	23,454	31,621
1320	:	:	61,080	10,365	26,763	253	3,773	14,894	849	138,727	26,672	101	26,999	30,772
1321	:	:	31,577	4,814	13,562	192	1,830	9,085	429	128,455	26,564	102	21,571	80,283
1322	:	:	38,332	8,720	12,745	203	2,845	9,601	572	154,755	41,503	125	22,308	30,263
					_	-		•				_	_	

TABLE VI-(continued).-Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mahroni.

					Rabí.						Kharif	ĵ.	
Year.		Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar includ- ing juar and	Cotton includ- ing cotton and arbar.	Kodon.	133
Fasti.					Í		É						
: 69	:	32,665	:	5,085	200	918'9	17,231	18	115,797	27,183	260	28,113	19,578
1310	:	29,221	:	5,803	221	6,838	13,430	9	129,861	86,196	237	25,912	23,551
11	:	36,179	:	7,831	213	6,603	18,756	9.	129,578	32,875	588	22,698	27,994
21	:	46,123	:	11,167	200	6,603	24,918	150	115,809	21,403	190	26,204	23,274
13	:	19,030	:	6,999	384	2,743	7,685	66	131,986	38,808	248	25,267	21,553
14	:	28,707	:	12,753	553	5,372	6,570	135	158,253	46,193	209	31,532	29,582
15	:	23,385	:	8,281	458	5,973	6,500	117	129,937	29,898	184	30,078	29,386
16	:	32,532	4,356	12,049	653	2,848	9,082	132	151,171	49,917	111	27,094	23,929
17	:	97,952	5,376	15,378	662	1,000	11,935	144	159,159	44,695	83	29,887	33,852
18	:	46,158	4,801	21,635	487	1,416	14,743	156	145,757	43,515	75	24,499	32,443
19	:	48,066	4,773	21,496	740	1,440	15,066	194	140,420	87,703	105	27,008	33,033
50	:	63,574	4,773	33,666	823	2,059	17,999	200	497,454	21,001	64	25,658	30,562
12	;	26,142	1,406	12,404	906	296	9,764	2	125,981	29,226	75	24,399	32,367
1322	. :	25.446	8.222	8.581	691	1.146	8.826	118	156.048	44 760	3	98 594	29 992

TABLE VI-(continued).-Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Moth.

					Kabı.		,				Knarii.		
Ř	Year.	Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar, including juar and arbar.	Juar, Cotton including including cotton and arbar.	Kodon	Ti.
Fa	Fastk.							S.					
1309	:	39,341	:	392	11,879	818	26,345	90	36,627	19,982	8,419	536	3,785
10 10	:	31,940	:	454	13,363	324	17,093	121	46,296	25,966	8,872	501	6,831
11#	:	:	:	:					46,591	25,166	8,694	292	9,452
12	:	51,580	;	1,148	22,052	408	26,478	210	24,625	24,625	6,562	296	4,881
13	•	21,232	:	1,311	9,506	492	9,706	20	46,819	46,819	6,875	541	6,826
14	:	26,188	;	752	13,203	422	11,371	115	57,284	41,241	6,657	635	3,721
15	: :	8,109	:	269	5,673	422	1,153	-13	90,980	30,980	8,254	469	4,871
16	: ;	29,475	397	383	11,348	168	16,224	7.4	44,503	44,503	7,347	889	2,831
17	: ;	37,549	303	1,050	14.147	63	21,271	48	45,711	45,711	5,858	577	7,603
. 38	: :	48,240	243	1,347	17,557	47	12,986	731	50,202	50,203	7,138	453	7,585
1319		64,955		2,196	3,02,006	104	29,833	316	29,214	29,214	3,159	245	6,682
် ရ	:	51,025	305	2,961	36,466	131	13,065	237	5 3,533	21,016	5,995	228	4,398
21	:	6,146	153	780	3,838	12	1,140	80	34,286	19,286	6,222	226	7,516
1322	:	35,283	296	1,920	16,828	26	15,210	104	48,003	33,662	7,093	694	3,952

* No Jinswar prepared owing to settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(continued). - Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mau.

				:	H	Rabi.						Kbarif.		
• •	Year.		Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar Cotton including including juar cotton and arhar, and arhar.	Cotton including cotton and arhar.	-Kodon.	Til
	Fasts.					1		1000	£					
1309	•	:	40,127	:	3,880	572	2,558	31,094	34	85,787	43,658	10,349	7,951	13,396
1310	•	:	30,376	:	3,953	1,597	2,318	19,554	113	96,109	57,210	9,277	5,605	16,975
1311	•	:	36,213	:	5,504	3,668	2,102	19,945	32	95,657	56,067	7,433	4,723	21,947
1312	••	:	52,546	:	7,092	8,283	2,747	29,878	33	74,970	43,312	6,485	5,965	13,607
1313	:	:	21,047	:	2,735	2,863	2,017	12,113	84	99,881	65,232	6,648	680'9	15,052
1314	:	;	22,818	:	4,067	3,202	2,316	11,382	1.8	109,167	77,028	5,486	6,685	10,940
1315	:	:	13,881	:	3,385	1,078	4,308	3,402	187	77,939	45,338	6,175	5,483	15,729
1316	:	:	24,983	2,117	4,335	1,561	1,935	12,998	131	105,694	70,002	8,308	:	:
1317	:	:	30,648	1,433	4,878	3,526	1,547	16,853	41	101,865	68,784	4,052	7,496	13,938
1318	:	:	41,306	1,415	4,205	5,722	1,313	24,963	76	94,014	57,277	5,242	4,520	21,298
1319	:	:	55,802	1,466	4,148	11,900	1,417	29,142	202	79,768	45,476	4,167	3,719	21,625
1920	:	;	54,920	1,100	5,905	16,806	1,426	18,171	324	74,347	45,087	4,766	5,891	13,623
1321	:	:	18,145	1,845	2,295	3,929	1,218	7,744	235	75,125	45,062	4,288	4,579	16,801
1323	:	:	31,829	1,453	3,100	9,317	1,528	13,807	140	103,343	46,701	6,658	7,423	16,455

TABLE VI-(concluded).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Jhansi.

				r-1	Rabi.						Kharif.		
Year.		Total.	Barley	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar Cotton including juar cotton and arhar, and arhar	Cotton including cotton and arhar.	Kodon.	Ti:
Fasit.	!												
1309	•:	39,804	:	7,106	5,116	8,141	14,943	705	83,465	26,539	8,263	9,479	15,924
1310	:	35,984	:	7,360	7,877	2,406	9,449	1,123	86,810	32,026	3,230	10,002	13,686
1311*	•:		:	[F]		1			:	:	:	:	:
1312	:	46,748	:	9,712	11,596	22,357	13,257	702	72,955	21,636	2,213	7,520	18,251
1813	:	28,753	;	5,875	9,815	1,775	8,714	788	77,567	31,666	2,468	7,989	11,750
1314	:	30,754	:	6,721	8,038	7,185	4,567	1,009	87,068	38,100	2,074	6,852	15,515
1315	:	24,307	:	6,449	4,324	8,531	1,331	787	74,425	23,723	2,629	7,441	17,914
1316	:	57,657	6,649	6,774	7,581	3,206	8,609	898	86,283	32,161	2,004	11,007	15,303
1317	:	58,973	6,335	6,121	11,770		8,023	1,074	84,998	31,349	1,506	9,523	17,343
1318	:	37,603	5,494	6,271	11,513	2,246	8,058	1,619	82,827	30,469	1,960	7,110	30,203
1319	:	54,013	6,381	6,684	16,459	2,249	17,581	1,826	50,384	14,141	719	6,357	10,482
1320	:	46,836	5,415	7,353	16,681	2,205	10,140	9,119	71,149	1,9479	1,896	8,546	18,971
1321	:	15,478	4,078	4,455	2,072	1,932	786	507	70,126	25,091	1,870	6,378	18,198
1322	:	25,199	5,771	5,961	4,582	2,230	3,532	1,001	76,948	23,043	996	8,765	18,804
		_			-			1		-			

* No Jinswar prepared owing to settlement operations.

TABLE VII.—Griminal Justice.

				Number		persons oc	nvicted	of persons convicted or bound over in respect of-	ver in resp	ect of—				į
Year.	Offences against public	Offences				Criminal		Robbery	Receiving		Bad	Keeping	Cases under-	ınder –
	tran- quillity (Chapter VIII).	affecting life.	hurt.	Rape.	theft.	force and Theft, assault.	Theft,	and dakaiti.	stolen property	trespass.	liveli- hood.		Opium Excise	Excis.
Ħ	67	ಣ	4	2	9	1.	8	6 (10	11	12	13	14	15
	37	40	13	p. 21 - 2	73	26	350	78	189	213	39	41	25	85
1902	84	97	25	19-	3	65	207	29	144	211	106	21	18	- 33
33	98	32	61	် က ်	24	ဒ္ဓင္ထ	177	13	94	.131	133	58	80	52
4	99	9	239	හ	31	27	=172	36	69	141	83	17	15	89
35	**	22	91	-	52	30	188	41.74	88	197	104	17	∞	3
99	37	34	Ľ~	ත	88	12	249	48	165	200	30	C3	œ	33
7(95	17	97	7	90	28	140	32	9	92	T I	20	rO.	88
æ	. 101	14	126	4	:	16	225	11	8 6	152	112	42	7	18
• •	148	30	121	. :	:	526	234	-	54	156	7 6	22	13	83
9	195	14	145	:	:	30	184	8	453	83	120	11	13	35
	69	32	103	Н	:	12	129	:	23	91	35	40	6	45
	51	20	13%	:	:	20	163	4	34	68	98	89	10	58
	179	24	:	က	:	25	210	25	20	104	55	68	5	57
	170	17	:	!•	:	26	256	3	. 40	116	57	83		93

Table VIII.—Cognizable crime.

				r of cases ad by po		Nun	aber of pe	ersons—
	Year.		Suo motu.	Or- ders of Magis- trate.	Sent in for trial.	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Convicted.
	1		2	4	4	5	6	7
1901			2,055	6	1,324	1,779	326	1,453
1902	••		1,875	15	1,227	1,480	252	1,228
1903	••		1,529		1,027	1,381	238	1,143
1904	••		1,515	*****	971	1,233	219	1,014
1905	••	••	2,099		1,155	1,472	251	1,224
1906	**	• •	2,291		1,216	1,481	247	1,234
1907	••		1,806		1,077	1,432	231	1,201
1908	••	••	1,891	di.	1,041	1,454	226	1,228
1909	••	••	1,902		1,024	1,322	191	1,181
1910	••	••	1,983		794	1,091	172	919
1911	••	••	1,206		559	683	91	592
1912	••	••	1,353	Table	661	946	181	765
1913	••	••	1,685		853	1,185	100	1,085
1914	••	••	1,912		1,033	1,224	166	1 ,05 8
				1		•		
								}
				1	1		ł	

TABLE IX.—Revenue demand on successive settlements.

				Year of s	ettlement.	
Pa	rgana.		Mr. Jenkin- son, 1864.	Major Davidson, *1869.	Mr. Impey, 1892.	Mr. Hoare, 1898.
	1		2	3	4	5
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Jhansi prop	per	••			••	••
Jh ansi	••	••	106,414		135,545	••
Moth	••	••	120,808		128,065	
Garautha Mau		••	136,009		135,610 44,864A 151,955	••
Lalitpur S	ub-division	.,				
Bansi		••		16,418		17,726
Talbehat	••			23,636		27,971
Lalitpur	••	••	4.154	45,721		50,578
Balabehat	••	••		8,117		7,386
Madaura		٠.		32,458		33,583
Mahroni	••	••	नवाम	14,205		16,760
Banpur	••			36,890		38,890
		1				

^{*}Includes ubari and mush demand 8. A Revenue of the Gursarai estate fixed by Mr. Fremantle, 1896-97.

TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses.

f	-	Where included in	Revenue as fixed in	į,	,	Incidence per acre.	Inoidence per aore.	First	Second		Fourth	Fifth
rargana of canali.		Ain-Akbari.	settlement 1903-06.	oesses.	TOURT	Cul- tivat- ed.	Total.	revision.	revi- sion.	sion.	revi- sion.	revi- sion.
1		2	ଟଦ	41	õ	9	2	89	6	g	11	12
			Bs.	Rs.	B.S.	器	R3.	B.	Rs.			
Jhansi	:	Saikar Erachh Bijpur and Rhander	1,07,020	11,721	118,741	1.03	.33	1,09,484	1.90,484			
Mau	:	Jatara	1,04,755	11,120	115,875	*8.	.37	1,13,011	1,16,103			
Garautha	:	Pandor	1,05,565	12,420	117,994	8.81	.35	1,21,082	:			
Moth	;	Bhander Erachh	95,795	9,817	105,612	1.19	•54	88,909	1,16,580			
Lalitpur	;	Lalitpur and Than warah,	31,695	3,878	35,573	35	Π.	36,411	84,923			
Balabehat	:	Sarkar. Ohandori (mahal un-	14,263	2,800	27,494	.58	•14	5,192	5,227			
Bansi	:	certain).	(12,786	1,633	. 14,419	• 53	•13	12,092	:	,-		
Talbehat	:	Balabehat (Sarkar Raisin)	24,694	640	4,903	.25	2	24,647	:			
Tahsil Lalitpur	:	Sarkar Chandsi	73,438	8,951	82,389	.42	Ϊ.	75,142	:			
Mahroni	:	Makal uncontain	(11,525	1,172	12,697	.32	.12	13,479	:			
Banpur	:		27,481	3,299	30,780	17.	•13	29,243	:			
Madaura	:	Dhamoni (Sarkar Raisim)	22,391	2,575	24,968	•33	11	25,090	:	<u>-</u>	-	
Tahsil Mahroni	:	:	61,397	7,046	68,443	04.	.11	67,812	:		******	
				-		-	-		-		~ !	

Excise.
XI
TABLE

52,	1	.muiqO	18		21	22	83	22	29	23	29	24	25	25	2	25	33	25
a per		Druga	1		26	72	72	23	29	64	67	67	99	40	4	36 25	35 25	35
Number of shops for sale of—	•iqa	Country.	16		23	23	233	233	233	233	233	234	227	211	162	196	190	187
sceipts of com-		.anigO	15	Ri.	560	293	315	303	300	340	323	286	533	363	377	348	358	340
oidence of receiver 10,000 of population from		Drugs.	14	B.S.	93	100	26	97	127	141	132	138	163	184	185	219	216	217
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—	9 u i	Liquor, olud tari.	13	RS.	199	689	1,099	1,125	1,156	1,097	1,424	1,438	14,090	1,455	1,768	1,678	2,407	2,243
	erges.	do IstoT	12	Rs.	2,157	2,845	2,245	2,069	1,909	2,241	2,016	2,049	2,005	5,626	18,166	10,846	11,234	13,329
<u></u>	adqiəo	er IstoX	11	Es.	62,321	989'99	92,236	190'86	96,585	1,00,098	1,18,738	1,15,014	1,19,863	1,22,209	1,42,231	1,52,859	2,03,130	1,90,728
				ં	0	0	~(00	.0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Opium.	•d w	σαποΟ ,ποit	10	Mds. s.	35 8	38 39	41 11	43,15	38 15	41 33	45 8	:	38 7	33 16	34 9	35 14	36 7	34 10
Op	-0 I	LatoT edgies	6	Rs.	15,891	17,942	19,247	18,508	18,299	21,006	19,861	17,656	17,944	22,167	23,012	23,642	24,362	23,118
	ption in	n' n' gras.		Mds. s. c.	6.16-0	5 7 0	5 31 0	8:4-0	5.25 0	7 18 0	5 15 33	4 35 2	2 33 15	8 10 13	8 22 9	8 13 10	7 28 0	8 18 12k
Drugs.	Consumption maunds of	Ganja.	2-	Mds. s. c.	2 0	23 0	1 8 0	0 32 0	3 37 0	1 16 0	2 6 3	2 2 6	0 15 14	0 36 11	0 13 1	0 36 . 2	0 39 1	0 43 6
	.tgieo	er LatoT	9	Rs.	5,701	6,078	5,437	5,941	7,759	8,733	8,151	8,627	10,019	11,278	11,190	14,890	14,668	14,739
3.407	from fidhi.	etqieceA se bas	2	ž.	50	99	160	87	\$	39	204	406	650	977	956	973	1,030	1,189
۲.	peron.	musuoO Ilag ni	4		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:
Countr spirits.		etqieooA	8	Rs.	89,854	41,306	64,956	66,395	67,880	62,639	87,595	84,720	84,570	81,664	1,02,277	1,08,952	1,58,373	1,47,196
	roni e guora	tqiəəəA (ngiə	2	R3	1,324	1,290	1,928	2,131	2,647	2,631	2,917	3,590	6,738	6,123	4,666	4,226	4,224	4,112
	Year.	-	I		1901-03	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15

Jhansi District.

TABLE XII. -Stamps.

Year.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
1		2			
-			3	4	5
		22,599	50,596	73,853	2,550
**		24,367	55,420	80,448	2,601
	••	22,380	52,617	75,737	2,444
••		23,325	44,245	68,188	2,110
	••	22,746	46,669	71,065	2,244
••	,e ,	21,134	54,994	76,864	2,084
••	GH	24,376	60,897	86,053	2,607
••		25,954	64,477	90,888	2,921
••		24,790	74,925	1,00,096	2,73
••	.],	28,260	36,542	1,00,682	3,160
	7.4	22,764	76,785	1,00,016	2,68
	17.7	26,986	89,049	1,16,528	8,29
	1	27,745	90,513	1,19,141	4,15
•	8.4	25,855	86,098	1,12,719	8,157
	•••		23,325 22,746 21,134 24,376 25,954 24,790 28,260 22,764 26,986	23,325 44,245 22,746 46,669 21,134 54,994 24,376 60,897 25,954 64,477 24,790 74,925 28,260 36,542 22,764 76,785 26,986 89,049 27,745 90,513	23,325 44,245 68,188 22,746 46,669 71,065 21,134 54,994 76,864 24,376 60,897 86,053 25,954 64,477 90,888 24,790 74,925 1,00,096 23,260 36,542 1,00,682 22,764 76,785 1,00,016 26,996 89,049 1,16,528 27,745 90,513 1,19,141

TABLE XIII.—Incometax.

			Collected by companies.	ed by	Profits of companies.	ts of unies.	Of:	Other sources, Part IV.	es, Part I	Α.		Cojecuc Par	Objections under Part IV.
Year.		Total receipts.	A capa.		A SEPR-		Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs.	2,000	Total charges,	Number	Number or partly
			sees.	ľax.	sor.	T.8X.	Asses.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.		filed	success- ful.
, t		64	85	4	õ	9	t-	œ	G	10	11	12	13
		Ŗ		P.	Ž.		É	R.S.		Rs.	Pg.		
1901-02	;	42,452	605	3,431			1,124	18,321	127	13,476	10	352	96
1902-03		38,020	:	A L			1,108	18,050	126	13,092	87	384	115
1903-04	:	27,620	:	- ·			321	8,794	122	12,558	28	153	41
304-05	:	30,106	:	- 13 - 13			325	8,681	132	14,322	21	197	57
1905-03	:	21,750	:	7			888	8,103	126	13,275	174	101	36
70-90	:	21,221	:	:		:	282	7,626	134	13,195	108	101	20
90-206	:	22,002	:	:	:	:	306	8,308	135	13,221	23	98	8
60-806	:	25,011	:	:	;	;	321	8,674	143	15,906	:	17	35
1909-10	:	23,057	:	:	;	:	342	9,051	143	14,026	:	130	40
1910-11	::	24,711	:	:	:	:	333	8,830	151	15,224	:	137	49
1911-12	:	26,403	:	;	:	:	337	8,992	149	16,690	:	71	18
1912-13	:	27,586	:	:	:	:	358	9,825	145	17,080	:	86	35
1913-14	:	29,854	;	:		:	366	10,002	166	19,115	:	103	31
1914-15	:	29,145	:	:	:	;	363	9,916	991	18,551	:	102	23

Table XIV.—Income table for city and tahsils over 50,000 (Part IV only).

of Jhans	City of Jhansi.	nsi.	-	ű	Tahsil Jhansi.	ansi.			Tahsil Mau	fau.		-	Tansii Garandia.	canen	ė
Over 2.000.	Over Rs 2.000.	.	1	Under Rs. 2,000.	000	O K	Over.	Under Rs. 2,000	der ,000.	Bs.	Over Rs. 2,000.	Ba.	Under Rs. 2,000.	Bg.	Over Rs. 2,000.
xsT	, xagT	1	20020020	zzeszees.	,xsT	Assesses.	.xeT	Assessees.	.xeT	Assessees.	.xsT	Assessees.	.xe'P	¥ 8868868•	Tax.
0	\perp	Ì		7 67	က	44	20	63	က	4	5	67	83	41	5
	<u> </u>	T	100	(E 205	1	6.782	204	2.928	e.j	1,877	126	1,880	'n	403
,	22,25	,	4)[v	000,0	3 6	626.0	190	9.861	20	1,694	.126	1,910	က	310
n T	8,282	n T	100	1 2 2	012,0	2	7 760		1 109	21	1,662	25	C21	တ	232
1	7,704	1		127	3,470	19	6,100	C. Y.	1001	23	1,894	62	574	တ	232
	6,948			115	3,166	80 7	0,0±0,0	1 2	1 2:1	83	1,894	20	513	အ	205
	6,044			116	6,144	3 8	0.00,1	2 64	1.187	42	1,885	14	349	গে	126
	6,552			113	3,030	g :	0,11,0	1 r.	1 599	83	1,803	15	434	67	135
	6,482			114	3,077	4.	200,0	3.0	169	22	2,222	22	. 568	က	267
	8,324			113	3,150	4.4	9,300 8,408	27.0	1.627	19	1,726	25	909	က	293
	6,794				0,3270	2 5	0,400	7.	1.430	22	1,812	23.1	512	41	339
	8,511			120	0000	1 2	10,57	59	1.3%5	19	1,401	22	547	က	262
				131	83068	27 5	100,01	3 6	1 200	16	1.260	22	541	4	352
				35	3,809	33	10,955	3 2	1,000	7	1 839	53	634	10	491
11,749	80 11,749	49		961	3,814	68	11,944	70	Carrier .	1 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	63	571	20	482
11,046	77 11,046	46	_	139	3,893	5	11,189	75	1,511	4		í			

Table XIV—(concluded).—Income tax by takeils (Part IV only).

		•	Tabsil Moth.	Moth.			Tansil Lalitpur.	antpur.			Lausii Alaniu	130 II O III 2.	
	A	Under I	Under Rs. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000.	. 2,000.	Under Rs. 2,000	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000.	. 2,000.	Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs.	2,000.
	F cal.	Asses.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses-	Tax.	Asses-	Tax.
		N	က	4	5	81	က	4	5	63	အ	4	5
90		E	2.093	F-10-	1.195	934	3.488	14	948	108	1,884	2	674
1902-03	:		2,110	(A)	1,241	237	3,498	13	863	107	1,861	10	703
1903-04	• ;	51	1,400		1,241	47	1,303	12	747	31	893	13	906
904-05	: :	51	1,361	16	1,514	09	1,579	15	1,216	23	864	13	894
905-06	•	44		13	1,182	0.3	1,336	19	1,517	25	719	12	835
1906-07	. •		1,077	10	850	51	1,378	17	1,245	23	643	14	855
1907-08	:	45		13	953	54	1,429	17	1,373	25.	299	14	897
60-806	:	43	1,169	12	1,090	53	1,409	17	1,493	26	089	14	869
1909-10	:	51		11	952	48	1,265	19	1,675	32	898	14	971
1910-11	:		1,157	14	1,198	49	1,373	25	2,117	37	696	15	1,053
1911-12	:	. 43		14	1,175	99	1,603	27	2,241	29	837	14	1,027
1912-13	:	46		15	1,259	65	1,750	25	2,243	4	1,171	12	1,011
1913-14	:		1,210	14	1,210	89	1,748	25	2,379	41	1,153	15	1,25
1914-15	:		1,203	16	1,338	67	1,787	27	2,443	41	1,151	15	1,145

TABLE XV-District Board.

-	Dept.	81	Rs. 15,694	:	2,502	301	:	.:	:	2,904	2,004	1,899	3,355	2,322	1,668
	Pounds.	14	Bs. 3,476	3,404	3,065	2,965	3,258	4,318	4,820	4,527	4,593	4,530	4,806	5,161	6,324
	Givil works.	16	Es. 1,61,601	8 1,44,445	80 1,05,962	93,158	255 1,01,217	485 1,02,177	340 1,13,397	189 1,21,285	98,246	97,125	1,06,958	1,270 1,06,509	1,956 1,07,991
	-snallassi!4	2	Bs. 27	90	8	240	255	485	340	489	551	541	464		
ture.	Boientifio, eto,	47	Bs.	743	735	753	1,244	1,682	2,343	2,315	2,330	2,696	3,451	3,615	3,865
Expenditure.	Medioal.	13	Rs. 14,360	15,488	16,145	17,385	17,310	16,573	16,817	18,535	18,126	19,848	24,119	24,761	27,968
H	Education.	13	Rs. 29,855	32,331	34,133	34,153	38,910	40,911	47,404	50,684	47,229	46,088	51,023	48,261	49,986
	General ad- ministra- tion,	11	Rs. 2,283	2,078	3,257	2,692	2,768	3,240	3,085	5,063	5,337	5,077	5,738	5,481	5,507
	Conter bu- tions to provincial funds.	10	E :						:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Total ex-	6	Rs. 2,27,246	2,846 1,98,498	1,518 1,05,879	2,045 1,54,597	2,331 1,64,962	2,272 1,69,386	3,905 1,88,206	4,4492,05,802	4,235 1,78,416	8,298 1,78,604	2,987 1,99,914	2,696 1,97,380	2,272 2,04,615
-	Perries.	00	8.4	2,846	1,518	24 60	3	Marie Control	3,905	4,449	4,235	8,298	2,987	2,696	2,272
	Pounds.	7	Rs. 8,059	7,005	7,692	10,334	10,489	12,555	9,589 15,756	12,328	2,970 15,940	4,872 15,656	18,981	17,968	34,737
	Civil works.	9	Bs. 2,162	2,451	3,787	4,453	3,699	2,381	9,589	3,482	2,970	4,872	1,05,228	600'66	2,97 21,44,132 34,737
Receipts.	-snallsosiM .sno	- L	. B.	493	574	181	235	361	384	308	247	272	1,726	2,234	
	cientific, etc.		· E	2,714	388	734	920	1,108	1,004	1,115	1,668	2,539	2,958	3,858	3,913
	.Isolbelv	I o	70	5,779	5,970	5,355	5,235	6,093	5,147	5,631	6,351	5,395	16,411	19,605	21,631
	·noit soub?	[Bs. 4,674	4,251	4,399	3,763	4,150	4,417	3,833	5,792	8,186	6,551	59,169	54,307	72,687
					:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.	,	1901-02	1902-03	1908-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12 59,169	1912-13 54,307	1913-14 72,687

TABLE XVI.—Municipality of Ihansi

		Total.	18	Rs.	60,658	85,201 87,201	96,076	93,376	1,14,645	1,47.290	1,17,317
		.арвец дейде.	11	Rs.	14,452 11,770	14,908	32,450	18,299	51,657	20,545	254,19
	•snoite	orritaci oildo T	16	Rs.	3,071	3,804	4 35 8 8 35 8 8 6 8 8	5,304	5.881	8,144	7,413
		Public works.	15	Bs.	6,190		7,082	20,481	55,814	9,084	10,390
Expenditure.	-aib ba	Hospitals an	14	Rs.	1,805	2,064	2.334	2,870	1,899	2,013	2,011
Ехрег		Сопзегуалсу	13	Rs.	16,535 20,127 19.061	27,497 39,334	23,163 26,766	26,93 ₁	25,334	27,5375 27,636	26,372
	supply inage.	-n 9 3 nisM .992a	12	Rs.	291 522 937						
	Water supply and drainage.	LatiqaD		Ba	564 1,374 508	G:	1.266	1.979	2,720	62,897 15,145	19,594
	•	Public esfety	10	B.	9,631 10,375 12,446	12,193 9,938	6,643	5,834	6,467	6,905 7,965	8,336
		iterteinimbA o noitoelloo	6	Ra.	8,109 8,000	10,934	12,189	11,504	11,373	10,566	11,681
	Total.		* -1	Bs	62,621 67,177 72,723	85,695	95,529 89,139	81,449	99,462	1,61,948	1,01,144
	. **	өөлиөз төйтө	7.414- 6	-141 88	8,887 10,250 10,352	16,883	18,162	13,142	21,126	56,748 29,606	24,172
		Posus.	9	Rs.	:::	:::	: : :	::	: :	40,000	:
Income.		Rents.	5	Rs,	635 1,027 1,261	2,421	2,820 1,860	2,391	2 347	3.052	2,708
I		.еехва төйдО	4	R.S.	857 1,296	1,249	1,158	1,201	1,332	1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1,893
	рив во	Tax on hous land.	ಣ	Rs.	2,885 3,431 3,369						
		iortoO	сч	Rs.	49,357 51,183 56,336	63,132	69,525	60,317	70,356	77.604	67,044
Year.			П		1901-02 1902-03	1904-05	1906-07	1908-09	1910-11	1911-12	1913-14

TABLE XVI-(continued).—Municipality of Lalitpur

		.LetoT	18	Rs.	19,329 16,875	17,433	20,697	27,628	38,348	38,877	35,062	38,502 38,502
		speed reddO	17	Rs.	3,119 2,828	3,242	5,006 4,228	9,934	1,14,748	11,248	16,540	19,778
	.enoitou	Public instru	26	Rs.	1,178	1,523	1,640	2,040	2,255	2,258	2,135	2,476
ń	••	Public works	15	뙲	734 1,491 6,918							
Expenditure.	-sib b	Hospitals an pensaries.	14	E S	664 535	1,229	1,243	551	527	509	653	508 509
Expe	1	Сопячтегно	13	뚽	4,173 3,949	3,676	5,310	5,414	6,221 7,735	4,758	6,061	6,111, 9
	Water supply and drainage.	Main ten- ance.	12	Rs.	118	814	42 3,452	2,749	210 4.169	420	400	538 675
	Water and dr	.LstiqsD		Bs.	4,507	125	1,187	• 1	9.263	1,073	:	964
	Public salety.		10	· ·	2,211	2,950	1,639 873	1,077	2,102	1,547	2,128	2,081 2,197
	bns noi aexst to	Administrati noitoelloo	16	BS	2,625	3,041	2,636 3,066	5,065	4,041	2,264	4,994	5,005 3,711
		LatoT	(8	Bs.	18,276							
	,8	Other source	 -44		5,620	5,876	9,674	9,864	8,053	8,077	8,723	11,376 24,330
.01	Вовиз.		9	 Rs.	::	::	: :	::	:	: :	: :	::
Гпента			ಸಂ	, Sa	2,227	2,225	2,332	2,172	3,063	3,378	3,572	3,503 3,819
	Other taxes.		4	器	450 623	572	612	612	612	612	627	630 7,559
	fax on houses and lands.		60	R.	::	::	:	::	:	:	: :	::
		.iontaO	23	BS:	9,322	7,572	12,172	12,865	14,257	91,851	24,330	16,429
					::	::	:	: :	:	:	: :	::
Year.			1		1901-02 1902-03	1903-04 1904-05	1905-06	1907-08	1908-09	1910-10	1911-12	191 2 -13 1913-14

TABLE XVI-(concluded.)-Municipality of Mau Ranipur,

.5							
	.laloT	18	BB.	15,911 17,750	24,702 18,057	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	23,477 23,685 15,030
	Other heads.	17	B.	48884 48884 48884	4.00 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10	2,2,1 1,9421 040	3,023 10,448 1,556
	Public instractions.	16	153	757 757 813	1,011	1,740	1,448 1,061 2,042
	Public works,	15	E. 12.	2,44 2,276 2,017 2,017	2,784 2,784	3,258 3,121 3,121	1,340 1,640
Expenditure.	noqaib būs AlsidigeoH.	14	R.	3000	800 746 746	1,302 1,302	1,5 4.5 1,5 4.5 853 796
Exper	Сопзетуапсу.	13	Bs.	3,063 4,057 4,057	4,072 4,782 7,700	5,524 5,404 5,498	5,853 8,906 4,471
	nimage.	12	Ř	181 606 1.187	683 909 381	541 314 670	533 431 470
	Water supply and drainage. Capites. Maintenco.			1,116 1,273 1,322	4,332	159 763 1.611	2,369 1,890 255
	Public safely.	10	17 S.	3,038 3,951 3,832	2,318 735 2,128	2,073 1,738 1,938	1,841 1,357 1,601
	has noitestration and cases.	76-43 1 11	Br.	2,696 3,995 3,303	3,543 3,216 5,277	4,541 4,859 4,486	4,516 2,390 2,199
- 	.Into.T.	8					23,184 16,817 22,419
	Other sources.	- ज्याव्य ५ निद्यार्	HAS SEE	2,067 4,228 5,137	6,177 3,719 8,930	4,299 4,123 5,909	6,672 6,734 12,921
	.snao.I	9		::::	:::	:::	:::
Income.	Rents.	5	Rs 4S4	474 577 537	728 714 .724	777 777 850	876 769 793
Ĭ	Other taxes.	শ	R3.	857 985 911	68 88 88 88	959 887 1,597	1,806 9,314 8,705
	Тах он поцеве вид врия:	ආ		; ; ;	:::	:::	:::
	.iottoi.	Ç1	Rs. 13.054	15,004 14,947 14,691	14.693 18,118 15,832	13,216 15,709 15,095	13,830
				; ; ;	:::	:::	:::
	Year	1	1901-09	1902-03 1913-04 1904-05	1905-06 1906-07 1907-08	1908-09 1909-10	1911-12 1912-13 1913-14

Table XVII.—Distribution of police, Jhansi.

	Sub-I			ad	Cons	ta bles.		wn		
Name of thans.	Civil police.	Armed police.	Civil police.	Armed police.	Civil polica	Armed police	Jamadar.	Chaukidar.	Rural police.	Road police.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Kotwali Jhansi 2. New Jhansi 3. Sadar Bazar 4. Barwa Sagar 5. Baragaon 6. Raksa 7. Baina 8. Moth 9. Chirgaon 10. Baghera 11. Gracutha 12. Garautha 13. Pandwaha 14. Kakarbai 15. Gursarai 16. Mau 17. Uldan 18. Katara 19. Lachura 20. Lalitpur 21. Talbehat 22. Kelwara 23. Jakhlaun 24. Nathi Khera 25. Bar 26. Jakhaura 27. Birdha 28. Narhat 29. Mahroni 30. Sanjna 31. Madaura 32. Banpur	4 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		7 4 4 4 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 2 9		89 35 39 10 10 14 19 10 13 11 8 8 11 42 9 31 15 8 12 11 15 8 12 17 13 10 11 15 15 15 16 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	666	27 25 40 53 47 541 48 39 28 55 541 32 444 35 36 57 57 46 41 33 33 47 55 56 56 57 57 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	12 66 88 66 88 22 66 88 10 14 11 10 22 66 88 64 21 22 66 64
Total	44		62		575		7	45	1,372	162
Reserve	C.P.18	4	23	48 48	159	254	••	••	••	4 -
Grand total	57	4	85	48	734	254	7	45	1,272	162

^{*}Constabulary police.

TALE XVIII.—Education.

			Total.		Second	ary Edu	cation.	Prima	ry Educa	tion.
Years.		Scholars.		Scholars.				Scholars.		
		School and College.	Males.	Females.	Bchools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02	••	141	4,994	109	10	1,252	4	129	3,696	105
1902-03		171	6,013	187	10	1,282	9	161	4,731	178
1909-04	••	173	6,271	229	11	1.261	12	162	5 010	217
1904-05	••	209	7,093	66	10	341*		199	6,752	66
1905-06		218	7,452	641	10	358*		207	7,094	641
1906-07		230	7,593	481	10	421*		220	7,172	481
1907-08	••	235	8,201	395	10	731*		225	7,470	395
1908-09		200	7,540	531	10	1,146	34	190	6,394	497
1909-10		201	7,252	595	10	1,293	35	191	5,959	560
1910-11	٠.	202	7,317	514	10	1,237	35	192	6,080	479
1911-12	••	220	8,077	616	2 11	1,212	34	209	6,865	582
1912-13		229	8,294	680	14	1,319	31	215	6,975	599
1913-14	••	236	9,030	835	13	1,473	49	223	7,557	7 86
							j			
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									1	
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				- 1						
	j					- 3				

^{*}Excluding primary classes of secondary schools which are shown under Primary Education.

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915.

Tahsil.	Pargan	la.	Localit y.		Class.	-	Avorage attend- ance-
			A.—Secondary	·.			
	Lalitpur				Anglo-vernacular		102
Lalitpur }	Do. Talbehat	• •	Do. Talbehat		Middle vernacular Ditto	• •	101 47
Mahroni	Mahreni	• • •	3.6.1	• •	Ditto	••	57
2.022.		••	B.—Primary.				
,			Jakhlaun .		Upper primary		62
f l		j j	T '1		Ditto	••	42
ļ i	Lalitpur	·· {	rn:		Ditto		28
		- 1	Υ	••	Ditto		30
J		(Bansi		Ditto .		66
Lalitpur	Bansi	{	active sufficient to the	د. اقر د:	Ditto	•••	64
11	m 11 1 - 4		Karesra Kalan	-1	Ditto		28
	Talbehat	1	Pura Kalan		Ditto	••	40
/	Balabehat		Pali		Ditto	••	56
		c	Banpur	H	Ditto		100
	Banpur	}}	Bar		Ditto		86
Mahroni			Patha		Ditto	••	49
	Mahroni		Kumendi	•	Ditto	••	44 76
	Madaura	••	Madaura Surerai		Ditto Ditto	• •	25
			Narhat	* 1	Ditto	••	53
		,	~ .		Lower primary		28
/					Ditto		32
11		IJ	Masora Khurd		Ditto	••	22
'		- []			Ditto	•••	14 3
	T - 124may	-]]		••	Ditto Lower primary(Mu	ni-	124
	Lalitpur	51	Lamepur .		cipality).		14"
			Lalitpur Char biana	u-	Ditto		53
		- 11			Lower Primary	1	41
		Ų	Y27 4		Ditto	•••	9
Lalitpur					Ditto		12
Carropus)	Bansi	31		٠٠	Ditto Ditto		23 18
		~ (Baroda Swami Harshpur		Ditto	::	24
		1/	Budaoni .		Ditto		11
11		[]	T) 1		Ditto		24
		- 11			Ditto		13
[]		j [Bijrotha .	:	Ditto		14 17
1	Talbehat	1	Bangawan Kala		Ditto Ditto		17 14
(1)		- 11	FFT 23 7 - 4	••	Ditto		111
t		- 11	Churaoni	••	Ditto		23
1		- 1	Sairwan Kalan		Ditto		21

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915-(continued.)

				Locality.		Class of school.		attend- ance.
			В	Lower Primary-	_	(contd.).		
(Talbehat	••	1	Geora Gandera	.	Lower Primary		16
	Balabehat		Ŋ	Balabehat Piprai	ı	Ditto Ditto		20 16
Lalitpur 🕌		••	(Bant	- 1	Ditto	::	17
	Lalitpur		{	Dongra Kalan Kalianpur Lagaon	١	Ditto Ditto Ditto		26 23 20
			(Lalitpur .		Practising L. school.	P.	89
Lalitpur {	Lalitpur Talbohat	::		Lalitpur Talbeha t		U P. Model girls' se L. P. Ditto	hool	58 21
. ((Sindwaha Chinglawa Deoran	Я	Lower primary Ditto Ditto		20 33 26
. !!	Banpur		Į	Marraoli Kolcowan	1	Ditto	••	15
	-			Paraun	of I	Ditto Ditto	• •	25 19
			(Gadiana Selawan		Ditto Ditto	•••	36 21
Mahroni			/	Mahroni	100	Ditto		92
	Mabroni	• •	7	Chhapehhani		Ditto		17
				Bhondi Gurha	3	Ditto Ditto	••	19 20
			L	Guna de la	2	Ditto		20
{			(Dongra Khurd Sarhumar	-	Ditto Ditto	••	28 26
	Madaora		_)	Paraul		Ditto	•••	12
		••	1	Sedpur	- 1	Ditto		22
1			1	Karitoran .	.	Ditto		15
1			(Patna	٠ ا	Ditto	••	18
M ahroni	Mahroni	••		Mahroni		L. P. Girls' school		23
1	T		(Baroda Bijlon Piron	.	Aided L. P. S. for b	-	25
\ \	Lalitpur	••	ł	Daoni		Ditto Ditto	••	14 19
Lalitpur /	Bansi		ç	Alapur		Ditto		16
1		• •	1	Rakhpanchampu	r			24
1	Talbehat Lalitpur	::		Nathikhera Lalitpur	- 1	Ditto Aided mission, La pur.	ilit-	16 43
ſ			(Larwari	.	A. L. P. S. for boys	3]	10
35-ham	Banpur)	Mathura	•	Ditto	••	9
Mahroni 🥤		••	7	Bhailoni Ludhia Pah	3	Ditto Ditto	••	12 15
	Madaora,		,	Nainwara	•	Ditto sais	••	14

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915—(continued.)

Lalitpur Mahroni	Lalitpur { Balabehat Banpur	B Lower Pri- MARY - (contd). Bharoni Delwara Khiria Chhatara Pali	A. L. P. S. for hoys	17
Mahroni	Balabehat	Khiris Chhatara Pali	A. L. P. S. for hoys	
Lalitpur Mahroni Lalitpur	Balabehat Banpur		1	. 15
Lalitpur		Bar	45.11	16 21
`	Lalitpur	Lalitpur . Do Do	girls. Mission girls' school	27 6
		त्रायम् नव		

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915 - (continued).

Ta h sil.	Name of schools.	Class.	Average attend- ance.	Remarks.
	A.—Seconda	RY SCHOOLS.		
Jhansi	Jhansi Barwasagar	Secondary Do	84 40	
Moth {	Moth Chirgaon	Do Do	86 31	
Garautha Mau	Gursarai Mau	Do	77 96	
	B.—UPPER PRIM	ARY SCHOOLS.		
Jhansi	Babina	Upper pri-	60	
	Baragaon	D o	77	
Moth (Erachh Panch (Pahargaon Kumharia Kargawan	Do Do Do Do Do	55 43 44 62 41	
Garautha	Garautha Bamaur Pandwaha Sarsenda	Do	45 45 35 44	
Мац «	Itail Uldan Rewan (Ranipur Sujaori Sakrar Katera D B. Aided	Do	34 55 36 84 47 39 52	
	CD. B. LOWER	PRIMARY SCHO	OOLS.	
1	Training class, Jhansi.	mary school.	6	
The small	Br. S. Barwasagar Mayanpur Dhamna Barehta	Do Do Do	99 16 19 17	
Jhansi	Kochha Bhanwar Palar	Do	14 20 19	
	Raksa Model girls' school, Jhanasi Girls' school, Barwasagor Girls' school, Talaiya	Do Do	19 48 83 19	
Mau {	Akseo B. Sarafa Mau	Do Do	22 80	

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1915 -(continued).

Tahsil.	Name of school.	Class.	Average attend- ance.	Remarks
	C.—D. B. LOWER PRIMAR	х аспоота—(с	ontinued).	
,	Katra Mau	L.P.S. school,	33	
	Banda	Do	16	
1	Baragaon	Do	20	
ŀ	Bhadarwara	Do	17	
Ì	Churara	Do Do	17 19	
	Ghat Kotra	Do	27	
Mau- <	Khandarka.	Do	15	
concluded).	Magarpur	Do	16	
´ [Madarwas	Do	13	
1	Pachwara	Do	22	
{	Palra	Do	. 26 16	
	Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	To De	18	
)	Rupa Dhamna Kachneo	Do	•	Marra a a basal
`	Girls' school, Mau	Do	11	New school,
(Kumharia	Do	••	
(Atarsuan	Do	23	
1	Br. S. Chirgaon Bakwan	TV-	61 80	
	Donal	Do.	. 22	
	Kumhrar	Do.	22	
Moth {	Belman	D o	22	
MO	Dagners	Do	19	
	Pahari	Do	17 18	
	Pipra Semri	Do.	17	
	Sunirya	Do.	22	
	Talaur	Do	24	
,	Belahti Karka	Do	18	
,	Asta	Do	16	
- 1	Br. S. Gursarai	.Do	16	
	Dhibkai	Do	18	
	Dumrai	Do	25	
Ì	Aioni	Do Do	28	
	Ghuraiya	Do	18 24	
Garautha)	Khanaura	Do	14	
Garauona	Kherokhar .	Do	18	
1	Kuretha	Do	16	
ł	Kakarbai	Do	18	
į	Motikatra	Do	20	
	Simardha	Do	18	
į	Bangroni Girls' school, Gursarai	Do Do	20	
,	Baragaon gate, Jhansi	M. S. L. P.	35	
Zhama'	Mukaryana	Do:	45	
Jhansi	Sainyar gate	.Do	65	
(Sipri Bazar	Do	41	

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1915-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Name of school.		Class.		Averago attend- ance.	Remarks.
	C.—D. B. LOWER PRI	MARY	SCHOOLS-	-(ec	moluden).	
,	Man M. S.		M. S. L.	P. 1	62	
(Aliai M. Aided Mau		Do.		21	
1	Chauk Dhamela	• •	Do.		19	
Mau <	Garh Dhuriaganj		Do.		38	
j	Nanhai Bazar		Do.		20	
(Sheoganj		Do.	••	23	
,	Gopal Nikhra		Do.		36	
ſ	Halwai Bazar		Do.		33	
1	Khataryana		Do.		42	
	Purani Kotwali		Do.		52	
	Sadar Bazar	••			30	
ł	Garhia Phatak	٠.	Do.	••	84	
1	Pulya No. 9.	• • 50	200			
J	A. P. Mission school r	10ar	Do.	2,0	17	
Ibansi 🗧	church. Mission girls' sch	104	马泽东	35		
j	Mission girls' sch Garhia Phatak	.001	Do.		44	
- 1	TZ La Stand	11.7			20	
1	Marora		Do Do	• •	32 24	
1	Punaoli Kalan				17	
j	Tendol	16	Do. Do.		14	
į	Ujyan		Do.	* 1	12	
(Phutera	100	Do-	••	31	
,	Bithri 🕼	-	Do.	:		New school.
	Dhakarwara	1.0	Do.		17	ATOM TOLLOUS,
i	Burhia	-5	Do.		15	
1:	Dhaurra		Do.		16	
	Dhaipura		Do.		17	
.	Ghat Lachura	1.4	Do.	.,	19	
Iau	Khisni Kalan		Do.		15	
- 1	Kakwara		Do.	. 1	18	
į.	Lohari	•••	Do.		14	
ľ	Magarwara Nota	•••	Do.	••	13	
`.	Rampura	••	Do.		19 22	
	Turka Lachura	• •	Do. Do.		17	
Moth	Bharosa	::	D_{0}	••	21	
hansi	Mondai	.,	Do.		18	
(l Chandwari		Do.		18	
Moth }	Siya (Moth)		10		17	
/	Nand Khas		D-	::	17	
,	Kharani		Do.	::	20	
- 1	Bachhoh		Do.		17	
Ì	Bhasneh		T) a		24	
-	Dhanaura	[Do.		17	
- !	Deori		Do.		17	
larautha 🕻	Kharon Mahewa			[22	
į	Manewa Nagra		Do.	٠. ا	18	
i	Siya (Garautha)				16	
1	Sewai	•••	D _a	••	20	
1	Gokalpara	•• [1		17	
		••	Do.		37 \	

ROADS, 1915.

A.—Province	IAL.		1	Miles.	fu	r. ft.
(i) Cawnpore-Jhansi and Sau	con road	Thomas co	ation	70	1	0
(ii) Approach road to Chirgaon				ő	3	250
(iii) Do. do. to Moth st		y Boatlon		ŏ	4	85
(iv) Do. do. to Punch s		••	• • •	ŏ	2	607
(v) Cawnpore-Jhansi and Sau		Lalitonr	section	56	2	0
(vi) Jhansi-Sipri road	501 1011	-		12	3	Č
(vii) Jhansi and Gwalior road	••	••		30	4	165
(viii) Khando Roa Gate road	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••		1	2	316
(ix) Datia Gate road	••			1	2	140
(x) Lachmi Gate road	••	•••		1	0	600
(xi) Baragaon Gate road	••	••		2	6	200
(, <u></u>	•••		r			
		Total	••]	177	0	883
B.—Local	ւ .					
I.—First class roads, metalled bridg	ed and d	lrained thro	ugho u t.			
(i) Latitpur-Mahroni road		8		26	0	634
(ii) Mahroni-Maraura road 🎺	100	31 3.		15	4	92
(iii) Gursarai-Garautha road				7	5	338
(iv) Mau-Tehri road				4	6	0
(v) Talbehat railway feeder ro	ad			1	1	360
(vi) Lalitpur railway feeder ro	ad		•• [1	5	15
(vii) Jakhlaun railway feeder ro	ad	353.33		1	4	166
(viii) Goona Madanpur road	1 18 17	0.79+	•••	1	5	450
(ix) Babina railway feeder road				1	0	280
Local Intra Munic	ipal road	18.				
(x) Road from junction of Sip:	ri Gwali	or to canto	nment	0	3	395
(xi) Road from Allahabad bank				ŏ	5	340
(xii) Road from Sadar Bazar to	city -	- i-		1	0	189
(xiii) Road from dak bungalow t		1 717.		0	3	120
(xiv) Rood from junction to S			toward	0	4	260
(xv) Katchery raod	••	• ••	_	0	2	80
		Total		64	4	613
II First class roads, metalled, par	tially br	idged and	drained.			
(i) Jhansi-Nowgong roads				47	2	640
(ii) Ditto Diversion	roads			. 4	0	210
(iii) Mau-Punch road		••		43	4	330
(iv) Ratausa-Bukhara road				9	1	120
(v) Baragaon-Garautha road	••			14	0	0
(vi) Chirgaon-Bhander road	••			3	2	0
(vii) Moth-Samthar road	••	••	••	1	1	68
(viii) Mau-Rath road		• •		0	4	63
(ix) Ranipur railway feeder ro	ad	• •	••	1	6	360
(x) Sukhnai branch road	••	••	•••	0	3	440
(xi) Mau-Orai road				0	6	136
Local Intra Munic	pai road	t.	1			
(xii) Ratausa.Bukhara road	••	••		1	8	592
		Total		127	4	319
			7			

ROADS-(continued).

III.—Second class roads, unmet through		ged and drai	ned	Miles.	fur	f. ft.
(i) Lalitpur-Durjanpura .		••		2	0	0
(ii) Do. Jakhlaun	• •	••]	13	1	4
(iii) Do. Pali				13	2	80
(iv) Gugarwara	• •		•• }	12	2	.83
(v) Talbehat-Sirisghat		••	••	8	4	0
(vi) Bijrautha feeder road	••		••	4	0	0
(vii) Delwara do.	• •	• •	••	1	4	7
(viii) Dudhai-Dhaurra	• ••		••	4	6	395
(ix) Jakhaura feeder road				1		0
(x) Talbahat Pura Kalan wi Nathi Khera.	th branol	i from Hing	ora to	15	4	0
(xi) Gugarwara-Banpur	••	• •	•••	9	4	0
(xii) Parichha railway station	1	••	•• (1	0	0
(xiii) Jhansi-Unao	• •	••	•• }	7	0	Ü
(xiv) Babina Sirisghat	tion	••	••	13 1	44	0
(xv) Barwasagar railway stat	ATC14T	••	•• [1	4	0
(xvi) Mustara railway station (xvii) Jhansi-Murari	-	enon.	••	, <u>†</u> .	0	Ö
(xviii) Semri Nand khas	100 ATA	781	•••	1	4	ŏ
(xix) Garautha-Mau	(Table)	15 S.	•• [28	ō	ő
(xx) Mau Rupa Dhamua	7 V-48	34(2.55)		20	ŏ	ŏ
(xxi) Ranipur-Siaori	Tri. John			$ ilde{7}$	ŏ	ő
(xxii) Ranipur railway station	6.45			i	4	ŏ
(xxiii) Bamori Rora.	NEXTENS.			$\tilde{2}$	ō	ō
IV.—Fourth class roads, unm	etalled, bar	Total	··	147	7	520
bridged and	drained.	2.50				
(i) Durjanpura-Bajghat				11	2	0
(ii) Mandaura-Madanpur	251			12	0	0
(iii) Bangaria-Pirghat	• •			17	0	0
(iv) Betua-Jakhlaun ~	••		••	13	2	0
(v) Dhukwan Nathi Khera	• •	••	••	. 8	0	0
(vi) Moth-Bhander	••	• •	•• }	13	0	0
(vii) Baragaon-Garautha	••	••	••	25	ŏ	0
(viii) Garotha-Motikatra	• •	• •	••	.9	0	0
(ix) Gursarai-Saidnagar	• •	· ·		15	0	0
		Total		123	4	0
V—Fifth class roads, cleared, po	ırlially br	idged an d dro	ined.			
(i) Gugarwara-Kalgawan	••	••		13 17	$\frac{2}{4}$	0
(ii) Lalitpur-Jakhora (iii) Bansi-Bar	••	• •				
(iv) Bar-Banpur	••	••	:: }	22	4	0
(v) Bansi-Jakhora	••	••		9	4	0
(vi) Talbehat-Jakhora	••	••	::	14	4	ŏ
(vii) Jakhora-Rajghat	••	••		12	0	ō
(viii) Mahroni-Banpur		• •	:: [8	4	Ō
(ix) Bamori-Jalandar	•••	••		5	0	0

ROADS—(continued).

V.—Fifth class roads, cleared drained—(co	d, partially ncluded).	y br i dged an	đ	Miles.	fur	. ft.
(x) Narhat-Didonia				16	6	(
(xi) Mahroni-Narhat	••	••	•• {	20	4	à
(xii) Khetwans-Saidpur	••	••	•• }	16	ō	č
(xiii) Kanpura-Bamori	••	••	•• }	4	4	č
(xiv) Mandaura-Giror	••	••	::1	11	ō	ò
(xv) Bant-Jahazpur		••	:: }	3	ŏ	Č
(xvi) Jakhlaun-Dhaurra	••	••		8	ŏ	č
(xvii) Dudhai-Maholi	••	••	•••	6	ŏ	ò
(xviii) Bar-Hazariaghat	• •	••	•• {	13	ŏ	č
(xix) Paron-Churaoni	••	••	. ::}	Ί	4	ì
(xx) Hissar-Sairwans	••	••	1	8	ō	i
(xxi) Jhansi-Bhander	••	••	••	10	ŏ	ò
(xxii) Ambabai-Mawaigird	••	••	•	9	ŏ	ì
(xxiii) Ambabai-Badanpur	••	••	- 1	19	ŏ	ì
(xxiv) Babina-Badanpur	••	••	•• {	14	ŏ	i
(xxv) Jhansi-Baidora Pichhor	••	••	•••	18	ŏ	ì
(xxvi) Jhansi-Orchha		5%	•• }	1	4	ì
(xxvii) Jhansi-Bhagwantpura	100	30	••	2	4	i
exviii) Ghugna-Ranipur	A MARKET			16	ō	ď
(xxix) Moth-Gursarai		447.53.33	•••	17	ŏ	ď
(XXX) Erich-Bangra				36	Ö	
	147.484			24	ŏ	
(xxxi) Chirgaon-Gursarai xxxii) Ramnagar-Talaur		177	••]		0	- (
xxiii) Garautha-Iskil	1000		•••	11	-	(
	1 1 1	1 11	••]	18 9	Ŏ	!
txxiv) Garautha-Kakarwai	111.1				Ŏ	(
(xxxv) Kotra-Gursarai Saidnag	ar	111, 7	•••	2	Ô	(
xxxvij Iskil Dhikauli	reference of	HARAGE	••	5	õ	9
xxvii) Kaidartai Nipan		•	••	8	0	(
xviii) Mau Bhakoro Pachoro	A Carlo		••]	3	Õ	- (
xxxix) Mau-Bhonda	To the second	5	••	9	0	- (
(xl) Mau Churara			•• ;	6	0	- (
(xli) Sukunai bridge Ganoopy		-:•	••]	5	0	- (
(xlii) Mau-Ghat Lahchura	य दिवा	-144	••	11	0	(
		Total		471	2	(
VI.—Sixth class roa	ds cleared	only.				
(i) Mahroni-Jagora	••	••	••	16 5	0	9
(ii) Jakhora-Kotra	••	• •	••	12	0	- 1
(iii) Mandaura-Sojna	••	••	•••		0	
(iv) Jakhlon-Khitwans	••	••	••	14	4	- (
(v) Maholi-Amjhora		• •	••	5	Ŏ	-
(vi) Dongra-Sarhunar	••	••	••	14	0	
(vii) Kelgawan-Banpur	••	• ••	••	9	0	- (
(viii) Larwari-Kelagwan				9	0	
(ix) Ghurai-Dhukwan with pura.	branch .	Labohura-T	hakur.	9	0	(
(x) Tankori-Nitra	••	• •	••	16	0	- (
(xi) Simthari-Chirgaon	••	• •	••	2	0	
(xii) Barwasagar-Dhamne	• •	••	••	11	4	9
(xiii) Baghera-Ghuraiya	••	••	••	3	0	- (
				7	4	(
(xiv) Garhwai-Kakarwai	**		(
(xv) Bhitaura-Markan (xvi) Digara-Bhitora	••	••	••	25 2	0	(

VI.—Sixth class roads cleared only. Miles. fqr. ft	17.7	DS—(conc	luded).				
(xviii) Ghat-Lahchura Sijari	VI.—Sixth class roads	cleared or	ıly.		Miles.	fur.	ft
(i) Ghisauli to Dhukwan 5 0 0 (ii) Raipur to Sorai 3 0 0 (iii) Harorpur to Chhipai and Lalaun 6 0 0 (iv) Baroda Dang to Tenta and Samra Dang 6 0 0 (v) Saipura Munzabta to Deogarh 7 0 0 (vi) Baut to Balabehat via Morari 18 0 0 (vii) Morari to Dhojri Retghat 10 0 0 (viii) Bamori Bansa to Morari 5 0 0 (ix) Maholi to Kanpora 5 0 0	(xviii) Ghat-Lahchura Sijari (xix) Bangra-Katera	••	Total	••	3 6 3	0 0 0	0
(i) Ghisauli to Dhukwan 5 0 0 (ii) Raipur to Sorai 3 0 0 (iii) Harorpur to Ohhipai and Lalaun 6 0 0 (iv) Baroda Dang to Tenta and Samra Dang 6 0 0 (v) Saipura Munzabta to Deogarh 7 0 0 (vi) Baut to Balabehat via Morari 18 0 0 (vii) Morari to Dhojri Retghat 10 0 0 (viii) Bamori Bansa to Morari 5 0 0 (ix) Maholi to Kanpora 5 0 0	VII — Forest	roads.			or animal significant priority to the		
	(i) Ghisauli to Dhukwan (ii) Raipur to Sorai (iii) Harorpur to Chhipai and I (iv) Baroda Dang to Tenta and (v) Saipura Munzabta to Deog (vi) Baut to Balabehat via Mor (vii) Morari to Dhojri Retghat (viii) Bamori Bansa to Morari	 Lalaun I Samra D arh	1243	••	3 6 7 18 10 5	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

FERRIES.

River.	Ferry.	Village.	Tahsil.		Management.	Income average of 3 years.
	77					Rs.
(Erachh	Erachh	Moth	••	District Board	122
	Kukargaon	Kukargaon	Do.	••	Do	22
ŀ	Manikpura	Manikpura	Do.	••	Do	40
	Bhaunra	Bhaunra	Do.	••	Do	48
	Ramnagar	Ramnagar	Do.	••	: Do	175
1	Barehta	Barchta	Jhansi	••	Do	508
<u></u>	Tilehta	Tilehta	Do.	••	Do	68
Betwa.	Nohat	l obat	Do.		Do	2,150
	Dhikauli	Dhikauli	Garautha	••	Do	26
Ï	Manahari	Sairwans	Lalitpur	••	Do	14
	Seoni	Seoni	Do.		Do	38
-	Rajghat	Rampura	Do.		Do	24
- 1	Kisalwans	Kisalwans	Do.		Do	83
(Basman	Basman	Do.		Do	24
Jamni,	Amghat	Kelgawan	Mahroni		Do,	20
Dha. (Pindarghat	Pindar and	Do.	••	Do	11
san. {	Lahohura	Ramgarh. Lahchura	Mau	٠.	Do	16

POST OFFICE, 1915.

Tahsil	,	Pargan	a.	Office.		Class,
1		2		3	_	4
Jhansi		Jhansi Do. Do. Do. Do.	••	Jhansi Babina Baragaon Barwasagar Dhukwan woir	•••	Head office. Branch office. Do. Do. Do.
Moth		Moth		Erachh		Do.
Jhansi	{	Jhansi Do.	••	Raksa Sainyar darwaza		Do. Do.
Mau	••	Mau	••	Ghat Lahchura	••	Do.
Jhansi		Jhansi Do.		Jhansi Cantonment Jhansi city Orchhagate Jhansi R. S. Garhia Phatak Pulia No. 9 Sipri Bazar Jhansi Sadar Bazar Chirgaon Parichha		Sub-office. Do. Branch office. Sub-office. Do. Do. Sub-office. Do. Sub-office. Do. Sub-office.
Girautha	{	Garautha Do. Do.		Garautha Gursarai Kakarwai	••	Sub-office, Branch office, Do.
Lalitpur	{	Lalitpur Banpur Bansi	10 - 1.	Lalitpur Banpur Bansi		Sub-office. Branch office. Do.
Mahroni	••	Ваприт		Bar a Hu 4		Do.
Lalitpur		Lalitpur Balabehat Bansi Lalitpur Do. Balabehat	• •	Birdha Oudhai Jakhaura Jakhlaun Kelwara Narhat		Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Mau	{	Mau Do. Do.	••	Mau Ghat Kotra Katora	•••	Sub-office. Branch office. Do.
Garautha Mau Mau	••	Garautha Mau M au	••	Pandwaha Siaori Uldan	••	Do. Do. Do.
Mahroni	}	Mahroni Madaura Do. Mahroni	** ***	Mahroni Girar Madaura Sonjna	••	Sub-office, Branch office. Do. Do.
Moth Lalitpur Mau		Moth Do. Talbahet Do. Mau		Moth Baghaira Talbahet Nathi Khera Ranipur	•••	Sub-office. Branch office. Sub-office. Branch office. Sub-office.

Name of tabsil.		Name of pargana. Name of village or town.	Day or days on which market held.	Name of fair and the date on which the fair is held.	Remarks.
		Sainyar	:	Shri Mahodeoji Mansa Nath, Bhadon Sudi	
		Ruksa	5	Mahadeoji Phagun Badi	
		Lahar Gird		Deviji-Kunwar and	
		Pirthipura-Niya Khera		Deviji Chait Budi	
Jhansi	J. Jbansi	Babina	day		
		Barwasagar Lidhora	Friday Thursday		
		Palar	Sunday		
		Baragaon	Monday		
		Jhansi	Daily and cattle mart on Monday and Thurs- day.		
		Uldan	Tuesday		
		:	Monday		
		Bamori	:		
Мап	/ Mau	Bhadarwara	Monday		
		Bhanpura	: :		
		Pulra	:		
	7	· Pirthipura	F'rtday	-	

				Cattle Market. (Town basar	dally).
Jal Bihar-Bhadon Sudi	/ 12th. Kedar Nath-Makar Sankrat and Asarh	Sudi Puran Mashi. Jal Bihar (Bhadon Sudi 12th about 16th	September). Fair of Gauraiya Mata- Asarh Sudi Puran. Mashi	Jal Bihar Fair Bhadon Sudi 12th about 16th	Septemost.
Sunday Tuesday Wednosday Monday Sahurday Tuesday Wednesday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Wendesday Sunday Sunday Welhosday Methosday		Saturday Thursday Monday Tuesday Saturday Thursday	Friday Tuesday Sunday	Saturday and Sunday	Saturday Thussday
::::::	· ·	Sati Thu Puo Sati Thu	Friday Tuesday Sunday	Sati	Sature Tue
Pahari Busung Patha Patha Pikholi Churera Dhawakar Dhama Paik	Roni	Rora Bewan Ratausa Siaori Sijara Katera	Kagar Kheron Kakwara Gairaha	Mau Khas	Nota Hati
		Mau			_

v.e	Remarks.	i 48h. 58h. 68h.	7th. 8th. 9th.		
d farrs a		Ohait Badi 4th. Do. 5th. Do. 6th.	కేదేదే		
on which markets an	Day or days on which . Name of fair and the date market held.	Deviji Durgaë Mahadeoji-Basant' Pan-tohmi. (1) Mahadeoji ka Mela (2) Kalindri ka Mela (3) Mata ka Mela (3) Mata ka Mela	ka " Jhait Badi id remains	Mahabirji Chait Badi	ora
ansi district showing days held—(continued.)	Day or days on which . market held.	Menday and Tuesday Saturday Thursday Sunday Sunday Thursday Sunday and Wednesday	:	:	Cotorder
List of vibages and towns etc., in the shansi district showing days on which markets and fairs are $held$ —(continued.)	Name of village or town.	Chirgaon Talor Bakwan Siwaria Rampura Shahpur Nand Khas	Belwan	Bharosa	Simthari
rillages and town	'Name of pargana.	Moth			7
Lust of v	Name of tahsil.	Moth		• -=	

Deviji-Chait Sudi Pu- ran Mashi.	Gushain Baba, Baisakh Sudi Puran Mashi.	Jal Bihar, Bhadon Sudi 12th and Ram Lila Magh,	On the 1st Tuesday after Nag Panchami	Bishwa Mitraji, Katik Sudi Paran Mashi.		
Monday Saturday Thursday Monday Friday Thesday Sunday Tuesday Wednesday	: <	Taesday	Monday and Thursday	Saturday Monday and Thursday Monday and Thursday.	Saturday Saturday Monday Friday Wednesday and Saturday and Saturday	Saturday
Singar Bamor Garlwai Kurcha Riyan Bhadarwara Iskil Skil Skia Dhikoli	Sutta	Garautha Kalan	Do. Khurd Turka Lachura	Pandwah Mabewa Eoni Gurha Erich	Mar Kuan Barora Moti Katra Nunar	Gursenda Gburaiya
Garautha						

Garautha ...

List of v	illages and	town	s etc., in	the Inansi	nsi district showing days held—(concluded).	List of villages and towns etc., in the Thansi district showing days on which markets and fairs are held—(concluded).	fairs are
Name of tahsil.	Name of pargana.	гвапа.	Nа то of v	Name of village or town,	Day or days on which market held.	Name of fair and the date on which the fair is held.	Remarks,
			Lalitpur Khas	Khas	Wednesday and Satur-		
	Lalitpur	:	Thanwara Dailwara Lagon Serwans		Sunday Friday Monday Friday	Sant Nath Chait and	
	Bansi	: :	Nanaura Bansi	्र - १ २५ ४ .६ १व नय	Tuesday Wednesday and Satur-	Baisakh.	
Lalitpur			Jakhora Pura Kalan		Thursday Sunday	Downs A whose Dod: 0 and	
	Тањева	:	Kotra	: :	:	and 3rd. Bhourat Baba, Chait Badi 4th and ends to	
	Lalitpur	;	Birdha Talbehat		Saturday Friday and Monday	and Puran Mashi. Piron-ka Mela, Bhadon Radi 9th to 11th	
	Talbehat	:	Batwaho	: : :	:	(August). Jhumar Nath, Phagun Badi 14th to Sudi Parwan 3 days.	

Deva Baba, Chait Sudi 9th and 10th.	Tuesday Audohor Baba, Makar Shankrat 13th or	Sunday Saturday Monday	Sunday Sunday and Wednesday Friday and Monday Tuesday Wednesday Pandwan ka Mela, Bashakha Sudi 10th Esshakha Sudi 10th	Sunday Sunday Friday	Thursday Friday Saturday Monday Shankrat Pandwar—be- gins from Shankrat and ends after 4 days Mahadoni — Marh Ba.	Tuesday Treesday
;	::	:::		ő Xű	::::::	<u> </u>
Dhamkana	Pipra Dhoji	Pali Dongra Kalan Balabehat	Banpur Kaligawan Bar Gugarwana Billa Parol	Sindwaha Mahroni Kumheri Gurlia	Narhat Dongra Kalan Madaura Saidpur Saunrai Barakehra	Markhera Kari Toran
:		:	:	:	:	
Talbehat		Валарећа	Ba n pur	Mahroni	Madaura	-

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi District including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range. Par	ga na.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.	
Juansi Jhans	si	Babina Baghora Bangawan Barora Dhukwan Ganeshpura Ghisauli Lahar Thakurpura, Vaukna Manpur Nohra Pirthipura Pura Rasina Rasoi Saiyar Saikar Simaia Simaia Simrabari Sukhwan Thakurpura Koti Bajna Simraha Digara Chamrowa Khailar Punaoli Dhikoli Sijwaha Jhansi Tukra	1,218·62 472·29 684·80 198·47 503·68 143·29 283·15 1,057·68 228·75 195·85 878·71 269·22 283·11 304·01 185·29 651·28 151·56 168·09 225·00 1,243·83 278·27 538·95 1200·75 580·69 325·15 229·03 617·92 490·77 414·23 925·64 124·75	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
Mau M Garautha.	au itha.	Total Jhansi Range. Barora Ghat Lachura Ghurat Kachneo Kheri Khisni Buzurg Magarwara Rora Bhatpura Ganupura Magarpur Barmain Bhasneh (including Madhopura Itaura and Ranapura).	14,719·43 419·79 680·42 887.76 170·10 315·78 1,077·61 680·60 1,625.19 489·44 802·74 283·63 1,258·18	Reserved Forest.	

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
Mau Garautha. (conold.)	Garautha	Gurha Imlota Kharwaneh Ramora Tharro Moti Katra	877 · 55 485 · 28 230 · 26 673 · 36 435 · 68 2,268 · 93	Reserved Forest. —(concld.)
		Total Mau Garotha Range.	13,642.40	
Moth (Under Collector's charge.)	Moth	Amkhera Atanya Anpara Baghonia Bakwan Bambrauh Barahta Barol Barthori Bharora Bharatpura Dewal Dhamua Ghusgawan Imlia Jauna Kargwan Karkos Khiria Nand Kumhrar Ladhari Ludhyai Mahewa Mirauna Moth Massuli Nand Khas Nand Pahari Nibi Nimonia Belmau Kumharia Bhaura Ghat Bijta Buraoli Chelra Chhirauna	51 48 12 68 10 18 18 50 14 65 14 02 81 17 14 70 14 94 7 41 288 44 15 00 8 98 24 96 19 98 13 22 28 49 89 74 17 25 23 84 58 87 8 14 22 46 22 32 9 58 7 73 10 72 1 46 15 57 24 80 10 60 27 43 8 85	Reserved Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
Moth (Under Collector's charge.) —(concid.)	Moth	Chirgaon Dabra Dabra Dabri Dedar Deora Pahari Parichha Patharra Patti Kumharra Pura Chirgaon Pura Nand Ram Nagar Rarua Reo Sai Saina Saran Saran Saran Saran Saran Saran Saran Saran Tanda Total Moth Forest,	28.86 8.92 52.49 12.14 21.51 21.17 4.95 19.10 5.00 16.02 12.39 15.72 33.60 12.75 11.88 16.69 278.64 9.59 12.80 10.30 8.88 183.81 10.80 15.70 17.65 19.25	Reserved Forest (concld.)
North Lalitpur.	Talbehat	Barma! Behar Shahpur Jharar Hinauta Thana Bangawan Kalan Kapur Khurd Kapur Kalan Gugar Bhadona Rajawan Talbehat Karesra Pawa Nathi Khera Birdha Hissar Sanori Piprai Rajpur	334 · 00 184 · 00 50 · 00 50 · 00 115 · 00 298 · 00 24 · 00 75 · 00 64 · 00 57 · 00 101 · 00 526 · 42 151 · 00 576 · 00 1,993 · 00 1,577 · 00 1,330 · 00 207 · 00 1,052 · 00 1,052 · 00 1,052 · 00	Roserved Protected Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
North; Lalitpur— (concld.)	Talbehat— (concld.) Bansi Banpur	Bijrotha Gulenda Lalove Jamalpur Sarkharı Man Haraspur Pipra Chhipai Baroda Dang Semra Dang Bamori Kharet Porone Bar Tori Larwari	914·00 885·00 360·00 448·00 80·00 4,060·00 826·00 362·00 2,671·00 296·00 310·00 590·00 152·00 281·00	Reserved Forest, - (coneld.)
	Lalitpur	Kachnoda Total North Lalit- pur Range.	202·00 203·00 21,809·42	/
South Lalitpur.	Lalitpur B a labe h at.	Sairwans Dudhai Pian Bharauch Murari Chautraghat Balabehat Beoharpura Paterai Rasoi Hinota Bamori Bansa Umaria Wiran Bijori Danwar Chaubaro Pepronia Banspur Saipura Khalsa Maholi Kirroda Mamda Sukhpura Richha Deogarh Kuchdon Saipura Jamunia Chandpur Jehajpur Chauka	184·00 6,820·00 183·00 1911·00 812·00 459·00 4,558·00 501·00 1,428·00 310·00 795·00 2,877·00 197·00 229·00 541·00 698·00 753·00 499·00 698·00 176·00 1,100·00 630·00 1,100·00 630·00 1,100·00 630·00 1,100·00 630·00 1,100·	Reserved Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
South Lalitour. —(concld.)	Balabehat } Madaura	Garauli (north) Garauli (south) Amau Khera Lakhanjher Gonthra Papro Bangawan (north), Bangawan (south), Bandwa Solda Dhauri Sagor Madanpur (west) Nimkhera Barkhera Pavol Patna Madanpur (east) Dorutala Amoda Bhonti Talgawan Barai Hadda Thangana Gona Patna Wiran Jetupura Kurrat Barwar Pisnari (north) Pisnari (south) Gora Kalan (Hansri) Uldana Sonrai Sarkora Sojna	294·00 499·00 280·00 3,714·00 3,714·00 1,486·00 497·00 642·00 1,425·00 2,446·00 5,497·00 2,135·05 264·00 582·00 1,500·00 1,500·00 1,500·00 1,500·00 1,22·00 307·00 317·30 294·00 2,284·56 592·00 1,814·00 33·00 2,446·00 1,814·00 2,245·00 1,600 1,00	Reserved Forest.—(condd.)
		Total South Lallt pur Range. Total Jhansi district,	38,592·56 120,639·61	

JALAUN.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXV

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD :

Printed by F. Luker, Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces, 1915.

PREFACE.

This brief supplement has been compiled by me under G. O. No. 1554/I-431, dated the 8th August That Government Order contemplates the printing of a volume B only, viz., a statistical appendix with notes; but I found, when I attempted the task. that a more comprehensive revision was necessary if the supplement was to be of any real service. Figures, where required for a single year only, have been given (or 1911-12) as required by paragraph for 1911 3 of the Government Order: but where a series is needed, I have not confined myself to a single decade from 1901, but have added the statistics for two more years, as it seemed pedantic to leave blank the columns for 1912 and 1913 when, in point of fact, figures for these years were actually available and were written in manuscript in the district copies of the Gazetteer.

Further, when it came to inserting notes to explain the statistics, I found that many events had occurred since the Gazetteer was printed, that these events, with corrections, annotations, and modifications, had been recorded by my predecessors and myself opposite the relevant portions of the text, and that the majority of these notes fell naturally into their places as commentaries on the text, and could not, without losing all their usefulness and interest, be abstracted into mere brief notes to the appendix. The text itself moreover contains, as it stands, numerous statements which are now inaccurate, and which urgently call for correction if the present revision is to be regarded as bringing the Gazetteer in any way up to date.

For these reasons I have compiled this supplement in its present form and have even made a few allusions to the current year, in the hope that the notes and additions may be of real service to readers of the Gazetteer. I have freely copied and compiled the manuscript notes made by my predecessors, and my acknowledgements are particularly due to Mr. L. M. Stubbs and Mr. A. C. Chatterjee.

OBAI: July 1914.

E. A. P.



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Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		Снарт	ER I.—GENE	RAL FEATURES.
1	Boundaries and area.	2	Allaha b a d division.	It belongs to the Jhansi division since 1st November 1911.
		3	"Area"	On 1st October 1914, 10 villages will be transferred to Jalaun from Jhansi district (vide Government notification no. 2759/I665, dated the 16th December 1913). This will affect the statistics, as regards pargana Kunch and police station Kailiya and the whole district, of boundaries, population, area, schools, roads, &c.
2	Natural di- visions.	4	"Of low hummocks."	Rather an under statement.
	General appearance.	3	"Ganget i c alluvium."	This is doubtful.
3	Soils	11	"Almost white."	"Reddish" would be a better description.
		At end of page	"Rabi "	i. e. with irrigation.
		or page	"Connoting detera- teior."	Read "connoting deteriorated."
4,	Proporti o n and compo- sition of soils.	Do.	•••	See also the report of the Orai Experimental Farm, 1909-10 and 1910-11, in one issue.
	80118.	2	"Native"	i. e. Native States.
5	River sys- tem.	4	" Deep-bed- ded."	The Malanga is a very shallow stream (overflowing its banks in the rains) up to the point where the Jalaun-Bangra road is carried over it by a bridge.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES - (continued).
6		4	"The Non"	The map misnames, but the two names Non and Malanga appear to be interchangeable.
7	The Betwa	3 and 4	"Bed is no longer strewn with rocks and boulders."	There are several near Kotra.
		9	"Fordable."	Except in the rains.
8	Drainage	12 End of para.	"Ravines" "The flood"	Which are covered with low jungle. It probably now runs off in ravines, &c.
9	Jungle	Do.	"Runds"	Rund Timron still exists but grass is not very abundant.
	Groves	3	"Practically unknown." "Mahuas"	An over statement. The Mahua is by no means very plentiful in the district. The Pipal and the Bargad grow fairly well if looked after a little. So does the tamarind. After Babul, Nim is the commonest tree. Jamun grows well on Parwa land and should be encouraged. The enemies to tree cultivation in the district besides climate are (1) white ants, (2) goats:—nearly every family keeps goats.
		End of para.	"And a few other places."	The road side avenues are fairly good, specially along the District Board metalled roads; but the old Millingtonia avenues should be gradually replaced.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL.FE	ATURES—(continued).
10	Precarious tracts.	6	"Its downy blossoms being carried miles by the wind and establishing it in fields hitherto exempt from its baneful action, and defies the efforts of the cultivator to eradicate it."	It is uncertain whether Kans spreads in this way. This weed only needs men and labour and unfortunately that is where Jalaun is deficient. Slackness in cultivation encourages the spread of Kans. The comparative utility of embanking and of digging is a matter of opinion. In the tamine of 1913-14 a lot of Act XIX takavi was distributed to eradicate "Kans," but digging was not deep or systematic, and a great deal of the money was used in other ways.
11	Experimental plantations.		"Forest offi-	apparent, besides the arrest of the formation of ravines (1) there was fodder (grass) available in the Kalpi plantation in the rainless July of 1911 when it was not to be had any where else in the neighbourhood: similarly in the fodder-famine of 1913; but it was sold to Grass Farm (Military). The mere fencing and reserving of the area in fact ensure both a luxuriant crop of grass and a steady growth and reproduction of "acacias" of various sorts. (2) A large number of pig shelter themselves in the jungle by day and devastate the crops of neighbouring villages by night.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Снарти	R J.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES - (continued).
12	Buildin g materials.	5	"Rs. 7 per 100 cubic. feet."	The rate varies very much. The ravines are mostly at considerable distances from the metalled roads of the district hence the trouble in maintaining them.
		End of para.	" Comm o n bricks"	Bricks are usually bad.
		Do.	"Tiles"	The flat tiles in common use in the district are notoriously good. It will be a good thing if the village potters are gradually taught to manufacture semicircular tiles.
	Fauna	4	" Found "	Read " frequent."
		6 End of para.	"Gazelle" "Larger streams."	Nilgai are also plentiful in places. There are also said to be Sambhar along the Betwa.
,		Do.	"Hares, &c."	Monkeys also abound.
	Birds	5	"Kinds of geese."	The spot-bill breeds here regularly.
13	Cattle	. 5	"Rs. 20 to Rs. 25."	Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 was probably nearer the mark in 1911, and prices were still higher in 1913. There is a market at Orai also.
		10	"Cattle market at Kunch."	Both these cattle markets yield a fair income to the municipalities and can be properly supervised. The market at Amkhera no longer exists. Attempts to start marts in the interior of the district should not be encouraged. A cattle market thrives at Rampura.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	No	otes u p	to da	te.	
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES—	-(conti	nued)).	
		13	" Suffered "	Also from	cattle	diseas	se.	
14		4	" 84,326 plo- ugh ani- mals."		1		ï	1
			~ 3	1904-5.	Bulls and bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.	Cow buffaloes.
				Orai Jalaun Kalpi Kunch Total	27,606 20.926 18,087	14,078 17,874 18,872 10,071 60,890	1,806 1,205 582	5,881 14,866 8,249 9,885 37,881
				Orai Jalaun Kalpi Kunch Total	22,802 16,968 13,693	9,256 12,519 11,558 6,314 89,642	858 288 193	5,108 13,684 7,642 7,528 88,952
			1 11	Cattle taka is a most sistance t	desira	ble fo	rm o	f as-
	Horses	End of para.	" Breed of horses."	It would b	e quite	e usel e	988.	
ļ	Otber ani- mals.	8	" Ghi."	Very little goats' mil deficient i milk is co buffaloe n ghi.	k which in cre nsume	ch is e am. d, whi	xceed: The ile cov	ingly goats v and
15	Other animals.	2	"They" viz., carts.		purj y good	poses carts	and can b	very

Page.	Heading	Line.	Words.	Names up to date.
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES—(concluded).
	Cattle disease.	8	"System of quaran-tine."	More could be done if it were really possible to prevent flaying of the beasts dead from disease and the sale of their hides.
		11	" Veterinary Assistant."	There are now two (1911).
i	Climate	3	"Dry and chilly."	Except when it rains, when it is fearfully damp.
		9	"Rays of the	The glare of the sun is the chief trouble in the hot weather here.
17	Diseases	4	"Fever"	A severe epidemic of fever (a kind of mixture, of malaria, pneumonia and remittent fever) raged throughout the south of the district during the hot weather (April—July) of 1911 causing heavy mortality among the poorer classes.
	Cholera	<i>!</i>		Cholera was rather bad in Kunch in 1913.
18	Smallpox	End of para.	"Increased mortality."	There is still very little re-vacci- nation in the district. This should be encouraged.
	Other diseases.	Middle of para.	"Plague"	Plague occurred in Itaura and Rura Addu in 1910, and also appeared near Hadrukh in March 1911 claiming about fifty victims in two months. Again in 1912-13 and 1913-14 it appeared and carried off large numbers of people, especially in Kunch town and neighbouring villages, e. g. Anda, Chandni, Chandurra, &c. Inhabited sites are freely and willingly evacuated, and inoculation is accepted if encouraged with tact.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Chapter	II.—A	GRICUL T U	RE AND COMMERCE.
19	System of Agriculture.	Middle of page	"Rice"	Very rare, 1,000 acres are generally about the limit; but there were 1,500 acres in 1911 and a good crop. For some time canal water was given free of charge; but half rates were levied in 1912. The rice area is in the north-west corner of the district, viz. round Madhogarh and Kuthaund. Rice is now discouraged, and cotton given preference, under the auspices of the Agricultural Department (1913).
20		1	" Muraos "	They are not called Muraos here.
		1 of second para. 7 of second para.	daries."	There are some, but the fields are larger than in most districts. Unlike other districts, all cattle are stalled in the village, and not in sheds in the village lands. The village sites being far apart, fields at any distance from the village get no manure. Moreover owing to the indolence of the Bundelkhandi, cattle are not taken out to graze till about 10 a.m. and return about 4 p.m.
		End of para.	" Poppy "	Poppy is not grown at all. Linseed and dhania (coriander seed) are now becoming popular and fetch good prices. Efforts are also being made to popularize groundnut.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER II.—A	GR I C	ULTURE AN	D COMMERCE—(continued).
24	Kharif crops.	End of para.	" Bajra "	In 1911 owing to the very late rain, there was a much larger area of bajra than of juar.
25	Cotton	8	" Rains "	Moreover too little or too heavy rain in September and October is disastrous to cotton.
		13	" Cotton "	In 1913 the Director of Land Records and Agriculture encouraged cotton, distributing selected "Rath" seed, and arranging for irrigation facilities. Considering the failure of the rains, this cotton did very well where it got enough canal water.
		End of para.	"Ready market."	Also in Kunch; moreover gins and presses exist at Kunch and Kalpi and also one (hardly ever worked) at Ait.
26	Other kharif crops.	6	"Cultivation of cane."	Agricultural officers think that groundnut on Parwa soil will pay the Jalaun tenant much better than sugarcane.
	Rabi crops	9	" Kathia "	Kathia is fast giving place to Pisiya now, and in many fields a mixture of Kathia and Pisiya is grown.
27		12	"Mingli ng differ e n t plants."	In 1909, particularly in Kalpi tahsil, wheat failed to germinate very often, while gram did not.
		Middle of page		Linseed and Dhanya areas are increasing.
,				

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER II.—A	GR I C	ULTURE AN	D COMMERCE—(contiuned).
28	A l	3	" Kusum "	Both Kusum and Al are quite extinct now in the district. Al trees survive in many places as curiosities.
29	The agricul- tural station at Orai.	5	" Represen- tative."	Only partially representative.
		9	"Ex per i- ments."	Zamindars and "honorary visi- tors" are asked once or twice a year to attend informal shows and demonstrations at the sta-
		End of para.	"Station"	A branch farm was started in 1913 at Madhogarh and various kinds of cotton, &c., sown with some success.
	Irrigation	End of page.	"Metho di- cally de- veloped."	Not as much as it should be. The popularity of "bandhis" grows very slowly and people are usually opposed to them on the black soils. In raviny tracts however, and to prevent erosion, they are appreciated. A great many such bandhis are being constructed as relief works under the Irrigation department during the current famine, 1913-14.
30		End of para.	"Only in tahsil Jalaun Kach-cha wells."	Some hundreds of kachcha wells were successfuly dug in Urkhara Kalan and other villages west of river Nun, near Mangraul in pargana Kalpi, with takavi, in the autumn of 1913.
31	The Betwa canal.	3	" Weir "	A second weir has now been added near Parichha.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE—(continued).
32		End of para.	" Completion of a second weir at Dukhwan."	This has now been done, but it was considered doubtful even then whether in a bad famine year there would be enough water for both harvests. This misgiving was entirely borne out by the experience of 1913-14: much water was wasted in the kharif season and the supply of irrigation for rabi, was miserably disappointing. A third reservoir is badly needed.
35	Famine of 1868-69.	M id- dle of	" 1869 "	Mr. White was Collector.
36	Famine of 1895-97.	para. B eg- in- n ing of	"1896-97"	Mr. Calnan was Collector.
39	Famine of 1905-6.	para. 12	"Collector"	Mr. F. J. Cooke.
40	Famine of 1907-08.	6 End of	"1907" "12,484,816"	Mr. R. L. H. Clarke was Collector. Viz. units.
44	Agricultural Banks.	page.	" Kalpi "	This branch has been abolished, but loans given out by it are still in course of realisation (1913).
45	•••	3	" Dealings"	Individual loans from the district bank are now discouraged, and a fair number of independent banks dealing with the district bank have already been formed: others are being gradually added.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE—(continued).
		4	"6 per cent."	Reduced to $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
		End of para.	" Jagnewa and Nagri."	Abolished in 1910.
46	Trade.	8 of para. 2	" Hedge "	The total disappearance of this hedge is remarkable. Traces of it appear to exist near Waoli. There are two bungalows, at Jagammanpur and Jalaun.
47	•••	Lower part of para. 2.	"Kunch"	Kunch is now the largest mart in the district, but its trade also is threatened by the progressive (?) policy of Gwalior which is building branch railways, developing its small towns and has imposed protective duties, both on imports and exports, across our border; e.g. each head of cattle exported from Gwalior has to pay Rs. 2.
48	•••	End of para, 2.	"Kotra, &c."	Exports of grain from Ait were 1,772 Mds. in 1909, 1,860 in 1908, and less before that.
		2	" Zamurdi."	A very small business and very poor indeed now; and most of the men who did it are either dead or very old or have taken to other work.
		8	"Patterns."	The patterns are not local but are believed to come from Dattia and Sampthar.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE - (continued).
49	Factories	6	" Ait. "	The factory at Ait did not work at all in 1911-12, and only for a month in 1912-13. It cannot hold its own with Kunch, where the factory was doing well in 1912-13.
				Even Kunch factory (owned by Parsis) did very little in 1913-14, owing to failure of the rains and the shortage of cotton.
50	Communications.	4.	"Roads"	Even the metalled roads of the district get into a very bad condition in the rains. The unmetalled roads are then impassable, even in tabsil Jalaun. The needs of the district include an extension of the railway from Kunch to Jalaun and Madhogarh; and also, or alternatively, a metalled road from Kunch to Bangra and via Madhogarh to Kuthaund. This would open up the fertile land-locked parts of the district.
51	Railways	End of para.	" Out-agen- cies,"	Not now. Abolished in 1908 and 1909, and much of the trade of Madhogarh and Jalaun has been diverted to Auraiya.
	Roads	Mid- dle of para.	" Six "	This is a misprint; possibly 86 was meant; the present mileage totals 86.22, see appendix page XXVIII.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER II.	-AG	RICULTURE	AND COMMERCE—(concld.).
52	Bungalows.	End of page.	"Kalpi to Hamirpur."	Not bridged, partially metalled.
		3 & 4	"Ata," "Ait" and "Madho- garh."	The bungalow at Ait has been repaired and is habitable but very small. Those at Ata and Somai are habitable but small. The bungalow at Madhogarh is only a wretched room on the top of the Tahsili school; but the District Board contemplates building a new Inspection bungalow there in 1914-15.
		7	"Ait"	Read "Air." The Canal bung- alows are clean and in good repair.
	Ferries.	9	"Rs. 6,500."	The income is much less now, and mostly swallowed up in maintenance. The surplus if any is given to the District Board.
53	Ferries.	. 2	"Shergar h- ghat."	Managed by Etawah.
	Bridges.	End of para.	"Roadway."	Only for foot passengers. It would be a great convenience if a cart road could be maintained along this bridge.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
			Chapter III.	—THE PEOPLE.
57	Census	7	"General rise."	It is always high at harvest time; vide Census report. Figures for 1911 were:— Males 209,525, Females 195,250: Total 404775. This is an actual variation of 5,049 on the 1901 figures, or +1·3 per cent. The 1891-1901 variation was 8 per cent.
İ	Towns and villages.	12	"Jalaun"	Jalaun tahsil has also much the largest area in the district.
58		7—12		Many of the brick dwellings in the villages are in a ruinous condition now. So are also the temples. Pious men of the present generation prefer to build new temples instead of conserving the old.
	Migration.	End of page.	"Immig- rants." "Migration."	i. e. Harvesters. i. e. to escape payments.
59		3	"Emig- rants."	The people of Jalaun very seldom migrate to any distant places. The amount of postal money orders received from outside is very small. There is a very great contrast in this respect from the circumstances of the eastern districts. As a matter of fact emigration need not be encouraged except to the mills in Cawnpore, for the great want in most villages is a sufficient number of able-bodied workers.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сна	PTER I	II.—THE PE	${ m OPLE} ext{}(continue m{d}).$
59	Sex	End of para.	"Female infanticide."	Infanticide is not now active or general, and the provisions of the Act have been withdrawn: neglect of female children however is common.
	Religion	Do.	"Centres of Muhamma- dan rule."	Also in some villages like Ait and Muhamadabad in pargana Orai, where the inhabitants are mostly converts from Hinduism. The weavers of Kotra and Saiyidnagar are also converts.
59	Christianity	1	"Europeans"	The unusually large European population was apparently due
60		4	"M. E. Church." "Sub-di v ision."	to Survey, &c. The M. E. Church centre is at Cawnpore. In 1913 the M. E. Church gave their figures as— Christian community 560 Male workers 18 Zanana 11 European Christians 0 "They call them "circuits."
		End of para.	"Court of the Sessions Judge."	Read "Police office."
			The Chaplain of Jhansi."	Read "an S. P. G. Chaplain from Cawnpore."
	Other denominations.	Middle of pa- ra,	"Samajists."	Any such connection is highly doubtful. The Aryas and Christians appeal to entirely different classes.
61	Hindu castes	3	"No caste"	Probably mostly illegitimate persons.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Ch	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE - (continued).
61	Chamars	2	" Lona Cham- ars."	The number of Lona Chamars appears to have been under-enumerated. They are really a quasi criminal tribe.
		7	"Own no land as pro- prietors."	With one or two possible exceptions.
32	Rajputs	Middle of pa	and Kur-	And Lodhis.
	Sengars	ra. 1	mis." "Sengars"	The Sengars occupy the north- western part of tahsil Jalaun, the Kachhwaha country is to the south of that of the Sengars.
		6 and 7	"Raja of Jagamman- pur.	See Tod's Rajasthan. At Fateh- pur there is believed to be an- other.
		Last line of pa-	"Kachhwa - has."	Sengars are slightly below Kachh- wahas. A well-to-do Kachh- wahu will not marry his daugh-
63	Kachhwahas	ge. 7	" Narwar"	ter to a Sengar. In Gwalior territory now; the site is old and is shown in one of the maps in V. Smith's Early History of India.
		10 and 11.	"Rajas of Rampura and Gopal- pura."	The Raja of Sikri (now dead) was also a Kachhwaha, and ranked next in these parts among Kachhwahas after Rampura and Gopalpura. The Raja of Machhand in the adjoining Gwalior territory is also a Kachhwaha.
64	•••	6	"Jigni"	A small native state across the Betwa.
		End of para.	" Bundela "	The best known Bundela families are those of Pirauna and Amitha, and also the Raja of Beona (all in Kunch).

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
<u>-</u>		APTER		EOPLE -(continued).
66		End of para.	"Gujars"	They have a close connection with Samthar (the chief of which is a Gujar). The Gujars call themselves Thakurs and own many villages. The Gujar Muafi holders of Hardoi (Orai) are a good family. Shamsher Bahadur of Sami, a scion of the Samthar family, who died in 1913, held some villages in the district. Roshan Singh of Bangra and Laiq Singh of Sahao are other representatives of Gujar Land holders.
67	Musalmans	End of para.	"Converted Rajputs."	The Musalman Rajputs at Muham- madabad were held to be so for the purposes of the Bundelkhand Land Alienation Act.
68	Lang u a g e and Litera- ture.	Do.	"Poet"	The tomb of a Hindi poet (Musalman) is pointed out at Kalpi, belonging to the Muhammadan period.
	Proprietary tenures.	Middle of pa ra.	" Large pro- prietors."	Other exceptions are Manmohan Singh of Bangra and Musammat Neto Marwari of Pindari. Moreover the Rao of Gopalpura and the Raja of Jagamanpura own several zamindari villages.
70	Revenue free and Ubari estates.	Do.	"Ubari"	The word "Ubari" is now practically confined to the three "Jagirs" the rest are known as "muafidars."
71	Chief pro- prietors.	3	"Sahudra"	A Marwari lady of Pindari whose estate and business are managed by her son in law.
71	Khaksis	6	" Raja Rag- hu n a t h Singh."	He died in October 1911 and has been succeeded by his widow Rani Harbans Kishori. She has a daughter and no son, but has power to adopt. She is a daughter of the Raja of Ramnagar

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сн	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(contiuned).
72	(Hardoi) "Beona"	1	"Son" "Raja Gov- ind Singh"	in Bara Banki. The estate is heavily indebted to Government and in a depressed condition and has been under Court of Wards management for nearly 20 years, and will probably continue so far a long time yet. Died in 1909. His son Raja Makund Singh is Raja, an unimportant person. He is a son-in-law of the Khanpur family in Cawnpore and practically lives there; he has very little in Jalaun besides his hereditary title. Died in October 1913 and was succeeded by his son Raja Raghubir Singh.
		End of para.	"The Raja" "Son "	Practically a small zamindar, Read "grandson Raghubir Singh" No. 6-7 Darbari list,
	Jagama npur	1	"Raja Rup Sah."	Died in May 1911. His son Raja Lokendra Sah has since been
73	•••	Middle of para.	" Present "	confirmed in the Jagir. Read "last but one." Raja Loken- dra Sah succeeded in 1911.
		End of para.	"Retainers"	Forty in number.
	Rampura	1	"Raja Ram Singh of	He received a C. I. E. for famine 1907-8.
74		4,	Rampura." " Honorary Magistrate, resigned."	He was again invested for 5 years with 3rd class powers in Rempura except Tihar in 1908; but did nothing except sign his name. This period expired in 1913 and was not renewed.

Page,	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сн	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(contiuned).
		5	" Police force"	In 1914 this was abolished in all 3 jagirs; Gopalpura was amalgamated in police circle Rendhar, and Rampura and Jagamanpur were formed into a new police circle with regular provincial police, and police station at Rampura.
		6	Do.	The jagirdars also maintain their own schools and roads.
74	Gopalpura	End of para.	"Honorary Magistrate" "Civil pow- ers."	He has no civil powers now, and does no magisterial work: he is heavily indebted to Government, and lives too extravagently.
75	Cultivating castes.	5	"Kurmis and Lodhis."	Kachkis are laborious and successful cultivators, especially of vegetables, &c.: they irrigate from pakka wells when no one else takes the trouble to do anything at all.
77	Rents	1	" System "	The system of progressive rents is called "Sanbarhi." It is encouraged by the Collector in attached and Court of Wards Estates, where much land has been lying fallow: it is usual to begin with 4 annas a bigha for fallow, rising to 8 annas and Re. 1 in the following years.
į		Middle of page.	" Nautor "	"Nautor" is recognised in a mar- ked way in the special rules of assessment for Bundelkhand.
79	Condition of people.		" Habits "	It has been suggested that the in- dolent nature of the people is to a large extent the result of syphilis which is widely preva-

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	C	HAPTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(concluded).
		End of page.	" Warm"	lent in the district, and also to malaria, or other latent disease; but the climate and the nature of the soil are probably at the bottom of it. There is no idea of ventilation in the houses even in rural tracts; hence the marked prevalence of pneumonia.
80		2 End	" Milk " " Thrown off."	Specially goats milk. Partly at least.
		of page.		
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Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER 1V.—A	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE
81	District staff	2	"Allahabad"	Read "Jhansi."
		3 5	"Two" "Raja Rup Sah."	Generally three. Died; his son has no such powers, and as those of the Raja of Rampura lapsed in 1913 and were not renewed, the Rao of Gopalpura is now the only Honorary Magistrate in the district.
		End of para.	"District Engineer."	There are also an Executive Engineer, two sub-divisional officers and a deputy magistrate of Irrigation, also an Assistant manager, court of wards.
82	Formation of the district (Kal-	10	"Kharka"	On the Betwa.
84	pi). Changes in admi n i stration.	End of para.	"Re-orga- nisation."	From 1st November 1911, Jalaun formed a part of the Jhansi division.
85	S u b-d i v i- sions.	1	"Jagaman pur, Rampura and Gopul-	Jagamanpur and Rampura are in Jalaun; Gopalpura in Kunch.
		End of para.	pura." "Three villages."	"Parasan is the most important of these. Pargana and tahsil are at present identical.
89	Early settlement of the Jalaun tract.	3	"Kanar"	(i. e. Kuthaund.)
90	U1 140 00	End of page.	"Mr. P. J. White."	Mr. P. J. White was in this district off and on from 1863 to 1891 when he was transferred as Deputy Commissioner of Bara Banki. There he retired and died at Naini Tal.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER IV.—A	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE - (continued).
92	Resettle- ment of Kunch and		" Of Kunch"	Between "of" and "Kunch" insert "the Kanuni portions of."
100	Kalpi, The new settlements.		"Ordinary revision."	The first revision of Kunch and Orai took place in the cold weather of 1909-10 and actually yielded an increase which some have believed to have been unjustified. A lot of fallow land was apparently recorded as cultivated. The revision of Kalpi was due in 1910-11 but was postponed on account of the census and took place in 1911-12. Jalaun was done in 1912-13, and Kalpi had to be re-done, on account of a far-reaching mistake regarding established cultivation, in the same year. The second revision of Kunch was due in 1913-14, but was postponed on account of famine.
102	Police station.	2 3 5,6 & 7.	"Coinci de with fiscal su b-di v isions." "Five, Hadrukh, while those at Mau, Mohana and Saiyidn agar are third class." "Moh a n a and Saiyidnagar."	Thirteen now, including Rampura. No, they don't and this is sometimes inconvenient. Read "four" for "five," Hadrukh, Mau, Mohana, and Saiyidnagar are now abolished. Read "and Dakore."

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER IVA	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE-(continued).
		9 11 End of para.	" Mau " " Hadrukh "	Read "Kailya." Remove. Removed to Kailya.
			"Hadrukh" "Jaisari Kalan."	Abolished. Single circle formed with head quarters at Dakore. P. Orai-Dakore and part of Ait & Orai. P. Kalpi-Kalpi, Churkhi, Ata and part of Kuthaund
				P. Jalaun-Jalaun, Madhogarh and parts of Orai and Kuthaund. P. Kunch-Kunch, Kailya, Rendhar and part of Ait. Early in 1914 the Jagir police, after considerable enquiry and
				delay, was provincialised and regularised. One police station was established at Rampura, including the territories of Rampura and Jagamanpur, while Gopalpura was added to the
103	Crime	Middle of	"Districts"	Add "and native states."
104	Infanticide	page. End of	"Proviso"	All operations have been finally
105	Excise	para. End of para.	"Out still system."	withdrawn now. In April 1911, the contract distillery system was introduced with bonded warehouses at Orai, Kunch and Jalaun. The Jagirdars also take liquor from these warehouses on special conditions. There were previously four, and are now three, Excise Inspectors working under the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Jhansi. Their work and circles were rearranged in 1913.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER IV	.—AD	MINISTRAT	ION AND REVENUE-(contd.).
	Hemp-drugs	End of page.	"License fees."	Tahsilwar settlement of drugs has been made with effect from April 1911.
106	Excise administration.	2	"A"	Three Inspectors now under Assistant Commissioner of Excise.
107	Registration.	Middle of para.		The Tahsildar is still ex officion Sub-Registrar at Kalpi, but in Jalann and Kunch Departmental Sub-Registrars have been appointed.
108	Postal arrangements.	End of para.	" Head office, &c."	In 1912 Jhansi became Head office. There are now 6 sub-offices and 17 branch offices situated within the district, while a sub-office at Kadaura is administered as if it were in the district.
108	M unicipalities, Orai.	Bottom of page.	"Magistrate is ex-officio Chairman."	Not now: Pandit Gopal Das Sharma, Rai Sahib, was appointed non-official Chairman in 1918, and took over this office on 1st July 1913.
109		4.	"Octroi	Octroi has been abolished in all three towns; and Orai now has house tax and circumstances and property tax.
	(Kalpi)	2	" Oetroi"	Kalpi has circumstances and property tax, and tax on certain professions (e.g. grain brokers).
	(Kunch)	End of page.	"Income"	Kunch has circumstances and property tax, besides the cattle market.
		Begining & end of page.	bers."	l

. Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER IV	_AD	MINISTRAT	ION AND REVENUE—(concld.)
110	Act XX Towns.	1	" Act XX of 1856."	The town Areas Act came into force in 1914.
	District Board.	2	"District Board."	Tabsil sub-committees do a certain amount of work, and have certain powers and responsibilities under bye-laws (1913).
112	Schools	1	"Schools"	There has been a great expansion in all forms of education under the control of the district board within the last four years.
		3	"Sirsa Ka- lar."	The Sirsa Kalar Girls' School was a failure, and was removed to Jalaun; and that at Gohan to Madhogarh, 1914.
,		End of para.	" Gopalpura."	Gopalpura only maintains one, and that badly.
	Cattle pounds.	1	" Eighteen"	Now twenty-one (1913).
3	pounds.	2	" Моһапа."	Read "Dakore." Pounds have also been opened at Hardoi in tahsil Orai, and Bhend and Rendhar in tahsil Kunch in 1913-14.
113		2	" Beona."	Since removed to Kailia,
	Nazul	End of para.	"Kalpi"	The whole of the town of Kalpi has been declared nazul. There were interpellations in the Legislative Council about this in April 1911.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
41	Battle of Kunch.	End of para.	CHAPTER V "West"	
			सन्यमेव नय	1

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words	Notes up to date.
			DIRECTORY	
145	Ait.	12	'Musalmans.''	The Sheikhs of Ait were formerly of some importance. Hatim Ali's estate is attached.
	Akberpur.	End of para. Middle of para. End of para.	partment." "Mara t h a Brahman."	Read "District Board." A very decent young B. A. named Balaji M. Laghate The temple is worth seeing, built massively in stone, by the edge of a fine tank.
147	Babina	ŏ	" Unmetalled"	
	Bangra	6	"Prosperous,"	Kunwar Manmohan Singh is heavily indebted, and has constantly to be relieved with "takavi." The Rajputs and Gujars are at logger-heads.
148	Bhadek	End of para.	"Site"	There is a large canal bungalow at Bangra. A fine bandh is being made here
149	Gopal pura.	Middle of para.	"Police sta-	in the current famine (1914). The police station has been turned into an outpost, now that the Jagir territory has been incorporated in police circle Rendhar, with regular provincial police under the Superintendent of Police, 1914.
	Hadrukh	End of para.	station."	Removed since.
150	Jagamanpur	Do.	"School" "Honorary Magis- trate."	Read "boys school and a girls' school." The present Raja has no powers and is not a magistrate.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY—	(continued). Also a rest house belonging to the Raja.
		,	"A third class police station."	The police station was abolished in 1914, and the area included in the new circle of Rampura.
152		End of 2 n d	"Out-agency."	Not now.
157	Jalaun tahsil.	para.	"Hadrukh."	Read "Rampura."
	Kailia	Middle of para.	"It formerly constables."	Read "It contains a police station and a pound." A brand new Police station has just been built, and a school (abolished sometime ago) is to be re-started in the old building (1914).
160	Kalpi	2nd para.	" Mat h u r a Prasad."	Mathura Prasad is dead. He is said to have derived his wealth from the discovery of treasure in Kalpi: he certainly did not make it by pleading.
i		3rd para.	" Beginning "	Formerly some manufacture of cloth and dyeing were done; also paper which is still made for Banyas books. Kalpi sweet stuff still has some reputation.
161		End of page.	" Octroi du- ties."	Replaced in 1912 by profession tax and tax on circumstances and property.
162	•••	3	"Pound"	Also a dispensary, which is receiving a new building in 1913 and 1914.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		D1	RECTORY—	(continued).
166	Kalpi tahsil	End of para.	" Hot weather crops."	Also zaid crops in the Jumna bed.
167		Do.	"Thakur Jag- dish Pra- sad."	Read "Chaudhari Jagdish Prasad:" the owner is a minor.
168		Para 2, lino 5.	"Metalled"	It does not now, and it is doubtful if it was ever metalled.
171	Khaksis	2	"Raja of Khaksis."	He died in October 1911.
172	Kunch	8 of para 2. Lower part of page.	"Govind Rao's tal." "School"	The bottom of it was dug out in a famine apparently. The new middle school is between the tank and the railway.
173	•••	End of para 2.	"Factory	By the New Mofassil Company.
		4 of para 3.	"Two"	Now three; and a Girls' School has also been started (1914).
174		2	"Octroi"	Replaced by a circumstances and property tax from April 1913.
181	Madhogarh	1	"Girls' School."	Failed, but revived again in 1914. There is a Christian Padri here, and the converts of the Madhogarh circle are put at 175. They belong to the American M. E. Mission, with its Superintendent at Cawnpore.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY-	(continued).
		Last line of para.	" Forced the prosperity."	Not since 1909. The Agricultural department started a branch farm here in 1913.
182	Mau	1	"And a police station."	Moved to Kailya. The police station is now used as an outpost.
	Mohana	End of para.	"A third class police sta- tion."	Moved to Dakore.
	Mohammada bad.	End of page.	" Consisting of Lodhis."	There are some Musalmans harers, who are recorded in settlement as Rajput Musalmans.
183	Orai	Middle of 2nd p.ira.	" Sessions court, Judge's residence."	Read "Police office, District Surveyor's Office."
184	***	3	"Zila or High School."	Abandoned in 1913 and the building sold to Boys Christian Home Mission in 1914.
		End of para.	" Octroi dues "	Replaced in 1912 by house tax and tax on circumstances and property.
				The Municipality received its first non-official Chairman in 1913 in the person of Rai Sahib Pandit Gopal Das Sharma.
	,	1 of 3rd para.	"School"	A large new High School was constructed during 1912-15.
		3 do.	"Sessions court."	Read " police office."

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY—	(concluded).
188	Orai tahsil	End of	" Mohana and	Orai also contains a Sessions bungalow, Munsif's Court, and Sub-Registrar's Office; a Hospital, Dufferin Hospital and "Model" school for girls; an experimental farm, administered from Cawnpore, with necessary buildings and quarters; a Municipal office in the town and a bonded ware-house near the tahsil; besides residences for the Executive and Assistant Engineers of the Betwa Canal division, a residence for the District Surveyor, and a small club. Read "and Dakore."
		at page.	Saiyidnagar." " Contains "	Add "and a school."
189	Pirona	5	· Contains	1 172
190	Rampura	7	"Maintains his own police."	Not now; regular provincial police under the Superintendent of Police was established here in 1914, the circle including the Jagir territories of Rampur and Jagamanpur.
	Rampura	End of para.	"Good game"	
	Rendhar	1	" Village "	A pound was started here in 1913.
	Saiyidnagar	7	" Zamurdi "	One or two shops still struggle on, but produce very poor, ordi- nary stuff, and very little of it, (1913).
191	Do.	End of para.	"Third class police station."	Now abolished.



Gazetteer of Ialaun.

APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF JALAUN.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

				PAGE,
TABLE I.—Population by tahsils, 1911	••	**	••	i
TABLE II.—Population by thansa, 1911	••	••	**	íi
TABLE III Vital statistics	• •	• •	••	iii
TABLE IV Deaths according to cause	••	• •	••	iv
TABLE V. Cultivation and irrigation, 1	319 Fasli	• •	.,	¥
TABLE VI Principal crops by tabsils		••		∀i
TABLE VII.—Criminal justice				x
TABLE VIII.—Cognizable crime	••	••	••	x i
TABLE IX Revenue demand at success	sive settleme	ats		x ii
TABLE X Revenue and cesses, for year	of settleme	nt <i>Fasli</i>	• •	xiii
TABLE XIExcise	THE PARTY			ziv
TABLE XII - Stamps			••	Xγ
TABLE XIII Income-tax	PALSE.	٠.		xvi
TABLE XIV Income tax by tabails				zvii
TABLE XV —District board				xix
TABLE XVI.—Municipalities			••	xx
TABLE XVIIDistribution of police, 19	11			xxiii
TABLE XVIII.—Education	Y 44. 7			xxiv
List of Schools, 1911-12	1. 化冰. 52		••	xxv
Roads, 1911				xxviii
Ferries, 1911-12		••		xxix
Post-office's, 1911				xxx
Market, 1911	E GNE		• •	xxxi
Fairs,		••	,	xxxii

Table I.—Population by taksils, 1911.

	Females.	13	138	45	2,	46	273
Others.	Males	12	155	46	20	59	344
	Females. Persons. Males. Females	11	293	121	86	105	617
•	Females.	10	2,675	3,301	4,101	3,291	13,338
Masalmans.	Males.	6	2,742	8,407	4,384	8,507	14,040
	Persons.	æ	5,417	6,708	8,485	6,798	27,408
Hindus.	Fomales.	7	25,645	35,413	73,264	47,283	181,609
	Males.	9	27,107	37,702	80,344	49,988	195,141
	Persons.	ro	52,753	73,115	152,608	97,274	376,750
Total.	Females.	4	28,459	38,759	77,409	50,623	195,250
	Males.	က	30,004	41,185	84,782	53,554	209,525
	Parsons.	61	58,463	79,944	1,62,191	104,177	404,775
			:	:	:	:	:
	Tahsil.	1	Orai	Kalpi	Jalaun	Kanch	Total

Note:-On 1st October 1914, 10 villages will be fransferred to Jalaun from Jha nsi district (vide Government notification no 2759-I-665 dated the 16-12-1913) see page 1.

Table II.—Population by Thanas, 1911.

			Total.			Hindus		*	Masalmans.			Others.	
Thans.	Per	Persons.	Malcs.	Femules. Persons.	Persons.	Mal3s.	Females Persons.	Persons.	Males.	Females, Persons.	Persons.	Males.	Females
		73	m	-#	10	9	7	œ	6	9.	11	12	13
1. Ata	: 23	,	11,304	10,680	20,826	10,690.	10,136	1,153	609	545 515	ਸਹ <u>ਦ</u>	10 8	: 8
2. Alc 3. Churkhi	3 6	25,960	14,686 14,286	14,274	26,664	13.879	12,785	748	30.00	355	2.5	14	3 2
Dakor	::	_	8.653	8,289	15,736	8.061	7.675	1,184	579	605	22	13	6
5. Gopalpur	:		3,018	2,811	5,584	2,896	2,688	240	119	121	rů.	ස	67
5. Jagamanpur	14		7,811	6.844	14,119	7,538	6.581	536	273	263	• (:	:
7. Jalaun	48	_	24,664	23,443	45,106	23,158	21,978	2,00	1,617	1,449		<u>e</u> ;	16
Kalpi	:		14,690	14,123	23,977	12,266	11,711	4,755	2,372	2,883	જ ર જ	3 5	88 8
10. Kunch	42	42.906	23,020	20,886	38.417	19,695	18.722	4,450	2.904	2,146	68	12.	3 22
14	43		22,744	20,476	40,505	21,334	19,171	2,700	1.403	1,298	12	90	Ţ.
2. Madhogarh	40	_	21,134	19,228	38,789	20,318	18.471	1,551	805	749	22	14	80
-	:		15,257	14,273	25,737	13,319	12,418	3,546	1,808	1,738	247	130	117
4. Rendhar	: 22		11,886	10,912	21,991	11,469	10,522	804	415	386	ಣ	67	_
5. Rampura	14		7,784	6,739	13,852	7,426	6.426	654	355	667	-	ന	4
		!											
Total	404	404,775 2	209,525	195,250	376,750	195,141	181,609	27,408	14,040	13,368	617	344	273
	_	-	_	_					-	_			_

Note.—See notes to page 102 of the text. In 1909 the police circles were reorganized and reduced in number to 12 besides one in each of the three jagirdars. These last were absorbed early in 1914; so from that year on wards the number will be 13. At the end of 1914 Kailia will receive 10 more viliages from district Jhansi.

TABLE III. - Vital Statistics.

Year.									
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total,	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901		17,404	8,984	8,420	43.53	12,381	6,652	5,729	80.97
1902		21,731	11,285	10,446	54.36	13 254	6,929	6,325	38 · 16
1903]	20,750	10,665	10,085	51.91	20,038	10,386	9,702	50.18
1904		22,890	11 814	11,074	57.26	15,283	7,493	7,790	38 · 28
1905		19,484	10,198	9,286	48.74	13,309	6,670	6,689	33.28
1906		12,958	6,717	6,241	32.41	32,280	16 506	15,774	80.75
1907		16,616	8 700	7,916	41.56	19 140	10 061	9,079	47 88
1908		19.498	10,058	9.440	48 77	24 808	12,618	12,190	62.06
1909		13,500	7.042	6,458	33 - 77	12,251	6.569	5,682	30.62
1910		16,635	8,626	8,009	41.62	13,630	7,266	6,878	34.12
1911		16,251	8,494	7,757	40 ¢6	17,092	9.095	7,997	42.90
1912		19,161	9,888	9,273	17.84	14,806	7.659	7,147	86.58
1913		21,742	11,337	10,405	53.71	15,483	7,947	7,536	88 - 28
1914						'	,		
1915			!						
1916		ı							
1917									
1918	••		i :						
1919	٠.								
1920			1						}
1921									
and so	on.								
					0		1		

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

			7	Potal deat	hs from-		
Year.		All causes,	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901		12,381	••	47	82	9,968	156
1902		13,254	8	72	67	10,174	162
1903		20,038	2	251	100	15,187	279
1904		15,283	1,813		62	9,667	155
1905		13,309	1,524	133	24	8,655	83
1906	••	32,280	6184	4,604	3 739	22,399	360
1907	••	19,140	1	2	5	16,608	91
1908		24,80 8	33	1,087	2	19,697	•111
1909		12,251	1 19	20		10,154	28
1910		13,639	55	28	• •	10,714	34
1911		17,092	55		1	13,818	†32
1912	••	14,806	701	342	18	10,429	50
1913	••	15,483	570	494	113	10,309	72
1914							
1915							
1916							1
1917							
19 18							1
1919							
1920							
1921							
and so on.							

[•] Severe epidemic of malaria—September to December 1908.

[†] There was an unknown epidemic in March, April, May; possibly pneumonia in some form,

Table V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli=1911-12.

	Double gropped,	•	12	Acres.	4,801	8,592	17,730	10,081	41,204
		Total.	11	Acres.	94,745	120,456	181,849	148.305	545,355
		Dry.	.10	Acres.	89,005	105,830	154,388	138,370	487,643
ਚ		Other sources.	6	Acres.	196	4.2	205	31	474
Cultivated.		Tanks.	80	Acres.	:	:	:	:	:
	Irrigated	Wells.		Acres.	\$79	457	1,743	992	3,671
	4	Canal.	9	Acres.	5,065	14,077	25,513	8,912	63,557
		Total.	2.1	Acres.	5,740	14,576	27,461	9,935	67,712
	Gulturable.		4-	ASTER	61,680	60,500	47,410	33,853	203,443
	Waste.		က	Aores.	40,041	78,226	40,179	34,031	193,477
	Total area		63	Acres.	196,466	259,182	269,436	216,189	941,276
						;	•	:	:
	Dargens ond taheil	210000000000000000000000000000000000000	H		Orai	Kalpi	Jalaun	Kunch	Total

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Orai.

	£ ,	H 877
	Sugar- cane	* :: : ::
	Tit	*
if.	Cotton and Arhar.	6,707 7,245 7,008 6,521 6,148 6,148 2,558 4,145 4,145
Kharif.	Bajra and Arbar.	8,093 7,779 8,677 7,429 7,429 8,400 8,344 5,315
	Just and Arbar,	12,301 25,411 10,557 21,853 14,762 19,231 5,453 11,384 10,508
	Total.	36,026 44,764 42,212 36,040 39,056 20,504 25,094 25,094
	Barley.	167 118 232 232 629 98 115 390 110 118
	Linseed.	2,056 5,113 7,48 1,924 6,023 9,146 14,131 20,724 301
Rabi.	Gram.	# 16,530 10,970 10,970 26,864 21,545 8,196 12,307 6,581 6,951
	Wheat alone and mixed.	\$8.837 38,876 9,559 19,005 38,274 86,836 36,836 36,836 36,836 36,836 36,836 36,836
	Total.	\$ 59,607 58,388 13,969 52,480 65,440 60,468 71,921 71,921
		so on
	Year,	Fasti. 1309 1310 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1319 1330 1332 1322 1322 1323 and so

TABLE VI.—Aren in acres under the principal crops, Tuhsil Kalpi—(continued).

			Rahi					Kh	Kharif.		
Years,	Total;	Wheat alone and mixed.	Gram,	Linseed	Barley.	Total,	Juar and Arbar,	Bajra and Arliar.	Cotton and Arbar.	Tii.	Sugar.
Fasts.				155 472							
1309 1310 1311 1312	*		*	्रिक् विस्थित				*	*	*	*
1313	56,150	22,954	25,178	1.394	231	43,802	14,238	24,950	3,260 9,361	1.703	- :
1315	15,490	10,698	3,168	200	24.5	55,695	18,071	25.716	7,660	1,947	;
1317	70,836	24.500	34.929	3.787	154	6.1.894	21.665	29,292	5,037	3,937	: :
1318	66,531	28,827	21,966	3,850	180	62 497	26 458	28,481	4,669	1,294	с о
1319	93,877	36,233	29,904	8,244	87	32,666	4,173	27,389	408	348	:
1320	77,405	35,511	14,182	10,538	41	46,190	14,724	23.539	4,362	1,514	-4' -
1287	70,407	3,037	78;·'q	T.	9,4	16,583	18,172	£02,22	4,594	783	-1
1323											
and so on.											

TABLE VI.-Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Jalaun-(continued).

	Sugar-	* 2994 2738 2738 256 3802 1,040 1,040
	Ti.	\$ 865 5 119 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
rif.	Cotton and arhar.	11,148 15,277 14,096 16,003 10,854 12,009 2,193 12,009 12,009
Kharif	Bajra and arhar.	# 24,105 26,440 30,642 24,531 26,104 38,045 26,331
	Juar and srhar.	# 59.181 59.181 56,532 56,219 39,700 5,788 36,071 22,338
	Total.	77,025 110,857 77,011 105,439 78,972 84,407 49,311 77,661 60,622
	Barley.	1,306 854 673 673 639 303 196 590 47 294
	Linseed.	2,211 8,801 7,7 11,138 11,823 11,823 14,660 25,383 25,383
Rabi.	Gram.	* 59,355 23,565 3,231 44,141 46,653 31,742 11,596
	Wheat slone and mixed,	\$5,612 39,828 39,828 9,649 19,570 44,188 54,330 51,579
	Total	85,909 89,867 27,048 79,886 116,298 115,085 117,088 117,088 89,630
	Year.	Fask.
		1309 1310 1312 1312 1313 1314 1316 1316 1319 1319 1319 1319 1319 1319

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Kunch—(concluded).

				Rabi.					Kharif	eif.		
	Year.	Total.	Wheat alone sud mixed.	Gram.	Linseed.	Barley.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Bajn and Cotton and arhar. Arhar.	733.	Sugar- cane.
1309 1310 1311 1312	Fasti.	*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*
1313 1314 1315 1315 1316 1316 1320 1320 1321 1322 1323	and 80 on.	57,870 77,097 26,957 77,908 98,378 98,112 129,796 110,951 37,749	. 38,868 53,868 22,176 41,529 68,952 67,518 89,021 776,380	13,055 14,194 24,986 16,296 16,295 5,892 2,893	678 4.625 5.40 1,827 4,353 8,204 12.788 14,419	884 484 243 243 242 242 115 1179 1182 149	35,438 84,009 43,629 65,483 60,171 80,625 47,172 34,541	19,979 54,690 16,492 36,118 38,404 34,708 16,008 16,008 17,564	7,384 7,739 8,016 6,355 6,280 6,034 8,034 6,276 4,320	6,186 16,457 15,953 17,341 13,616 15,688 4,310 12,706 9,913	923 1,234 923 923 960 1,468 1,400 1,216 1,437	16 13 18 18 18 19 19 19 17

Table VII.—Criminal Justice.

	-
Offences Griminal	
Rape, theft, assault.	2
5 6	
12	444
H	HA
100	115
41	-
1 13	
00 00 :::	

TABLE	VIII.—Cog	nizable	crime.

			Number gate	of cases	investi-	Num	ber of pe	rsons
	Year.		Suo Motu.	By orders of Magis- trate	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Con- victed.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	••	••	402		162	223	51	172
1902	••		386		153	237	55	182
1908	••	••	678		437	422	65	357
1904		••	457	••• নাড	361	518	122	890
1905	••	••	1,229		617	848	643	205
1906	••	••	1,146		600	896	164	732
1907	••		783		430	. 521	62	, 459
1908		••	737		372	575	135	440
1909	••		522		344	490	76	414
1910	••		500		325	439	67	874
1911	••	••	548		339	457	91	866
1912	••		589	7.00	259	855	64	291
1918	••	••	556	••	465	349	35	314
1914		••						
1915	••	••						
1916	'	••						
1917								
1918	••	••						
and so on.								
							A	
						1		
						I	1	į
				1	1	!		1

Demand in 1692. 1886. 1873. TABLE IX.—Revenue demand at successive settlement. Year of settlement. 1863. No change. 1851. 1846. 1841.

TABLE X.—Demand and cesses for year of settlement and subsequent revisions.

	Fifth revision.	12					
1	Fourth revision.	11					
	Third Fourth Fifth revision, revision.	10.					
	Second revision.	G					
	First revision.	8	а. П	(b) (1,35,332 0 0 (5,5589 13,538 4 0	(c) 2,80,453 6 2 Cesses 27,842 6 0	2,68.774 2 0 Cosses 27,059 12 0	8,30,881 3 8 Oesses 83,286 8 0
e.	Total.	1				:	:
Incidence per acre.	Culti.	9			*	:	:
	Jesses, Total,				ħ:	:	:
,			न विकास संस्था	a 344		: :	:
C + 10.			:	:	:	;	:
	Where included ment in Ain-Akbari, revenue.	R	; · · · ;	:	;	· ·	:
			:	;	;	:	:
	Pargan a and Tah sil.	1	Orai, 1318 F.	Kalpi, 1320 F.	Jalau n , 1921 F.	Kunch, 1318 F.	Total

Nore.—(a) B. O. No. 874N/I.—593B, dated the 17th June 1910, to Commissioner, Allababad Division.
(b) B. O. No. 1903N/I.—700B, dated the 26th July 1912 and No. 1261N/I.—789B, dated the 27th June 1913. } to Commissioner, Jhanni (e) B. O. No. 610N/I.—810B, dated 27th or 30th May 1913 and No. 2252N/I.—810B, dated 14th August 1913. }
(d) B. O. No. 874N/I.—593B, dated the 17th June 1910, to Commissioner, Aakabad Division.

XI.—Excise.	
TABLE .	

			.—													_		_					_		
sdo:	ס'	aniqO	18	, -	7	12	14	9	9	о	<u>ი</u>	a	o.	9	2	9	10			_					_
Number of shops for sale of—	•(Druga	17	;	2	8	6	55	2	8	88	88	ප	9	2	සි	e e								-
Nama for	LA sbj-	tanoO etir	16	,	105	105	105	105	105	26	8	35	93	87	87	98	88								_
sceipts popu-	*t	muiqO	15	Rs.	277	297	306	305	299	300	314	303	348	467	451	463	478								_
neidence of receipts per 10,000 of popu- lation from	•	Drugs	14	Rs.	3	23	8	6	208	172	169	122	125	135	134	169	218								
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of popu- lation from	-ai ,1 gaib	oupil ulo tari,	13	Rs,	357	499	583	645	456	427	191	471	388	545	230	809	1,049								•
	Total char- ges.		12	Rs.	1,707	1,185	1,721	2,949	2,691	1,610	1,880	2,007	2,108	4,198	8.483	8,373	9,130								
	Total receipts.		11	R3	27,177	33,887	37,047	40,710	37,855	35,044	36,874	34,956	33.608	44.627	43,532	54.574	69,896								
ım.		Consu. Lion	107	Mds. s.	22 24	24 10	24 23	24.25	23 18	25 28	27.16	26 4	30 3	19 17	18 9	20 13	20 23								
Opium.	-909 1	Total stqi	6	Rs.	10,798	11.578	11,925	11,903	11,651	11,693	12,232	11,813	13 562	18,195	17,597	18,615	19,114		_	,,,,,,					
	tion in ls of	-ва гав.	00	Mels. s.		6 - 28	5 35		9 22		23	191	3 - 30	1 1	50	7 37		•							
Drugs.	Consumption in mounds of	Gan- ja.	7	Mds. s.			0 15	1. 4	91	8 0	0 14	0			0 2			1							
	Total rece-		9	-	2,456	2,833	2,349	3,642	8,024	869'9	6,684	4.773	7.887	5,167	5.221	8.024	8,729			-	-				-
1407 m	pts froi	ieoo H bas	2		_	_	 		_		:	:	:	:	:		:								_
Country spirits.	u! a	usnoD oit olls3	4		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14 409L.P.	24.810	20,111								
		lieo9A	8	E83.	13 804	19,437	22,722	25,032	18,109	16,545	17 858	18 270	15 059		20,594				-			•••			~
-toi n	iori and ioupil r	teoest rgie	84	BS:	77	24	98	88	Z	8	8	901	88	88	88	61	61		_			-			
	Years.			1001	1901-03	1907-081	1903-04	1904 051	1905-06	1903-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	1920-21	1941~23

Nors:-(1) In April 1911, the contracts distillery system was introduced with bonded warehouses at Orai, Kunch and Jalean (vide Commissioner of Excise listics No. 3869, dated the 3rd December 1909, to Collector).

(2) The Jagridan at the 1911 to Board of Berenus, U. P.

(3) Tabsilwar settlement of drugs has been made with effect from April 1911 (vide G. O. No. 31/V—EERA-(7), dated the 1st March 1911, to Commissioner of Excise, U. P.

TABLE XII.—Stamps.

				Re	ceipts from-	_	Total
	Ye	ar.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	charges.
	:	1		2	3	4	5
1901-02	••		:	17,962	36,111	54,674	1,461
1902-03	••	••		17,428	32,108	50,171	1,477
1903-04	••	••	••	14,478	33,470	48,712	1,871
1904-05	••	••	••	14,070	30,335	45,165	1,414
1905-06	••	••		15,330	27,788	43,876	1,556
1906 07	••	••	and the same	14,129	35,779	50,606	1,256
1907-08	••	••	4.1	16,379	41,326	58,526	1,636
1908-09	••	• •	- 5	18,198	36,841	55,722	1,438
1909-10	••	• •		19,048	48,655	68,445	2,008
1910 -11	••	••	• •	15,289	45,776	61 792	1,542
1911-12	••	• •	. J. 2	15,539	41,526	57,716	1,963
1912-13	••		413	15,398	45,795	62,228	1,619
1913-14	••			17,951	41,754	60,446	1,785
1914-15	••	• •	••		M		
and so or	1.			Ì			
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				}			
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]			<u> </u>

Table XIII.—Incometax.

				Collected by companies.	d by nies.	Profits of companies.	s of nies.		Other sources, Part IV.	es, Part I	Α.		Objections under Part IV.	ctions under Part IV.
	Year.	-	Total receipts					Under 1	Under Rs. 2,000.	Over Rs.	s. 2,000,	charges.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
				Asses-	Tax.	Asses.	Tax.	Asses.	Tax.	Asses-	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	-		63	43	4	ro	9	7	œ	6	30	= =	12	13
			É	۵	۵	Be	E ₂	Ř	Bs	Rs.	Rs.	8	ř	. B.
			gi Li	:				ACO.	10 220		5 170	12	196	57
901-05	:	:	17,950	:		たいこ	15	959	10.775	62	5,285	20	106	န္တ
902-03	:	:	18,200	:				200	5.376		5,642	35	143	52
\$ 100 S	:	:	10,01	:	10	15		224	2967	_	5,988	10,00	8	[S
S-1-32	:	:	10,407	:	-			191	5,132		5,749	36	8	37 (
909-03 909-03	:	:	1 9561	:	-	地でする		167	4,679	62	5,327	20	54	13
200-05	:	:	10.000	: :	J	T		189	5,117	61	5,794	25	:	
00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	:	:	11.592	: :	1			187	5 083	- 69	6,340	6	en c	
000	:	:	10.994	: :			:	189	1202	3	5,863	있 	200	900
101011	:	:	10.983	: :			:	200	5,449	26	5,475	:		
011 10	:	:	11.067	:		: ;		195	5,164	9	5,791	<u> </u>		
1019-13	:	:	11.186	: :	: :	: :	:	201	5.390	00 i	5,737	:	_	
1913-14	: :	: :	11,491	:	:	;	:	212	5,718	20	5,758	00		
1914-15	::	: :												
915-16	:	:												_
1916-17	:	:												
1917-18	:	:												
1918-19	:	;				_								
1919-20	:	:		,				_				_		
1920-21	:	:										_		
901-22	;												_	

Table XIV. - Incometax by Tuhsils (Part IV only).

Tir	3. 1							
	nder 2, 00 0		ver 2,000.			der 2,000.		7er 2,000.
Assessees.	Tax,	Assessees,	Tax.	Years.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assesses.	Tax.
2	3	4	5	1	2	8	4	5
	Rs		R-			Rs.		Rs.
106	1,570	17	1,212	1901-02	207	3,418	14	1,556
109	1,647	18	1,300	1902-03	213	3,476	15	1,640
26	723	18	1,896	1903-04	61	1,568	16	1,873
28	775	17	1,855	1904-05	68	1,714	19	2,059
26	703	18	1,381	1905-06	65	1,644	13	1,632
24	755	17	1,329	1906-07	44	1,242	16	1,728
28	815	17	1,287	1907-08	50	1,345	16	2,348
33	968	15	1,316	1908-09	48	1,282	18	2,069
26	709	18	1,478	1909-10	52	1,390	15	1,967
28	809	15	1,190	1910-11	51	1,443	14	2,082
29	808	17	1,259	1911-1 2	42	1,04 0	15	1,263
87	996	14	1,059	1912-13	51	1,382	16	2,217
. 42	1,162	13	1,001	1913-14	59	1,557	15	2,227
- 3				1914-15				
			!	1915-1 6				
			[and so on.				
	106 109 26 28 26 24 28 33 26 28 29	2 3 Rs 106 1,570 109 1,647 26 723 28 775 26 703 24 755 28 815 33 968 26 709 28 809 29 808 87 996	Sobsessor Name Sobsessor 2 3 4 106 1,570 17 109 1,647 18 26 723 18 28 775 17 26 703 18 24 755 17 28 815 17 33 968 15 26 709 18 28 809 15 29 808 17 87 996 14	83388 E 83 Rs. 2 3 4 5 106 1,570 17 1,212 109 1,647 18 1,300 26 723 18 1,396 28 775 17 1,855 26 703 18 1,381 24 755 17 1,329 28 815 17 1,287 33 968 15 1,316 26 709 18 1,478 28 809 15 1,190 29 808 17 1,259 87 996 14 1,059	Solution Years. Solution Years. 2 3 4 5 1 Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. 106 1,570 17 1,212 1901-02 109 1,647 18 1,300 1902-03 1902-03 26 723 18 1,386 1903-04 28 775 17 1,355 1904-05 26 703 18 1,381 1903-06 24 755 17 1,287 1906-07 28 815 17 1,287 1907-08 33 968 15 1,316 1908-09 26 709 18 1,478 1909-10 28 809 15 1,190 1910-11 29 808 17 1,259 1911-12 87 996 14 1,059 1912-13 42 1,162 13 1,001 1913-14	Years Year	No. Rs. Years Year	

Table XIV.—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only).

		Tahsil J	alaun.		i		Tahsil	Kalpi.	
37		nder 2,000.)ver 2,000.			nder 2,000.		ver 2,000.
Year.	Assesses.	Tax.	Assesses.	Tax.	Year.	Assessees.	Tax.	A65ebsees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4.	5	1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	201	3,424	20	1,537	1901-02	121	1,977	10	865
1902 03	209	8,583	19	1,485	1902-03	129	2,116	10	861
1903-04	65	1,852	20	1,484	1903-04	48	1,233	10	889
1904-05	82	2,237	23	1,652	1904.05	46	1,241	10	922
1905-06	66	1,901	23	1.645	1905-06	84	884	15	1,091
1906-07	68	1,888	15	1,156	1906-07	31	794	14	1,114
1907-08	78	2,152	13	1,109	1907-08	33	805	15	1,050
1908 09	72	1,903	19	1,520	1908-09	. 34	930	17	1,435
1909-10	79	2,068	16	1,281	1909-10	32	854	14	1,187
1910-11	81	2,176	12	1019	1910-11	40	1,021	15	1,184
1911-12	74	1,945	12	981	1911-12	50	1,871	16	2,285
1912-13	74	2,045	11	922	1912-13	89	967	17	1,539
1913-14	68	1,886	11	968	1913-14	43	1,113	18	1 562
1914-15					1914-15				
and so					and so				
			i	,			;		
				:					

TABLE XV. - District Board.

				R-ceipts.	Sa'				,		Ħ	Expenditure.	ture.				1
Years.	Edu- cation.	Medi-	Scien- tifio, &c.	Mis- cella- neous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Fer- ries,	Total expend:-	Contri- butions to pro- vincial funds.	General administra	Edu- ca- tion.	Medi-	Seien- tific,	Mis- cella- neous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Debt.
-	61	က	4	70	9	7	00	6	01	Ħ	13	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Ba	Se Se	Rs.	Bs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rŝ	Bs.	Б.	Bs.	R3.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	,	· (700		198	1 650	88.648	100	1 474	17.622	9.09	:	49	57,123	1,790	900
1901-02	1,88 1,88 1,88 1,88 1,88 1,88 1,88 1,88	3,621	:	670	1,288		9 979	95,518	0	188	1.884 20,735		::	3	60,545		8
1902-03	2,171	י כי	:	070			3 555	58 300		1,870	22.852		:	61	49,809		8
1903-04	200	4. 1	:	766	1001		3 586	3 586 1.68 281	40	1.928	24,425	16.962		113	61,745		1,415
1904-05	4,170	2,0	:	976		6 877	3.961	1,82,909	8	2.000	2.000 28,986	14,177	481	293	83.954		1,323
1909-06	4,0,4	٠,	:	2 40	7000		3 844	8 844 1 19 033		2.235	31,964	13.025		340	61,253	1,808	දි
1906-07	4,515	4	:	900			1 079	1 40 487		13.919	3 212 36.108	13.206	556		87.911		6,090
1907-08	4.212	9	:	260			1,000	1 40 000	7	28 448	37 910				89.551		:
1908-09	4,406	4	:	G S S S S			222.0	2 323 T. 40,020		0110	100	19,509			76.866		;
1909-10	4,649	4,417	:				27,7	1,04,410		0 101	200	14,505	884		51 051		: :
1910-11	8,656	7		21,578	25,815	_	2.850	2.8561,03,424		0100	1,001	1000			74.689	2,299	:
1911-12	30.456	0.		841	841 29,480		3,53	2,5301,26,947	:	3,012	106,67				001 00		:
1010-13	28.755	9.314		1,938	938 34 193		2,519	2,51911,19,526	:	3,079	30,676		1,281		00,130		:
1013-14	62,130	16	140	918	56,519	_	2,417	2,417 1,46,892	:	3,221	32,519	24,502			DE TO		:
1914-15												_	_				
1915-16																	
1916-17									····			_					
1917-18				_													
1918-19			_														
1919-20												_					
1920-21																	
1921-22																	
		-		-	-				_	_							

Norg. - From 1910-11 onwards Provincial Contributions are included.

TABLE XVI.-Municipality of Orai.

		.LedoT'	18	Rs.	9,781 12,784 112,763 113,570 113,504 114,560 11,800 11,800 11,800 11,532 11,532 11,534 11,534 11,534 11,534 11,534 11,534 11,534
	 head	төцзО	17	ź,	837 1,156 1,854 1,854 1,856 2,130 2,130 1,867 1,967 1,918
		Pubiid teruet	16		725 906 904 1,024 1,816 608 608 608 628 628 562 5783 783
		L n p	15	Rs.	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
271	-nəqsi	hiqeoH b bna seiras	14	Ŗ,	299 2899 1 2899 1 108 2 299 2 299 2 299 2 299
Expendence.		Оопяс: •уэ	13	B 8.	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
	inage.	-nisM -not -sons	12	Rs.	124 140 140 140 176 176 170 100 100 1,70 1,70 1,70 1,70 1,70 1,
	Water-surply	-iq eD tub	1.1	Rs.	328 1,769 88: 622. 461 1464
	-91 . 88	Publio .y.	5	£.	1,455 1,560 1,175 1,175 1,175 892 893 894 897 897 897 897 897 1,168
	5 a a	Admir tion collect taxes.	တ	Ro.	1,826 1,550 1,560 2,186 2,186 2,188 3,119 1,834 1,834 1,834
		Total.	00	Ŗ.	10,855 10,855 11,550 12,510 12,810 13,267 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,651
	·znos	ofper Ofper	~	서	8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 9. 9. 9. 8. 8. 9. 8. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9.
		Touns.	9	É	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
		Rents.	10	Rs.	8568 8518 8528 8508 850 880 11,186 11
Income,	·səx#	чөД1О	4	Be.	
=		oo xsP bas səz	8	å	601 853 853 854 856 910 910 905 745 745 1,219
		·ioītoO	24	e:	6 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
		Year.			1901-02 1902-03 1902-04 1904-05 1904-05 1906-07 1906-07 1908-03 1910-11 1911-12 1913-14 1913-14 1915-16 1915-16 1917-18 1917-18 1917-18 1917-18 1917-18 1917-18

Nous.—Octroi abolished under Government notification No. 2596/XI.—D. T., dated 16th, July 1912, with effect from 1st August 1912. (See pages 108-109.)

Table XVI.—Municipality of Kalpi.

			Ä	Income.			_					Expenditure.	litare.				
Year.	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Rents Loans.	Loans.	Other sour-	Total.	Adminis- Water traticn Public and drand collection of safety. Capitals.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capi hain. tental.	supply sinage. Main. ten-	Con- ser- vancy.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Public works.	Public ins- truc- tion.	Other heads.	Total.
1	64	တ	4	73	9	4	œ	6	25	77	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
901-02	14,972	:	372	626	:	1,372	17,343	3,790		289	684	2,309	288	458	1,130	1.089	12.7
307-03	9,819	:	21:)	809	:	1 646	12,292	3,576	2,350	486	1,483		288	1,209	955	2.409	15.7
1903-04	9,170	:	1,024	469	:	2,865	13,528	3,756		140	1,244		288	1 623	851	1,286	13 725
304-05	8,809	:	1,561	826	:	2.622	13,818	2,994	2,450	982	967	3,401	288	1,926	864	693	13,85
305-06	6,279	:	931	869	:	1,568	9,647	3013	1,634	350	503		288	1,300	870	1,312	12.70
1906-07	8,968	:	1,312	602	:	2,113	12,995	2 839	439	198	129		288	1,212	921	1.392	11,6
907-08	8,808	;	1,368	166	:	1,602	12,789	=3,016	594	1,500	231		966	1,126	1,056	947	621
1308-09	7.509	:	1,108	555	:	1,685	10,857	8,474	1.21	441	200		462	890	1,078	1,135	12,4
309-10.	7,698	:	1,047	3	:	1.978	11,357	3.338	048	239	305		288	1 053	1.073	1,191	12,0
310-11.	8,968	:	1,221	793	:	3,182	14,164	3356	911	536	330		883	988	1,192	1.455	12,1
911-12.	8,551	:	1,134	1,016	:	2,046	12,747	2,774	593	3,189	190		288	1,252	1,213	932	13,7
912 13.	5,861	:	3,339	644	:	5,912	15,756	2,304	844	106	170		588	1,865	1,359	1,599	11,8
913-14.		:	3,898	707	:	14,647	19,252	2,585	959	228	595		288	3.551	1.442	1.569	15.0
1914-15.								,									•
916-17				- 													
1917.18																	
918-19																	
919-20		-															
1920-21		_															
nd so on.			_			_			_			_	_			_	

Norg. -- Getra abolished under Government rotification No. 2751/XI.-D. T, dated 22nd July 1912, with effect from 1st August 1912. (See page 109.)

of Kunch.
I.—Municipality
XVI
TABLE

			Ħ	Income.							VOT	expendings.	re.				
Year.		no bna se	taxes,			-znos		bna noite	I — .	Water supply drainage	pply and	ASUGA.	e I a t -sib -seira	.B	-sal saoi	head s.	
	Octroi.	rsT enod sbasi	Other:	.ednoA	ensorI	Серет Севъ	Total,	nimbA noit colloo set to	d u q jelss	Capital.	Main- tenance	тэѕиоО	iqsoH bns snaq	ь п р	oildu' tourt	тэйзО	.LatoT
Ħ	67	က	4	70	9	~	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	11	18
	Rs.	꼂	R	Rs.	33	Rs.	r <u>i</u>	ř	PS.	Bs.	Bs.	Rs.	E.	RB.	Rs.	Rs.	<u>ୟ</u>
1901-02	14,603	:	2,028	630	: ;	9,879	20,140	4,308	2,663	631	499	1,879	449	3,498	1,718	-#I co	18,229
903-04	12,902	::	2,054	734	: :	6,065	21,755		2,913		1,157		795	2,349	1,699	3,043	22,18
1904-05	8,531	:	1,297	744	:	903'4	17,778	وبائم	3,524	13	455			6,146	868	1,933	22,719
1906-07	15.587	: :	2.259	653	: :	6.446	24.945	100	1,237	1.180	108	5,785		1,027	834	13,317	28.8
80-406	11,362	: :	1,622	939	: ;	4,910	18,833	1	1,449	-	1,550			6,932	913	1,592	31,55
60-806	10,106	:	1,549	991	:	6,443	6,443 18,082	11	6,740		1,271			2,189	1,043	1,634	27,81
1909-10	11,877	:	1,677	1,054	;	5,142	002,61	1.4	1,450		607	• –		1,268	195	1,511	2,7,00 20,700 20,000
1910-11	498,0	:	1 939	1,14	:	1,001 8,553	50,890	-	1,434					151	1,000	1,895	15.37
1912-13	9.169	: :	2,244	1.176	: :	7.633	20,225		1,453	732				1.914	1,095	1,671	17,8
1913-14	:	1,543	8,199	1,374	::	19,572	30,688	3,651	2,119	_				5,241	1,564	1,594	23,9
1916-16			í											•	-		
1917-18				-				=									
1919-20			,		-												
1520-21 1921-22					-	- -											
and so on																	

(See page 109.)

Т	ABI	E XV	[I.—]	Distri	bution	of P	olice,	1911.	
Thana.		Inspector.	Sub-inspectors,	Head constable.	Constables.	Town police.	Raral police.	Road police.	Romarks.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Orai		1	2	3	24	.,	71	10	
Ait			1	2	14		90	9	O. P. Ingoi.
Kalpi	••		1	5	38]	61	6	Do, Babina.
Churkhi	••	••	1	1	10		86	2	
Ata	••		1	1	10		72	18	}
Jalaun	••		19	1	10	18	182	18	
Kuthond	••		1	1	9		147	8	
Dakore	••		1	1	9	\ .	56		
Madhogarh	••		1	3	18	9	102	13	Do. Megni and Supa.
Kunch	••	••	2	4	48		79	16	and Subar
Kailia	••	••	1	3	17		67	16	Do Mau and Sonaya.
Rendhar	••	••	1	3	18	ETT	80	10	Do, Bangra a n d
Armed reserve		1	1	24	150				Parawar.
Civil reserve	••	1	5	9	63		!		

Note:—(1) Mohana and Mao removed to Dokore and Kailiya respectively (and Hadrukh and Saiyidnagar, abolished (vide G. O. No. 25/VIII. 473, dated 6th January 1909).

(2) Early in 1914 the Jagir police were provincialised and a single police station was established at Rampura for Rampura and Jagamanpura, while Gopalpur was absorbed in police circle Rendhar (vide G. O. No. 665/VIII—297, dated 24th May 1913).

TABLE XVIII-Education.

			otal.		Second	lary edu	cation.	Prim	ry educ	ation.
Year.		l col-	Scho	lars.		Schol	lars,	-	Soho	lars,
		Schools and colleges,	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males,	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Fema les.
1		2	8	4	.5	. 6	7	8	9	10
1901-02		109	3,987	27	7	769		101	8,193	27
1902-03		153	4,991	194	7	803	••	146	4,188	194
1903-04		139	4,854	271	6	800	6	133	4;054	265
1904-05		130	4,529	224	7	896		128	3,683	224
1905-06		138	5,055	483	8	1,073	16	130	3,982	467
1906-07		182	5,855	336	7	1,031	24	175	4,821	312
1907-08		178	6,403	300	7	694		171	5,709	300
1908-09		137	5,675	241	7	680		130	4,995	241
1909-10		131	5,744	243	7	755		124	4,989	243
1910-11		128	6,462		0-6	626		122	5,548	288
1911-12		127	6,796	326	£6'	692	•• 1	121	6,104	326
1912-18		148	6,699	316	F -6	632		142	6,067	316
1913-14		152	7,010	461	6	689		14;	6,321	461
1914-15										
1915-16							1			
1916-17								į		
1917-18										
1918– 19							-			
1919-20										

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12.

Tahs	il.	Name of school.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
		Do Kotra Saiyidnagar	Vernacular final Lower primary municipal Model girls' school Upper primary Ditto	152 85 47 102 71
		Ait Kusmilia Jaisari Hardoec Khurka Dhagwan	Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	81 48 87 87 30 34
Orai	•• }	Timron Karmer Gadhar Muhammadabad Minaurah	Upper primary Lower primary Upper primary Lower primary Ditto	59 52 61 51 20
		Imalia Pur Goran Akorhi Dakaur Ohilli	Ditto Ditto aided Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	24 18 17 39 54 26
		Kalpi Kalpi Sadar Bazar Do. Ganeshganj Kalpi Sadar Bazar Churkhi Ata	Vernacular final Lower primary municipal Ditto Municipal girls' school Upper primary Ditto	97 91 91 24 60 59
K a lpi		Musmaria Babina Itaurah Sandi Ataria Babai Usargaon	Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	53 64 75 34 23 62 88
		Damras Bhadrekhi Margayan Parasan Bamhori Sarsai	Upper primay school Lower primary Ditto Ditto aided Ditto	52 20 37 26 24
		Kurhana Raipur Rirus	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Vernacular final	28 32 23
Jalaun	<	Ditto Umari Madhogarh Ditto Rura Addu	Lower primary branch Vernacular final Ditto Lower primary branch Ditto	148 77 74 105 84

LIST OF SOHOOLS, 1911-12.

Tahsil.	Name of sohool.	Class.	Average attenda ance.
	Urgaon Sahao Jignewa Sikri Orekhi Kharra Sirsa kalar Vaoli	Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Upper primary Ditto Otto	5 5 6 8 2 6 5 7
	Hadrukh Kuthond Gohan Shekhpur Buzurg Mijhona	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	8: 8: 9: 5: 5: 2:
	Ramai Amkhera Bhadekh Sarawan Gorabhupka Harauli	Ditto Upper primary Lower primary Upper primary Upper primary Lower primary	3: 4: 3: 6: 4.
	Sirsadogarhi Marori Jagatpur Kailor Dhanaurah	Upper primary Lower primary Ditto Upper primary	5 8 3 5 9
Jalaun — concluded).	Eton Ajitapur Bhadwan Dhamna Kartalapur Akbarpura	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Oitto	9 9 9 9
	Nabili Parbatpura Kaith Bahadurpura Bilonha	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	5
	Sadupura Panditpure Siari Madhogarh Kuthonda Buzurg Megni	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	
	Kukargaon Gorachiriya Jagamanpur Branch Umri Shekhpur Ahir Umri	Ditto Upper primary private Lower primary ditto Lower primary Girls' school L. P.	
	Hadrukh Gohan Sirsa Kalar Rampura Tihar	Girls' secool L. P. D. B Ditto Ditto Upper primary private	

LIST OF SOHOOLS, 1911-12-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Name of school.	Name of class.	Averag atten- dance-
Sunoh	Kunch Ditto Ditto Manik Chauk Anda Bhend Bangra Pindari Kuthonda Rendhar Satoh Khaksis Piruna Garirna Diraoti Keolari Busob Beona Mau Chandurrah Gendoli Chhani Pandri Chamarsena Titra Khalilpur Gopalpura	Vernacular final Lower primary branch Municipal, Kunch. Upper primary municipal. Upper primary Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary Upper primary Upper primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary private	10 12 12 6 3 8 10 6 9 5 7 2 4 5 5 8 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8

		ROADS, 19	11,			
——————————————————————————————————————		BLocal				
I.—First class metalled roa	ıds.			ļ		
					Mile	s fur
(v) Orai station roads	••	••	••	(now)	5	6
		ŗ	Fotal		86	1.7
		GRAND T	OTAL		671	1.06
Nore:—(1) No other chan	ges. Se	e page 51.			_	
future, vide Government December 1913, to Chair	rman. I	listrict - Boa	rd, and	i grant !		
of Rs.7,068 for special rethese roads in 1914.	epairs w	as made by	Governi.	ent for		F11
of Rs.7,068 for special re these roads in 1914. Kalpi-Hamirpur	epairs w	as made by	Governin	ent for	. N	 Iiles. 10
these roads in 1914.	epairs w	as made by	Governin.	ent for	. N	
these roads in 1914. Kalpi-Hamirpur	epairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	. M	10
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura	epairs w	as made by	Governm.	ent for	 	10 6
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth	epairs w	as made by	III	ent for	 	10 6 9
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona	epairs w	as made by			 	10 6 9 14
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra	epairs w	as made by	 		 	10 6 9 14 7
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar	epairs w	as made by			 	10 6 9 14 7 3
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg	epairs w	as made by	U		 	10 6 9 14 7 3
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun	epairs w	as made by	Government			10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar	epairs w	as made by				10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar Jalaun-Ata	epairs w	as made by				10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5 19
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar Jalaun-Ata Orai-Kotra	epairs w	as made by	GOVERNITE			10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5 19

FERRIES, 1911-12.

Romai Mahtauli Salaua Bijulpur	Romai	Jalaun		Jalaun d	iat.	180
Salana Bijulpur	. Mahtauli			rict boar		TOC
Salana Bijulpur		Do.		Do.		228
	. Salaua Bijulpur	Do.	• •	Etawah		••
Shergarh	. Shergarh	Do.		Do.		
	. Johikha	Do.	••	Do.		••
Keontra .	. Keontra Kermu-	Do.	••	Do.	••	• •
Tari Bulda .	A Muhalla of Kal-	Kalpi		District be	ard,	30
Jita Mau	72.6. 3.5	Do.		Do		50
Khargoi .	. Khargoi	Do.		Do.		320
					• •	110
			• •		••	12
	r Simra Sheikhpur	Do.	• •		••	195
			••		,	400 260
naipur .	. Dailbat	10.	••	10.		200
Mainupur .	Mainupur	Do.		Do.		190
Claai	. Sareni	Do.		Do.	• •	100
Gulauli .	. Gulauli				••	80
Narhan .			••		••	100
Kartel .		Do.	••	ъ.	••	••
Pontoon Bridge.		D o.	••			6,500
Kotra .	. Kotra	Orai				128
Saiyidnagar .	. Saiyidnagar	Do.		Do.		45
Makama	Mahama	Do.		Do.		85
Salaiya .	. Salaiya	Kunch		Do.		100
Megni * * Suna Nunsich	Megni	Jalaun Do.		Private Do.		••
	Vita Mau Khargoi Dahelkhand Hirapur Simra Sheikhpu Pal Raipur Mainupur Sareni Fulauli Narhan Kartel Pontoon Bridge Kotra Saiyidnagar Mohana Salaiya	pi. Jita Mau Khargoi Dahelkhand Hirapur Simra Sheikhpur Pal Raipur Mainupur Sareni Fulauli Narhan Kartel Pontoon Bridge Kotra Saiyidnagar Mohana Salaiya Minagoi Dahelkhand Hirapur Simra Sheikhpur Pal Raipur Mainupur Sareni Gulauli Narhan Magraul Shaikhpur Katpi	Pari Bulda A Muhalla of Kalpi pi. Jita Mau Khargoi Do. Dahelkhand Do. Dahelkhand Do. Dahelkhand Do. Do. Do. Do. Baipur Do. Raipur Do. Raipur Do. Raipur Do. Sareni Sareni Sareni Sareni Do. Magraul a n d Shaikhpur. Kalpi Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Sareti Do. Sareti Do. Do. Sareti Do. Do. Sareti Do. Do. Do. Sareti Do. Do. Do. Sareti Do. Do. Do. Sareti Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	Pari Bulda A Muhalla of Kalpi pi. Jita Mau Khargoi Do Khargoi Dahelkhand Do.	Pari Bulda A Muhalla of Kalpi District be pi. Jita Mau Jita Mau Do Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.	Pari Bulda A Muhalla of Kalpi District board, pi. Do.

POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahi	il.	Name of	office.		Class.
Orai	{	Orai Ait Kotra Said Nagar	••	••	Head office. Branch-office. Do. Do.
Kalpi	{	Kalpi Kalpi Railway S Ata Churkhi Itaura	tation	••	Sub-office (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Do.
Jalaun	{	Jalaun Madhegarh Hadrukh Gohan Umri			Sub-office (combined). Sub-office. Branch office. Do. Do.
Kunch		Kunch Kailia Bangra Rindhar Kadaura Gopalpura Rampura Jagammanpura Jigni			Sub-office (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Sub-office. (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Do.
			ययक	1 54	

Note: —In 1912 Jhansi became Head office (vide Dir General, Post Office of India No. 13F., dated the 22nd June 1912). There are now 6 Sub-offices, including Orai, and 17 branch offices situated within the district, while a Sub-office at Kadaura is administered as if it were in this district (see page 108).

MARKETS, 1911

Tahsil.	Town or village.	Market days.
Orai	Orai Ait Jaisari Kalan Saiyidnagar Kotra Dhurat Kusmilia	Sunday and Wednesday, Thursday, Do. Wednesday, Tuesday, Do. Saturday,
Kalpi {	Ata Itaura Ternanganj	Monday and Friday. Daily. Sunday and Thursday
.Jalaun	Amkhera Intaun Wasli Kuthaund Hadrukh Jalaun Madhogarh Jagamanpur Rampura Jamlapur Zunnardar Juhtohli	Tuesday and Saturday, Sunday and Wednesday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Thursday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Thursday, Tuesday and Saturday, Sunday and Thursday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Triday, Sunday and Tuesday, Sunday and Tuesday, Sunday,
Kunch	Kunch Rendhar Pindari Basob . Bhend Deogaon	Friday, Thursday, Sunday, Thursday, Thursday and Saturday, Monday.

FAIRS.

Tahsil.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attend ance.
		5å.		
		(१५८ के १८८) सन्दर्भव नयते		
		1 4 4 4 4 4		

No change: but fi gures in column 5 are unreliable, and will be revised before the next census.

HAMIRPUR.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXII.

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by F. Luker, Supdt., Government Press, United Provinces. $19\,\dot{1}\,3\;.$

Alterations and Additions to Part A of the Hamirpur District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date 1911-12.

Page 1, lines 1 and 2.

The district of Hamirpur is one of the four districts which were taken from the old Allahabad Division in 1911 and for mediato the new Jhansi Division.

Pages 14 and 15.—JUNGLES.

With the conclusion of the settlement of 1880 the conditional settlement of these hill jungles also terminated.

Mr. Carr, Assistant Conservator of Forests, was instructed to examine and report on their condition and as a result of his report it was decided to protect the areas of forest land here alluded to together with other areas totalling in all 12,035 acres by applying to them the provisions of section 35 of the Forest Act (VI of 1878).

Grazing of cattle and cutting of timber in these areas are accordingly governed by regulations.

The areas lie in the villages of :—Bilkhi, Sijahri, Srinagar, Ratauli and Bilrahi of Mahoba Tahsil and Tola Soem, Swasa Muaf, Panchi, Karahra Dang, Indaura, Mundhari, Jaitpur, Bhilauni, Barkhera, Ajnar, Gund, Ari, Larhpura, Baghoura, Ghutai, Kulpahar, Bhadarwara, Rikhwaho, Ataniyan Muaf, Lakhaura, Pasanabad, Khoi, Sijawan, Rampura Nauabad, Sidhwara, Chouka, Bachecha Kalan, Ranipura, Satari, Thurat, Sarangpura, Ruri Kalan, Chatarwara, Tondar, Deogaon, Tola Patar, Khiriya Khurd and Budhwara of Kulpahar Tahsil.

The question of the preservation of Babul jungles in Hamirpur was also taken up and after an inspection of Babul bearing areas by Mr. Whitehead, Assistant Conservator of Forests, it was decided to acquire certain areas under the Land Acquisition Act.

Accordingly two blocks of land, one with an area of 2,784 acres in villages Bhogaicha. Chaksona, Kamokhar, Kunehta, Kargaon, Neoria and Tihar and another with an area of 1,660 acres in villages Bandhur Buzurg, Bhatra and Chilehta Jalalpur

were acquired in 1912 and handed over for administration to the Forest Department. The compensation paid for 4,444 acres was Rs. 54,063-13-5. All the villages are in Maudaha Tahsil.

Cattle, page 18, lines 12-16.

There is now no Government bull kept for breeding purposes in the district.

Page 20.—CATTLE DISEASE.

During the year 1911-12 485 deaths of cattle from various forms of disease were recorded, rinderpest accounting for more than half the deaths.

Page 24.—Infirmities.

The census of 1911 gives the following figures:—Deafmutes 166, Blind persons 1,744, Lepers 190 and insane persons 115. The important difference is in the number of blind people, and the chief causes are inattention to the cleanliness of children's eyes and unskilled treatment by so called eye-doctors.

Page 39.—Canals.

The irrigated area has been much increased since the opening of the Dhassan Canal and the construction of a second weir on the Betwa Canal and the area irrigated in 1910-11 and 1911-12 was respectively 21,848 acres and 23,670 acres. Of these totals 6,608 acres and 9,141 acres were irrigated from canals and the rest from wells. These figures are from the area crop statements. The Canal figures differ very much.

The area will largely increase as the Dhassan Canal gets into full working order.

Page 35.—Embankments.

The construction of embankments received a considerable impetus in the years 1908-09. Two parties from the Irrigation Department were deputed to the district to prepare projects and ninety-one embankments were constructed as aided works Government paying $\frac{3}{4}$ and zamindars $\frac{1}{4}$ of the cost. These embankments submerge 2,531 acres of land. The two large embankments at Channi and Khamaria were constructed by the Public Works Department as famine works in the same year.

Channi embankment submerges 250 acres and Khamaria 386 acres. Four small embankments were constructed in the Jalalpur Pargana as Civil Works and submerge between them 343 acres.

During that year and in subsequent ones 125 embankments also have been constructed with advances under Act XIX of 1883 at an estimated cost of Rs. 23,380.

Agreements have also been signed by the zamindars for the construction of a large number of embankments designed by the Irrigation Department. One of them at Goendi to cost Rs. 8,000 is already under construction, others will be constructed during 1913.

Under the agreements above alluded to the zamindars bind themselves to pay yearly 4 per cent. on the capital cost of the embankment and to do the ordinary annual repairs.

Page 43.—HISTORY OF THE DHASSAN CANAL.

The revised scheme was sanctioned Under Secretary of State's no. 17 P. W., dated 17th June 1910. The sanctioned estimate is Rs. 45,16,227. Under this scheme the storage capacity is increased to 3,673 million cubic feet, and it is anticipated that 78,750 acres will be irrigated annually.

The canal was partially opened for irrigation on 19th December 1910.

The construction estimate was closed on the 31st March 1911 and the division classed as a Revenue Division from the 1st April 1911.

During the rains of 1911, a length of revetment wall fell at Lachura but the rebuilding was successfully completed before the rains of 1912.

Pages 54 and 55 .- Weights and Measures.

The Srinagri rupee has entirely disappeared from use and is not now current coin.

Page 59.—RAILWAYS.

Work on the Cawnpore-Banda Railway was started in April 1911. The Jumna bridge is being constructed about 1,000 yards below the junction of the Jumna and Betwa rivers. Stations in this district are to be at Pateora (Jumna South) Sumerpur and Maudaha.

The estimated cost of the Railway is Rs. 80,36,657 of which the Jumna bridge alone accounts for Rs. 32,00,000. The Hamirpur part of the line is not likely to be open for traffic before 1914 but the portion north of the Jumna will be opened in 1913.

Page 60.—LOCAL ROADS.

Metalled local roads in the district now total 78 miles, 7 furlongs.

The Rath-Kulpahar road of 26 miles 6 furlongs has been metalled throughout and the Rath-Hamirpur road as far as Muskara (i.e. 17 miles).

Unmetalled local roads total 486 miles 7 furlongs.

The chief recent additions constructed as famine works in the two last famines being

The Baswari-Sisolar road ... 29 miles.
The Maudaha-Jalalpur road ... 21 miles.
The Kunehta-Kabrai road ... 16 miles.
The Srinagar-Jaitpur road ... 14 miles.

PROVINCIAL ROADS.

These roads are as described in the gazetteer.

Page 61.—TRADE ROUTES.

The project of metalling the road from Rath to Hamirpur has been dropped definitely. With the construction of the Cawnpore-Banda Railway and the removal of the Head Quarters of the district from Hamirpur to Mahoba, the need for such a road has ceased and if the metalled road is to be continued at all, it will unquestionably be joined to the Cawnpore-Hamirpur-Mahoba road at Maudaha. When the railway is completed with its Sumerpur Rath Belatal branch the district will be particularly well supplied with means of communication.

Page 62.

The bungalows at Kunehta, Sisolar and Jalalpur which were built of unbaked bricks during the famine of 1908 were found too expensive to maintain and were demolished in 1911.

A new inspection house was built at Muskara during 1912, the old house being utilized in the extension of the police station.

Page 65.—Census of 1911.

The Provincial report is not available in office at the time these notes are being written. Since the last census was taken in 1901 the population has risen to 465,223, an increase during the decade of 6,681 or 146 per cent.

The density is now 205 per square mile.

There are curious variations in the different tahsils as the following table will show:—

				Variation,	1901—11.
Name	of tabsil.	Population, 1911.	Population, 1901	Actual.	Per cent.
Hamirpur Rath Kulpahar Mahoba Maudaha	••	 79,506 128,055 108,404 63,546 90,712	71,625 125,731 111,926 61,938 87,322	+7,881 -2,676 -3,522 +1,608 +3,390	11.00 2.12 3.15 2.60 3.88

URBAN AND RURAL.

The decade has witnessed some slight movement of the population towards towns, 9.27 per cent. of the population live in towns against 8.3 per cent. at last census.

Sex

The disproportion between the sexes has slightly increased. Males numbered 234,842 and females 230,381 in 1911, a difference of 1.9 per cent.

RELIGION.

Classified according to religion the population contained in 1911, 434,024 Hindus, 30,455 Mahomedans, 363 Christians, 85 Jains, 266 Hindu Aryas and 30 Sikhs. The increase in number of Hindu Aryas is noticeable and to a less extent that of Christians and Jains. The census figures of 1911 show curious variations in the population of different castes. Thus the number of Chamars has increased by 5,683, of Lodhis by 1,931, of Thakurs by 1,844, while Brahmans have decreased by 4,969 and Ahirs by 1,649, i.e. Chamars increased in numbers by 9.8 per cent., Lodhis by 4.6 per cent., Thakurs by 7.3 per cent. while Brahmans decreased by 10.1 per cent. and Ahirs by 5.3 per cent. The increases on the population of the district was 1.46 per cent.

Page 84.

Seth Shambu Karan has died and been succeeded by Seth Bishun Karan.

Their property in Hamirpur has been for six years under the management of the Collector in execution of Civil Court decrees and in 1912, 4 villages paying Rs. 6,677 in Government revenue were sold at auction for Rs. 1,08, 500.

Their remaining property in this district pays Rs. 11,912 revenue and consists of 9 villages and a share in one other.

Page 85.—Prominent Families.

Rao Pancham Singh of Swasa died in 1912 and was succeeded by his son Rao Hanwant Singh.

CHAPTER IV.

Page 95.—DISTRICT STAFF.

The staff usually consists of a Joint Magistrate stationed at Mahoba and two full powered Deputy Collectors, one in charge of the Hamirpur Sub-Division and the Treasury, the second in charge of the Sub-Division comprising the Rath and Maudaha tahsils.

It has been decided by Government however that a third Deputy Collector should be appointed if possible in the Touring season to the charge of the Treasury.

There are four Excise Inspectors attached to the district and a Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools in addition to the staff mentioned in the Gazetteer.

Page 98.—FUTURE CHANGES.

The decision on the question of the transfer of the Head Quarters of the district was indefinitely postponed by Sir John Hewett, late Lieutenant-Governor.

Sir James Meston has however decided that when funds permit it is desirable to transfer the Head Quarters from Hamirpur to Mahoba.

Page 111.—REMEDIAL LEGISLATION.

Up to September 30th, 1912, i.e. the end of the revenue year, the owners of 167 estates had repaid in full the loan advanced them under the Bundelkhand Encumbered Estates Act and 2 estates which had been taken under direct management had been released on recovery of the amount advanced.

In all out of the total sum advanced by the Treasury to indebted proprietors Rs. 2,38,270 had been recovered by the end of the revenue year 1911-12.

After Page 111.—QUINQUENNIAL SETTLEMENT.

The first quinquennial settlement of the district was made in 1912 on the figures of the fashi year 1319. The parganas resettled were Hamirpur, Sumerpur, Maudaha and Jalalpur. The settlement of Hamirpur and Maudaha had been postponed from the previous year on account of the census operations.

One-hundred and fourteen Mahals had been created since settlement and were assessed afresh under the rules.

The net result of the settlement was a total increase of revenue of Rs. 13,214-13-0 distributed among the parganas as follows:—Hamirpur+Rs. 646; Sumerpur+Rs. 14,278; Maudaha+Rs. 1,552; Jalalpur-Rs. 3,261-3-0.

The year was not a normal one. The rains had broken very late in the year and were very continuous and as a consequence very little kharif and very full rabi were sown. Jalalpur and Hamirpur showed therefore an area somewhat less than usual under cultivation as they have a preponderance of lighter soils where the kharif crops are chiefly sown while Maudaha and Sumerpur where heavier soils predominate sowed a nearly normal area. The increase was chiefly noticeable in Sumerpur.

Page 112.—POLICE STATIONS.

The distinction of 1st, 2nd and 3rd class police stations was abolished under Mr. Hoskins' scheme in 1908. Apart from this there has been no alteration in the number, or situation of thanas, but the removal of the Kashipur thana to Mahobkant and of the Jalalpur thana to Mamna have now been definitely sanctioned.

Page 113.—POLICE FORCE.

One post of circle inspector was increased in 1910. In 1911 one post of sub-inspector was increased and 11 posts of constables in the Armed Police.

In 1909 the provisions of Act XX were withdrawn from the towns of Sumerpur and Kulpahar.

There is now a force of 5 jamadars and 63 chaukidars in the notified areas of Mahoba and Rath and the towns of Hamirpur, Maudaha and Jaitpur. The number of road police was increased to 84 in 1912, while as a result of the redistribution of the force of village police the number was reduced from 1,078 to 1,017 in 1911.

Page 115.—Excise.

The outstill system was abolished and the contract supply system introduced with effect from 1st April 1911.

Three bonded warehouses were established at Hamirpur, Mahoba and Rath.

Under this system country spirit is issued on fixed days twice a week to licensed vendors on payment of duty and price.

The adjoining native states of Baoni, Beri, Sarila, Bihat and Jigni also take their country spirit from bonded warehouses in this district.

The duty up to this year was 4 annas per gallon of 50° under proof liquor and 8 annas per gallon of 25° under proof liquor. This duty will be doubled with effect from the 1st April 1913.

The number of shops has been considerably reduced in past years and the actual number of licensed shops in 1912 was 79.

HEMP DRUGS.

In 1909 the tahsilwar contract system was substituted for the district contract system.

The change is suited to the district and has resulted in much increased fees.

Charas has largely taken the place of ganja as the drug most consumed by the people while the consumption of bhang has greatly decreased. In 1912 there were 47 shops licensed for the sale of drugs.

OPIUM.

The consumption of opium has also decreased.

The price to licensed vendors is now Rs. 22 per seer and it is ordinarily retailed by them at about 8 annas per tola. There were 23 shops licensed for the sale of opium in 1912.

Page 118.—Post office.

Hamirpur is now only a sub office under Banda. The alteration was made in 1912.

Page 119.—Act XX Towns.

Sumerpur and Kulpahar are not now administered under Act XX. Their population and importance were not considered to warrant their retention as Act XX towns.

Page 119 et segq.—EDUCATION.

Literates are now (in 1911) 3.9 per cent. of the total population 7.03 per cent. of the male and .07 per cent. of the female. Evidently a different standard was applied in 1911 to that applied in 1901 for female literacy has certainly increased in Hamirpur, while these figures show it to have decreased. The increase in literacy is therefore more than indicated by a comparison of the 1901 and 1911 figures. Besides the list of District Board and aided schools in the appendix there is a private school which teaches English maintained by the zamindars at Rath, where about 50 boys are studying and a Mahomedan school at Hamirpur maintained by the Mahomedan community and a number of other private schools of less importance including a Sanskrit Pathshala at Mahoba maintained by P. Sheo Charan Tiwari. These have been opened within the last year or two.

Page 122.—CATTLE POUNDS.

There are now 29 pounds in the district. To those mentioned in the Gazetteer must be added pounds at Terha, Misripur, Goendi, Budhwara, Jaitpur and Pureni while the pound at Patara no longer exists.

J. S. STEVINSON, C.S., Collector.

Dated the 12th March 1913.

त्रकारेत अगरी



Gazetteer of Samirpur.

APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF HAMIRPUR.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—Population by tahsils, 1911	••	••	i
TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911	••		ii
TABLE III.—Vital statistics		••	iii
TABLE IV.—Deaths according to cause	••	••	i▼
TABLE V.—Cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli	••		٧
TABLE VI Principal crops by tahsils	• •		v i
TABLE VII.—Criminal Justice	••		x i
TABLE VIII.—Cognizable crime		••	x ii
TABLE IX.—Revenue demand at successive settlements	••		x iii
TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses (settlement year)	••		xiv
TABLE XI.—Excise	••		xv
TABLE XII.—Stamps	• •		xvi
TABLE XIII.—Income-Tax	••	••	zv ii
TABLE XIV.—Income-Tax by Tabsils	••		xv iii
TABLE XV.—District Board		••	xix
TABLE XVI Distribution of Police, 1911			xx
TABLE XVII.—Education	••	••	xxi
Schools, 1911	••	••	xxii
Roads, 1911	••		IXV
Ferries, 1911	••		xxvii
Post Offices, 1911	• •	••	xxviii
Markets, 1911	••		xxix
Fairs, 1911	••		xxxi

Table I.—Population by takeils, 1911.

		Total.			Hindus.		Mı	Musalmans.			Others.	
Tabsil.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Femalés.	Femalds. Persons.		Males. Females
p=4	C4	8	4	5	9	_	&	6	10	Ħ	12	13
Hamirpur	79,506	40,918	38,588	74,846	38,535	36,311	4,485	2,279	2,206	175	104	E E
Rath	. 123,055	61,645	61,410	115,463	57,982	57,481	7,498	3,608	3,890	94	13	ති
Kulpahar	108,404	54,427	53,977	103,303	51,928	51,375	4,916	2,432	2,484	185	67	118
Маћова	68,546	32,216	31,330	58,895	29,597	28,898	4,431	2,163	2,258	230	56	174
Maudaha	90,712	45,636	45,076	81,517	41,314	40,203	9,135	4,295	4,840	09	27	8
District total	465,228	234,842	230,381	434,024	219,756	214,268	30,455	14,777	15,678	744	300	435

TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911.

Name of Than Ajnar Bewar Hamirpur Jalalpur Jaria Kashipur Kulpahar Kulpahar Kabrai	:::: et	Total. 26,243 26,486 7,833	82										
Ajnar Bewar Bewar Jalalpur Jarlapur Kashipur Kulpahar Kabrai Kabrai	::::	26,243 26,485 7,833	1	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males,	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Ajnar Bewar Hamirpur Jalalpur Jarlapur Kahipur Kupahar Kabrai	::::	26,243 26,486 7,833	no	4	ro	9	L 5	8	6	10	- H	12	13
Bewar Hamirpur Jalalpur Baria Kashipur Kubahar Kabrai	: : : :	26,486 7,833	13.174	18.069	25,653	12.872	12.781	514	263	251	76	88	37
Liamirpur Jakalpur Jaria Kashipur Kupahar Kabrai	::	7,000	13,450	13,036	24,120	12,316	11,805	2,365	1,134	1,231	x	7 69	:
Jaria Kashipur Kulpahar Kabrai		11607	10,652	10,259	19,917	10,161	9,756	066	487		7	4	:
Kashipur Kulpahar Kabrai Kurara	:	28,987	14,616	14.371	27,874	14,041	13,833	1,112	574	238	-		:
Aulpadar Kabrai Kurara	:	22,918	11,503	11,415	22,055	11,060	10,995	758 1	437	717	0.0	20 G	27 83
Kurara Tolmura	:	18,644	9,588	9.056	18,083	9.307	8,776	561	281	282	:	:	:
Lolmino		21,442	11,076	10,366	20,814	10,749	10,065	628	327	301	:	:	:
Tranhara	:	22,751	11,613	11,138	21,677	11,091	10,586	1,059	514	545	15	∞ ²	- ;
Mahoba	:	32,410	16,308	16,102	28,450	14,435	14,015	3,730	1,817	1,913	250	90 -	174
Maudaha	:	31,175	15,527	15,648	25,952	18,143	12,819	5,190	2,3/4	767	3 8	91	200
Maiheavan	: :	32,981	16,476	16.505	31,441	15,735	15,706	1.537	738	799	9 67	က	:
Panesti		27.254	13,687	13,567	25,523	12,856	12,667	1,730	830	006		7	:
Rath		39,655	19,600	20,055	35,737	17,761	17,976	3,832	1,792	2,040	98	47	68
Sumerpur	:	29,570	15,208	14,362	28,211	14,499	13,712	1,314	675	623	1 3	34	T '
Srinagar	:	23,456	11,837	11,619	22,878	11,531	11,347	976	3 05	271	61		-
			•							1			
Total	•	465.223	234,842	230,381	434,024	219,756	214,268	30,455	14,777	15,678	744	309	435

TABLE III .- Vital statistics.

						Births.	hs.			Deaths	ths.	
		Year.			Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per, 1,000.
		1			84	m	4	10	8	4	æ	6
1901	:	:	:	:	19,200	9,837	898'6	41.87	14,173	7,279	6,894	30.91
1903	:	:	:	:	26,022	13,236	12,786	56-74	17,020	8,757	8,263	87.12
1903	:	:	:	:	23,510	12,169	11,341	51.27	25,631	13,241	12,390	55.90
1904	:	:	:	:	27,840	14,434	13,406	12.03	13,810	7,145	6,665	30.12
1905	:	:	:	:	22,417	11,525	10,892	48.88	13,639	6,988	6,651	29.74
1906	:	:	:	:	14,435	7,548	6,887	31.48	59,900	15,547	14,953	65.21
1907	:	:	:	:	17,433	9,011	8,433	38.01	22,219	11,444	10,775	48.45
1908	:	:	:	:	82,509	14,105	13,404	59.99	21,474	10,984	10,490	46.83
1909	:	:	:	:	15,131	7,713	7,418	33.00	13,384	6,981	6,403	29.19
1910	:	:	:	:	22,336	11,480	10,856	48.71	17,376	9,162	8,214	*68.48
1911	:	:	:	:	24,910	12,986	11,924	53.54	20,101	10,748	9,353	43.21

• The rates from 1901 to 1910 are calculated from the returns of the 1901 census.

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

											Total dea	Total deaths from-	1	
			Ř	Year.					All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
									61	es ,	4	70	9	1-
1901	:	:	::	:					14,173	:	:	н	9,801	257
1903	:	:	:	:	14 <u>5</u> 12 ju				17,020	က	7.1	72	10,368	458
903	:	:	. :	:	F	Signal Signal			25,631	9	499	299	15,135	679
904	:	· :	:	:					13,810	98	က	, ro	8,259	290
306	:	:	· :	:).	:	9	13,639	160	:	1-	8,551	201
906	:	:	:	:	•		:	:	29,900	:	4,593	36	19,326.	636
206	:	:	:	:	•		:	:	22,219	9	:	13	16,763	316
908	:	;	:	:	•		:	:	21,474	24	321	46	14,587	276
606	:	:	:	:	•		:	•	13,384	;	32	C4	10,281	75
.910	:	:	:	:	•		:	•	17,376	:	1,649	:	11,575	149
1911	:	:	:	:	•		:	:	20,101	66	F	67	14.022	135

Table V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasti.

							•	Cultivated,	اليـ			
Down ond tabeil.		Total area.	Waste.	Cultur-		la	Irrigated.					Double
Laigana ara				906	Total.	Canals.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.	Dry.	Total.	cropped.
1		23	3	#	ಚ	9	7	8	6	10	11	12
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Hamirpur Sumerpur	::	84,822	24,454 18,243	21,547	1,200.	1,121	56 252	ſ.	£ 6	37,621 87,374	38,821 87,635	5,283 11,804
Tahsil Hamirpur	:	240,305	42,697	71,162	1,461	1,131	308	HÖ.	32	124,995	126,456	17,087
Rath Jalalpur	::	246,320 120,735	48,256 37,271	50,724 38,966	6,257	5,223	964	::	6.0	141,083 44,155	147,340	22,603 9,114
Tahsil Rath	:	367,055	85,527	069'68	6,600	5,475	1,049	:	73	185,238	191,838	31,717
Kulpahar	:	357,917	53,645	148,502	10,502	1,173	8,876	298	155	145,268	165,770	466'03
Mahoba	:	210,963	23,554	103,707	4,167	1,372	2,582	149	64	79,535	83,702	16,703
Maudaba Muskara	::	148,923 141,995	12,899 20,930	63,366 51,673	435 505	::	431 488	::	17	72,223 68,887	72,658 69,392	5,898
Total Mandaha	:	290,918	33,829	115,039	940	:	919	:	21	141,110	142,050	15,241
Total	:	1,467,158	239,252	528,090	23,670	9,141	13,734	447	348	676,146	699,816	101,745

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Hamirpur.

				Rabi,	bi,		,			Kbarif.		
Уеаг.	1	Total.	Gram,	Gram and barley mixed.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linsed.	Total.	Jusr and arhar.	Bajra and arhar,	T11.	Cotton and arhar.
Fasti.												
1309	:	122,09	44,931	3,463	585	10,636	388	48,367	27,399	5,528	3,100	10,196
1310	:	58,398	39,737	3,319	188	11,813	1,951	61,273	36,653	4,975	4,236	12,639
1311	:	•	:	:				:	•	:	:	:
1312	:	*	:	:				AFISA •	:	:	:	:
1913	:	*	:	:				:	:	:	:	:
1314	:	61,158	44,116	1,817	903	12,542	753	:	:	:	:	:
1315	:	*	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :
1316	;	50,005	44,605	8698	791	2,881	137	967,77	56,612	8,194	3,326	5,423
1317	:	71,452	55,219	1,059	1,022	10,839	1,064	63,844	41,750	8,728	6,410	4,074
1318	:	65,540	39,510	3,161	2,035	20.055	1,677	72,192	50,963	12,003	3,244	3,337
1819	:	105,493	49,743	7,234	1,085	42,023	3,454	37,984	19,748	14,027	1,456	496
			-									
			•				:					

· Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Rath.

				æ	Rabi.						Kharif,	rrif.			
Уеат.		Total.	Gram.	Gram and barley mixed.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram Linseed.	Linseed.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Ti.	Cotton.	Kodon,	Sawan,	Rice of both kinds.
Fasti.		02 703	20 008	088	204	11 757	2,470	101 393	THE STATE OF THE S	16 7/10	10 000	90.08	, c	1 4	-
Took	:	noning) (1)		3	10/177	-19		60,00	10,7%	10,000	20000	9,239	5,473	7,000
1310	:	27,133	39,808	4,954	664	17,666	13,310	138,369	51,393	16,588	30,272	31,814	2,000	3,258	1,335
1311	:	58,998	22,946	11,966	289	35,653	14,515	183,879	48,859	18,953	34,429	25,221	2,527	1,237	633
1312	:	•	:	:	:	FF				HIST.	:	:	:	:	:
1313	:	•	:	:	•	51				÷.	:	:	:	:	:
1314	;	•	:	:	:	:	1	:		:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	:	٠	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:
1316	:	49,159	41,227	1,077	286	3,619	1,077	132,732	67,105	16,933	14,497	23,788	2,819	4,596	612
1817	:	72,181	40,091	3,946	532	21,370	3,946	133,237	53,062	18,006	36,332	18,202	1,920	1,920	1,011
1318	:	80,616	32,322	6,183	1,080	30,321	8,283	132,362	52,692	20,540	30,056	21,764	2,104	2,083	1,087
1319	:	123,70∉	44,043	12,880	453	50,489	12,515	99,664	26,904	26,467	26,245	11,089	4,021	1,214	1,071
	_							_				_			

Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

Table VI-(continued).-Area in acres under the principal crops, takeil Kulphahar.

				Rabi.						14	Kharif			
Year.	Total.	Gram.	Gram and barley mixed,	Wheat	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linseed.	Barley	Total.	Juar and arbar.	Bajra and arhar	Ti1.	Cotton.	Kodon.	Rice of both kinds.
Fasli.	57,341	35,882	9,395	3,012	3,082	4,994	5,933	115,413	49,979	1,738	23,304	16,597	16,974	945
1310	52,293	27,767	7,837	. 3,513	4.359	8,293	5,636	119,020	50,097	1,125	33,155	14,701	14,181	962
1311	. 52,314	18,718	9:9'6	3,828	9,941	9,195	5,908	120,856	54,731	1,741	38,710	10,568	11,102	527
1312	74,407	31,596	2,309	4,692	18,302	10,080	7,728	608,450	18,515	1,314	21,498	10,096	14,200	869
1313	* :	:	:	:	. ⁽⁻⁾ प्रन				:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	*	:	:	:		i,	:		:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1316	42,083	25,003	797	4,116	1,099	2,137	8,047	123,096	66,760	1,342	22,424	9,128	13,183	547
1317	48,181	24,752	2,209	4,497	4,499	4,550	6,538	123,638	56,439	1,891	35,511	6,374	13,592	800
1318	53,270	27,823	2,517	4,413	6,727	5,043	5,703	122,730	53,834	1,541	39,841	9,351	10,068	780
1319	70,574	29,000	233	3,966	16,791	9,775	10,006	106,104	41,297	1,197	34,445	10,942	11,418	633

* Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(continued). -Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Mahoba.

Year.				Ka bi.						-	11100111			
Fa . li	Total.	Gram.	Gram and barley mixed,	Wheat.	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linseed.	Barley.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	T.	Cotton.	Kodon.	Rice of both kinds.
1309	28,047	17,333	3,322	866	2,680	3,118	2,473	56,341	21,229	224	12,326	9,795	10,355	683
1310	25,280	14,526	2,107	1,129	2,543	4,334	1,885	60,260	21,922	88	17,339	9,359	. 9,544	· 541
1311	25,748	9,863	2,852	882	6,786	4,818	2,120	64,902	26,191	231	20,915	7,859	8,248	243
1312	40,416	16,014	989	1,254	12,154	7,405	2,903	37,495	11,855	121	11,237	6,164	8,239	321
1313	•	:	:	:					:	:	:	:	•	:
1314	•	•	;	:		À.	:		:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	11,508	5,673	726	939	998	39	2,803	62,126	18,437	132	16,483	626	7,980	258
1316	29,244	17,954	1,073	1,315	2,473	2,653	3,067	60,118	18,436	68	11,852	527	9,394	240
1317	28,600	15,567	890	1,513	4,334	3,134	2,395	65,580	15,410	73	20,438	282	9,150	368
1318	32,909	18,114	1,112	1,654	069'9	2,964	1,983	65,747	27,248	455	24,707	4,017	6,395	282
6181	47,407	18,815	1,477	2,092	15,217	7,513	2,293	41,073	9,684	180	22,400	1,886	6,319	180
	~													

Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(concluded). - Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Maudaha.

Year. Fasli. 74,544 1310 69,355 1311 33,093	4					_						
Fasti.	440	Gram. a	Gram and barley mixed.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linseed.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arhar,	Tii.	Cotton.	Kodon
: : :	544											
: :	_	60,280	2,211	106	7,362	3,340	27,1,180	35,976	5,491	9,648	14,093	4,203
:	355	44,279	1,559	06	12,972	9,394	80,584	40,446	4,998	1,478	15,744	3,599
310	860	10,837	2,284	169	13,245	5 893	44,905	21,115	5,000	8,084	7,229	1,679
		:	:	े ते के दे वि न				:	:	•	:	_:
1313	,_ _	:	:	() 14	門		34	:	:	:	:	:
1314 45,333	333	33,442	456	141	8,177	2,335	Ž,	:	:	:	:	. :
1315 27,940	940	24,035	196	249	1,726	261	69,188	34,552	3,300	8,105	642	2,085
1816 64,541	641	53,300	445	334	6,934	2,130	76,431	38,438	2,689	8,636	792	2,953
1317 75,947	947	45,481	362	253	22,256	5,440	76,619	29,065	2,311	18,171	187	2,170
1318 78,154	154	33,284	193	326	34,648	6,509	82,814	26,229	3,534	13,161	202	3,213
1319 114,879	879	41,624	3,724	227	52,877	12,801	42,345	12,731	3,932	6,773	239	107,8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•										

· Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations

Table VII.-Criminal Justice.

					umber (of persons	s convic	ted or boun	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of	spect of				
Year,	Offences against					Criminal		Robbery	Receiving		Bad	Keeping	Cases under-	nder-
	tran- quility (Ohapter VIII).		affecting hurt.	Rape.		Cattle force and Theft.	Theft.	and dakaiti,	stolen properfy.	trespass.	liveli- hood.	the peace.	Opium Excise Act, Act,	Excise Act.
1	63	3	4	10	9	1~	80	6	10	11	12	13	41	10
1901	14	100	17	1	24	29	131	C.00	55	103	98	51	70	85
1902	6	31	14	4144	, a	42.	124	3	58	7.1	23	106	<u>о</u> ,	89
6061	40	41	14	· 5	G	31	166	3	14	114	63	41	60	89
1904	22	69	22	14	2	44	167		<u>4</u>	88	35	65	23	63
1905	63	83	55	H	0.00	27	163	16	65	171	85 80	20	o o	73
1906	24	22	6	61	99	23	170	27	08	258	01 60	27	9	19
1907	8	20	28.	co	#	10	35	18	23	21	16	57	ආ	17
1908	25	24	13	Н	47	11	121	10	41	123	9	22	හ	14
6061	:	14	22	:	31	15	132	9	30	110	10	43	:	14
1910	45	13	10	:	53	15	81	භ	37	48	25	18	4	15
1161	33	11	32	:	ĝ	24	75	:	24	65	Б	47	4	- 26

Table VIII.—Cognizable crime.

Paris Pari										Numbe. gat	Number of oases investigated by police,	investi- ioe,	Nur	Number of persons	ersons
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 1 1 1 2 1				χe	bar.					Suo mofu.	By orders of Magistrate.	Sent up for trial.		Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Convicted.
<th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>63</th> <th>ന</th> <th>4</th> <th>10</th> <th>9</th> <th>4</th>					1					63	ന	4	10	9	4
<td>1901</td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>7</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>(E)</td> <td>757</td> <td>23</td> <td>515</td> <td>692</td> <td>131</td> <td>561</td>	1901	:		:	:	7		-	(E)	757	23	515	692	131	561
<td>1902</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>;</td> <td>त्यां</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>178</td> <td>88</td> <td>584</td> <td>791</td> <td>206</td> <td>585</td>	1902	:	:	:	;	त्यां				178	88	584	791	206	585
•• ••<	1903	:	:	:	:	F				952	20	829	851	135	969
1,266 36 856 1,030 140 <td>1904</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>피취</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,012</td> <td>23</td> <td>663</td> <td>840</td> <td>126</td> <td>714</td>	1904	:	:	:	:	피취				1,012	23	663	840	126	714
1,308 271 1,208 271 </td <td>1905</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td>) .</td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td>1,266</td> <td>98</td> <td>856</td> <td>1,000</td> <td>140</td> <td>920</td>	1905	:	:	:	:) .	:		1,266	98	856	1,000	140	920
<td>9061</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>1,136</td> <td>35</td> <td>774</td> <td>1,208</td> <td>271</td> <td>937</td>	9061	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	1,136	35	774	1,208	271	937
148 507 707 148 .	1907	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	989	37	417	744	243	501
	1908	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	833	18	507	707	148	559
	1909	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	780	53	464	626	151	475
	1910	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	501	31	347	490	135	855
	1911	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	538	26	375	609	163	446

Table IX.—Revenue demand at successive settlements.

						Ye	Years of settlement,	ment.			
	Pargana,		Mr. Erakine, 1807.	Mr. Wauchope, 1810.	Mr. Waring, 1816.	Mr. Valpy, 1821.	Mr. Valpy, 1836.	Mr. Ainslie, 1831.	Mr. Pidcook, 1836.	Messrs. Allen and Muir, 1842,	Mr. Neale, 1879.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	. Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R
Hamirpur	:	:	77,437	85,798.	1,10,436	1,03,781	94,120	79,506	77,600	71,433	74,020
Sumerpur	:	:	1,56,383	1,68,897	2,62,154	1,74,220*	220*	1,66,929	1,63,669	1,40,348	1,41,360
Maudaha	:	:	1,89,941	1,38,502	2,06,128	1,52,441	441.	1,51,538	1,47,201	1,87,969	1,22,859
Muskara	:	•	2.60.452	306173	401.135	3.90.412	3.76.299	2.92.690	2,75,800	2,51,143	1,22,590
J alalpur	:	:	· · ·	F	3						C 63,270
Rath+	:	:	2,01,667	2,59,131	3,19,471	2,70,	2,70,614*	2,67,882	2,59,047	1,82,464	2,17,720
	(Panwari		1,07,433	1,50,264	1,90,097	1,85,	1,85,530	2,14,962	2,11,309	11,82,464	2.15.800
nugadar	J aitpur	:	:	:	;	:	:	;	\$40,756	34,295) - I
Mahoba	:	:	:	:	•	•	:	:	;	467,369	11,10,202
	 Separate figures not available: represents highest demand. Including the small pargana of Kharka absorbed in Rath. 	res not ava	vilable : repr gana of Kh	esents highe	est demand.		Settled by	Settled by Major Erakine, 1853. Settled by Mr. Ingram in 1864.	kine, 1853. n in 1864.		

TABLE X.—Demand at settlement and subsequent revisions.

πoiai	Fifth rev	12			:		:				:	:
-ivor	Hourth noia	11	 		:	!	:				:	
nois:	Third rev	10			:		:				:	
-ive1	Becond noia	6			:		:				:	
noisiv S.	First rev	œ	Rs.	58,841 1,04,735	1,58,576	51,060	:	:	:	88,137	:	:
per acre.	Total.	4	As p.	10 10 10 3	10 6	15 9 15 9	13 2	9 8	9 9	10 3 11 3	10 9	.10 2
Incidence per acre.	Cultiva- ted.	9	Bs.	1.74	1.91	1.71	2.50	1.36	1.19	1.85	2.03	1.89
•	Total.	ro	Rs.	57,774 99,502	157,276	60,486	302,526	189,019	85,338	95,276 99,771	195,047	903,206
	Cesses.	4	Rs.	5,252 9,045	14,297	5,498	27,501	17,574	8,046	8,691 9,070	17,761	85,179
queur	Revenue 1905-08.	ಣ	Rs.	52,522	1,42,979	54,988	2,75,025	1,71,445	77,292	86,585 90,701	1,77.286	8,44,027
	Where included in Ain-i-Abbari.	c 3		Hamirpur Maudaha	:	Khandaut	:	Bath	Kharela	Maudaha Khandela	:	•
				::	:	::	:	:	-:	·::	:	. :
	Pargana and tahsil.	-		::	Tabsil Hamirpur	::	Bath	:	:	::	Tahsil Mandaha	Total
	Parga			Hamirpur Sumerpur	Tahsil	Jalalpur Rath	Tahsil Rath	Kulpahar	Mahoba	Maudaha Muskara	Tahsil	

Table XI.—Excise.

1901-02 1901-02 1905-04 1905-07 1906	nt noit 4, : :		dieser fator &	naunds of	mannds of	I a I	-di	diac	Sis				-		1
Receiptes R R Receiptes Receipte	nt noit 4. : :	pasg pas sign	teces fatoT &		*84	I a I etqi	-đ	0	31						
Rs. Rs. 15,641 19,645 22,722 26,898 20,756 13,116		1 2	9	Ganja.	Срви	0 T	dopsum aoi 1	er IstoT	Total Ch	tongoot facind- in 8 Tari,	Drugs.	·muiqO	Country spirits.	Drugs.	·aniqO
Rs. Rs. 15,641 19,645 22,722 26,898 20,756 13,116	::	1		7	œ	6	10	п	12	13	14	121	16	17	118
15,641 19,645 22,722 26,898 20,756 13,116	: :		Rs.	Mds. s.	Mds. s.	B3:	Mds. s.	Es.	Rs.	Rs.	Bs.	Rs.			
22,722 26,898 26,756 26,756	:	•	3,256	63	8 22	11,029	22 0	29,926	1,261	348	73	245	116	99	20
22,722 26,898 20,756 13,116		:	3,500	CS CS	10 35	11,677	23 19	84,722	886	437	33	257	111	9	23
26,898 20,756 13,116	:	:	2,650	HE T	4 13	13,299	25 114	38,671	1,282	505	53	296	117	8	22
20,756	:	:	2,518	0.18	4 15	13,277	25 181	42,693	1,145	598	26	295	116	83	
13,115		:	3,333	10		13,694	27 361	37,783	9,933	461	74	304	116	58	22
	:	:	3,730	;	4	15,181	23 94	32,026	3,493	291	88	337	98	20	22
1907.08	:	:	2,981	:	4	15,144	21 24	41,222	919	513	99	337	98	49	22
1908-09 38 23,773	:	:	2,048	:	0 36	13,876	19 18	39,730	2,325	529	52	308	82	49	23
20,789	:	:	5,317	₹e 0	68 9	14,175	16 26	40,281	2,673	462	118	315	23	20	24
1910-11 28,550	:	:	7,142	98 0	12 21 3	15,471	14 19	51,163	4,928	634	158	341	43	20	24
1911-12 47 26,417 15,59	15,592.25	:	8,941	8	8 194	17.110	16 J	52,516	8,311	675	194	372	79	47	23

TABLE XII.—Stamps.

				Re	eceipis from		
	Y	ear.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		1		2	3	4	5
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02	••	••	••	8,251	20,853	35,576	595
1902-03	• •		• •	8,790	25,112	34,350	774
1903-04	••	••	••	8,584	25,203	3 4, 33 9	677
1904-05	• •	••	23	7,365	20,468	28,301	680
1905-06	••	••		8,296	22,706	31,501	1,194
1906-07	••	••		6,868	23,315	30,679	618
1907-08	••	••	1	10,329	30,094	41,020	828
1908-09	••	••		10,543	25,646	86,689	829
1909-10	• •	••		11,193	30,728	42,499	956
1910-11	••	••		9,752	33,158	43,513	824
1911-12	••	••	A.	12,005 19 -19-1	31,281	43,884	820

Table XIII.—Income-tax.

				Collec	Collected by companies.	Profits of companies.	ts of.	Ö	Other sources Part IV	es Part II	٠.		Objectio Par	Objections under Part IV.
	Year,		Total receipts.	Asses-	Ė	Agres-	É	Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000		Total charges Number o	Number	Wholly or partly
				goes.	TBX:	S608.	.1ax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses. sees.	Tax,		filed.	success- ful.
	F		C1	89	47	20	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13
			Rg.		Rs.	4	Rs.	Con the second	Rs.		RB.	Rs		
1901.02	:	:	15,345	:	福和		72	605	9,542	34	2,803	273	199	72
1902.03	:	:	14,653	:			260	599	9,287	37	2,997	35	147	57
1903-04	:	:	10,261	:	2.5		261	169	4,582	33	3,139	123	88	19
1904-05	:	:	10,289	:	in in		261	172	4,649	39	3,284		48	18
1905-06	•	:	11,093	:	:	H	200	162	4,254	43	3,479	1-	59	
1906-07	:	:	10,917	:	:	:	;	167	4,475	41	3,193	104	73	16
1907-08	:	:	11,101	;	:	rel	242	161	4,894	46	3,445	ಜ	76	21.
1908-09	:	:	8,638	:	:	H	193	200	5,132	45	3,313	99	87	20
1909-10	:	:	8,436	:	:	:	:	194	4,965	20	3,471	106	83	23
1910-12	•	:	0,030	#	280	-	145	203	5,281	£	3,024	2	98	4
1911-13	:	:	8,912	12	281	Ħ	156	213	5,533	42	2.942	30	51	æ

Table XIV.-Income-Tax by takeils, Part IV only.

ıdha.	Over Es. 2,000.	Авеевнова.	A 50	7 523	5 348	3 240	3 251	4 293	4 977	4 258	4 258	5 302	4 237	4 237
Tahsil Maudha.		Tax.	က	1,444	1,307	713	786	739	111	804	189	574	260	209
Ĕ.	Under Re. 2,000	.вээваэга А	C1	 8	83	24	22	28	28	23	23	19	19	21
ď	Over . 2,000.	.xeT	סת	180	138	178	230	292	491	491	504	611	601	547
Mahobs	Over Rs. 2,000.	Угасагеев	4	٦	7	,	61	ရာ	9	9	70	L-	.	9
Tahsil Mahoba.	der ,000.	.xeT	ဇ	997	576	629	627	651	976	976	1,214	1,084	1,223	1,279
	Under Rs. 2,000	.89968088A	67	122	22	26	23	25	40	40	20	45	49	93
18T.	Oyer Rs. 2,000.	хед	īŌ	413	362	403	555	693	269	541	792	844	210	638
ulpal	Rs.	.девавеед.	P 4	10	4	No.	L-	6.	6	œ	12	13	00	10
Tahsil Kulpahar.	Under Rs. 2,000	zsT	8	2,040	1,951	893	913	697	733	837	784	835	1,086	1,212
H	Pæ	Assesseos.	. 01	124	121	31.	35	25	28	33	32	34	41	48
Ę.	Over 2,000.	, X.g.T.	A COLUMN	1,290	1,731	1,826	1,910	1,863	1,737	1,832	1,512	1,661	1,475	1,322
1 Rat	BB.	Assessees,	4	17	24	83	23	23	21	23	21	24	27	19
Tahsil Rath.	Under Rs. 2,000.	Tax.	60	3,218	3,038	1,504	1,510	1,490	1,573	1,623	1,680	1,633	1,655	1,707
	Da.	. воеввеев. А	24	303	203	56	57	56	58	63	63	63	63	64
ur.	Over Rs. 2,000.	Tax	73	403	346	533	390	400	295	325	248	53	200	198
Hamirpur.	Bs.	,аээвавааА	4	4	63	<u>r</u> -	70	70	4 7	ro.	4	7		63
Tabail Ha	Under Rs. 2,000	.xeT	က	1.870		896	761	671	741	654	77.	608	756	728
Ta	Rs.	,яве я вея А	C3	119	120	36	30	27	28	01 17	32	34	31	30
		ij			: :	: :	; ;		: :		:	:	:	~
Year.			1	1901.02	1902-03	1903-04	1904.05	1905-06	1903-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12

TABLE XV.—District Board.

				_										
αo	Saperanau a t i charges.	er er	Rs,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	403	462
,	Dept.	18	Rg.	850	850	803	800	812	13	1,535	5,840	1,518	5,474	3,809
	Pounds,	17	Rs.	2,975	2,991	3,125	2,718	2,944	3,267	3,752	3,238	3,319	3,272	3,841
	Civil works.	16	Rs.	38,458	62,088	74,528	68,462	82,270	76,118	60,528	66,078	63,010	57,503	55,708
	M i sc e l- lsneous.	15	B	59	89	63	124	303	299	317	328	355	15	649
ure.	Sofentific &c.	7	Rs.	410	456	395	417	397	911	1,514	1,419	1,375	2,108	1,637
Expenditure.	.facibsM	13	Rs.	8,388	9,324	8,677	8,824	9,534	10,667	10,343	10,918	11,073	11,232	10,851
	Education.	12	Rs.	20,218	24,000	26,186	25,276	27,640	30,736	33,875	34,898	35,624	37,020	38,921
	Goneral Ad- aninistra- son.	11	8	1,639	2,011	1,680	1,929	1,869	2,639	3,490	4,240	4,182	3,757	3,856
	Contriba- tions to provincial fands,	10	Bs.					7:	:	:	:	:	;	:
	Total Ex-	6	Rs.	72,997	1,01,788	1,15,457	1,08,550	1,25,769	1,24,649	1,15,354	1,26,959	1,20,585	1,20,784	1,19,764
	Ferries.	80	E.	1,950	1,725	1,775	1,745	1,670	3,745	5,392	7,953	6,614	7,065	1,651
	Ponnds.	2	Bs.	8,166	8,705	9,017	10,420	2006	8,555	14,187	8,102	1,023	10,329	9,977
	Civil works.	ø	B.	2,894	2,952	2,992	5,248	8,146	1,365	1,704	13,094	869	2,540	24,611
Receipts.	-ensilassiM eno	20	R.	48	22	122	189	243	189	230	869	359	108	694
•	Scientific, &c.	4 7	R	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	20	832
	Medical.	89	Z.	1,308	1,367	1,829	1,705	1,577 1,323	1,348	1,757	1,629	1,968	2,281	5,489
	Ednestion.	eq.	E.	1,222 1,	1,490 1,8	1,497 1,829	1,638 1,705	1,577	1,644 1,	1,640 1,7	1,884 1,6	2,519 1,	3,825 2,	28,890 5,
	Year,	п		1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904.05	1905-03	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911.12

* From this year the provincial contribution was for the first time oredited under different heads of receipt,

Table XVI.—Distribution of Police, 1911.

Thana.		Sub- Inspec- tors.	Head Con- stables	Con- stables.	Municipal Police.	Town Police.	Rural Police.	Road Police.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8.
Hamirpur	•••	1	1	8		11	3	2
Ajnar	••	1	1	10			67	2
Kulpahar	••	1	1	10		7	41	_
Mahoba		2	1	10	17		59	10
Maudaha		2	1	8		10	69	10
Kabrai		1	1	9			44	4
Sumerpur		1	613	1 8			58	6
Srinagar		1		8		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	54	6
Kashipur	• •	1	1	9			57	6
Majhgawan		1 6	1	8			74	
Lalpura		1	1	2017			52	8
Jalalpur		1	This	8			52	
Bewar	٠.	1		. 8			64	4
Muskara	••	16	han i	8			66	6
Rath	••	1	1.	8	28		69	8
Kurara	••	1	7071	- 8			53	2
Jariya		1	12314	- 8			63	6
Panwari	••	1	1	797			72	4
Outposts.		,				• • •		
Sisolar		4	1	4				
Chandaut		••	1	4		••		• •
(A. P		••	1	3	.,	••	••	••
Kharela C. P.		••	1	8		••	••	••
Civil Reserve		••	••	1	••	**		••
Armed Police	••	4	••	33		••		••
Magistrate's Cour	1	1	21	96	••	••		••
Superintendent P		1	5	14	•• [••		••
Office.		1	1	6	••	••		••
Line duties		1	4	11	••	••		••
Total		28	52	323	40	28	1,017	84

N.B.—Outpost Kharela has an Armed Police force of one head constable and 3 constables and one constable of Civil Police.

Table XVII.—Education.

					Total.		Seco	Secondary education.	tion.	Priz	Primary education.	tion.
	Year.			Schools	Scholars.	lars.	7	Sch	Scholars.		Sch	Scholars.
				Colleges.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males,	Females.
	1			63	ಣ	Ŧ	20	9	7	80	6.	10
1901-03	;	:	:	8	3,947	35	4	919	:	85	2,988	35
1902-03	:	:	:	123	4,913	48	7	896	:	116	3,945	27
1903-04	:	:	:	124	4,929	64	.4	866	:	117	3,931	7 9
1904-05	:	:	:	128	4,267	23	2	648	:	121	3,619	23
1905-06	:	:	:	127	4,499	99	7	864	:	120	3,635	99
1906-07	:	:	:	127	4,404	137	2	941	•	120	3,463	137
1907-08	:	:	:	137	5,335	325	80	613	113	129	4,723	212
1908-09	:	:	:	145	5,673	288	æ	730	115	137	4,940	222
909-10	;	:	:	150	5,700	393	80	797	114	142	4,903	279
1910-11	:	:	:	147	5,663	351	æ	714	104	139	4,949	247
1911-12	:	:	:	149	5.921	354	4	775	,	143	5.146	35.4

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911.

Tahsil. Pargana. Locality. Class. attend ance. Hamirpur		1				1
Sumerpur. { Sumerp	Tahsil,	Pargana.	Locality.		Class.	Average attend- ance.
Sumerpur. { Sumerpur Ditto Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 140 Branch School 150 Ditto 52 Upper Primary 88 Ditto 52 Branch Buzurg Ditto 29 Ditto 29 Branch Buzurg Ditto 31 Pranch Buzurg Ditto 36 Branch Buzurg Ditto 36 Branch Buzurg Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 31 Ditto 32 Ditto 31 Ditto 32 Ditto 31 Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 36 Ditto	(Hamirpur {				
Hamirpur . {			L			
Hamirpur . { Sumerpur . { Ingohta Ditto 52 Ditto 29 Panthia Buzurg Ditto 31 Pandhari . Ditto 36 Ditto 31 Pandhari . Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 31 Ditto 36 Ditt	- 11	Sumerpur {	T>114			
Sumerpur . {		Hamirpur {				
Hamirpur Bidokhar Ditto 29 Hamirpur Bidokhar Ditto 24 Hamirpur Bidokhar Ditto 24 Hamirpur Bhauli Ditto 36 Hamirpur Bhauli Ditto 36 Hamirpur Bhauli Ditto 32 Sumerpur Bhauli Ditto 32 Tehra Ditto 31 Kandaura Ditto 26 Tehra Ditto 20 Ranki Ditto 24 Ditto 20 Ditto 24 Ditto 26 Hamirpur Banki Ditto 24 Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 26 Sumerpur Girls School Upper Primary 34 Lower Primary 14 Aided School 22 Lower Primary 14 Aided School 22 Ditto 20 Sahjanan Bachrauli Ditto 23 Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87						
Hamirpur. Bidokhar Ditto 31 Pandhari Ditto 24 Ditto 36 Ditto 32 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 26 Ditto Ditto 26 Ditto Dit] }	(
Hamirpur. Sumerpur. Chhani Buzurg Ditto 36 Hamirpur. Sumerpur. Bhauli Ditto 32 Hamirpur. Sumerpur. Chhani Buzurg Ditto 36 Tehra Ditto 31 Kandaura Ditto 20 Banki Ditto 24 Pateura Ditto 24 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Fandaur Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 26 Pateura Ditto 25 Kandaur Lower Primary 14 Aided School 22 Ujnedi Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 22 Ditto 20 Ditto 22 Ditto 22 Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87	11	Hamirpur		• •		
Hamirpur. { Bhauli Buzurg Bhauli Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 32 Ditto 26 Ditto 31 Ditto 26 Ditto 31 Ditto 20 Ditto 24 Ditto 26 Ditto 24 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 36 Ditto 26 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 25 Ditto	11					
Hamirpur Bhauli	11				TO:	
Ditto 26 Ditto 31 Ditto 26 Ditto 31 Ditto 20 Ditto 24 Ditto 26 Ditto 27 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 27 Ditto 27 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 26 Ditto 26 Ditto 27 Ditto 27 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto 28 Ditto	Hamir-				Ditto	1
Sumerpur Ranki	pur. /	mammpur	Jhalokhar		Dista	
Sumerpur Banki	11	(••		1.0
Pateura Ditto 26 Pachkhura Buzurg Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 36 Ditto 34 Lower Primary 14 Aided School 22 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 20 Ditto 23 Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87		Cumounum)		• •		
Hamirpur .		Sumerpur 3			T):	_
Hamirpur . { Kandaur Hamirpur Girls School Upper Primary . 34 Lower Primary . 14 Lower Primary . 16 Lower Primary . 17 Lower Primary . 18 Lower Primary . 19 Lower Primary . 19 Lower Primary . 19 Lower Primary . 19 Lower Primary . 19 Lower Primary . 10 Lower Primary .	11	(Ditta	
Hamirpur Girls' School Sumerpur Girls' School Lower Primary. 14 Sumerpur Girls' School Lower Primary. 14 Aided School 22 Ditto 20 Ditto 23 Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87		Transmun (
Sumerpur Ujedi Ditto 23 Sahjanan Ditto 23 Bachrauli Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87	11	mamirpur 3	Hamirpur Girls' Sch	ool		
Sumerpur Ujedi Ditto 23 Sahjanan Ditto 23 Bachrauli Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87	!1	(Sumerpur Girls' Sch	lool		
Sahjanan Ditto 23 Bachrauli Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87	[]	·)	Deogaon			
Bachrauli Ditto 25 Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87		Sumerpur		••	Ditto	
Maudaha . Maudaha Vernacular Middle 87	Ų	· (T):44a	2.7.
Maudana . 1 Ditt				••	21000	20
	ار.	Mandaha 5			Vernacular Middle	87
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	}	11 manage §	Ditto		Branch School	134
Muskara Upper Primary 70		Muskana (• •	TN 11.	
Muskara Bewar Ditto 83 Ditto 85	- 11	Muskata 3			TN:44-	
Maudaha Artara Ditto 75	11	Maudaha .			TN:44a	
Muskara (Gabrauli Ditto 86						
[Lodhipur Newada Lower Primary] 38	[1]	(Lodhipur Newada		Lower Primary	38
Maudaha Patanpur Ditto 24					=	
Muskara Bijehta Ditto 34	11					
Maudaha { Bhamai Ditto 19 Sisolar Ditto 28		Maudaha }	Gin -1		T):44-	-
Umri Ditto 28	[]	اح ا	TT 1		D:44-	
Mauda- (Muskara Imilia Ditto 27	Mauda- (Muskara }	Tronillia		T):44-	
ha. Baswari . Ditto . 26	ha.	(Baswari		Ditto	
Maudaha Bhainsmari Ditto 31	i i	Maudaha }				
Muskara Bihuni Ditto 37	- 11	Muskara		- 1	= :::::	
Muskara Bihuni Ditto 26	11	mustaia	Dinum		D1000	20
Kambaria . Ditto . 27	11	i	Kambaria		Ditto	27
Sayar Ditto 33			Carrow			
Naraich Ditto 25	[]		Naraich	,		
Maudaha Masgaon Aided School 18		Maudaha		••]	TN:44.	
Panari Ditto 24	[])		- 1	T3:44.	
Wandhauli Ditta]]				T):44a	
Makraon Ditto 19	Ų	U	3.Ca.b	- 1		
l 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I 'I	ļ	`\		- 1		

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(continued).

Tahgil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
Maudaha —(con- cluded).	Maudaha— (concld.).	Bhulsi Baije Mau Bewar (Girls' School)	Aided School Ditto Lower Primary	18 17 20
Mahoba	Mahoba	Mahoba Srinagar Sijahri Surha Bhandra Paswara Bilbai Chikahra Pahra Makarbai Ganj Gahra Srinagar (Girls' School) Mahoba Pawa Bilkhi Sijwaha Singhanpur Beghari Tika Mau Goondi Kabrai Mahoba	Middle School Upper Primary. Lower Primary. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower Primary. Aided Christian Mission orphanage Girls' School Aided School Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower Primary. Ditto Lower Primary. Oitto Lower Primary. Oitto	159 76 28 23 18 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 20 104 22 22 49 26 20 74 88 30
Kulpahar	Kulpahar <	Kulpahar Panwari Ajnar Jaitpur Supa Songra Baindo Nanaura Gauhrari Iktauhan Mundari Bijaipur Mahua Bandh Nagaraghat Bharwara Pipra Muaf Kilaua Budhwara Kankua Kulpahar Panwari (Girls' School) Kashipur Burero	Middle School Upper Primary Ditto Di	64 95 49 62 49 44 31 33 20 24 26 30 36 25 19 24 90 21 25

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(concluded).

		71 BOHOOMS, 1911—(COM		
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
Kulpahar —(concld.)	Kulpahar— {	Seonri Dhawar Dulara Bagwaha	Aided School Ditto Ditto Ditto	20 26 16 23
Rath	Rath Jalalpur Rath Jalalpur Rath Jalalpur Rath Alalpur	Rath Do. Do. Majhgawan Gohand Dhagwan Jalalpur Aunta Khera Salajit Jaria Jarakhar Nauranga Bilgaon Islampur Chandaut Tola Rawat Dhamna Amund Italia Kupra Neoli Bansa Mumna Malehta Rohunta Bira Kachwa kalan Jitkri Baukhar Ballaon Dhanauri Umaria Gaihia Kulenhda Mawai Kaithi Bilrakh Birsi Kasba Khera Itaura Rahak Nahdawra	Middle School Branch School Model Girls' School Upper Primary Ditto Ditt	63 63 40 51 53 58 46 48 48 48 34 82 92 63 86 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82

	ROADS, 1911.			Len	gth.
	A.~Provincial.			Miles	Fur
1. 2.	Cawnpore, Hamirpur and Saugor ro Fatehpur, Banda and Saugor road	ad	::	42 24	0 0
		Total		66	0
	BLocan.				
<i>I</i> —	A. First class roads, metalled, bridge throughout.	ed und dr	ained		
1.	Hamirpur station road	••		14	0
2.	Kabrai railway station feeder road	••		2	0
3.	Mahoba railway feeder road	••		3 5	5
4. K	Mahoba to Charkhari Jaitpur railway feeder road	••	••	5 1	7 3
5. 6.	Maudaha to Muskira	••	•••	ī	4
7.	Mahoba to Lauri	Di .	•••	4	2
8.	Kulpahar railway feeder road	3	• • •	2	4
	(F) (F)		••		
		Total	.,	35	1
1. 2.	-B. First class roads, metalled, partially drained through Rath to Kulpahar Hamirpur to Rath			26 17	•6 0
		Total		43	•6
4	l. Second class roads, unmetalled, tric throughout.		drained		
1.	Jaitpur to Kulpahar			4	0
2.		railway	station	0	3.6
3.		••		0	2.5
		Total	••	4	6.1
11	.—B. Second class roads, unnstalled, partially drained,	bridged o	in d		
		••	••	19	0
1.	Hamırpur to Kalpi	• •	••	13	4
2.		••	••	32 16	0
2. 3.				10	0
2.	Mahoba to Kulpahar	••	••		

Hamirpur District.

	ROADS, 1911	-(continued).			Leng	gth.
ĮII.	ÈFourth class roads, un bridged an	ımetalled, banke d drained.	d, parti	ally	Miles	Fur
1.		••	••		2 2	4
2, 3.		* *	• •	••	29	0
4.		••	• •	•••	16 14	0
	and to linipulate	••	••	••	14	
		Т	otal		81	4
	IV. Sixth class ro	ads, cleared onl	у.			
í.	Maudaha to Jalalpur				01	
2.	Maudaha to Kapsa	••	• •		21 9	0 6
3.	Rath to Jalalpur	• •	٠٠,		23	ő
4.		••	••	- •	12	ŏ
б. 6,	Benwar to Kharela	E 233	••		11	Ô
7.			1		21	0
8.			- 1.	* 1	13	Ó
9	Jhalokhar to Jalalpur		CV.	**	8 10	4
10.					22	6 4
11.		and to Tehra			27	Õ
12,				.,	24	ŏ
13.					16	ŏ
14. 15.		3.81.91.94.11		•••	14	ō
TO.	Sumerpur to Pailani	Julia Walland		••	2	4
	1	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	À.	1		
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	Į.	I think 2 has				
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				1		
		T	otal		286	0
		_		-		
		Grand to]-	546	7.7

FERRIES, 1911.

											_
Income.	Ecased to- gether Ra. 6,500.	Torsed to.	gether Refor	1	Rs. 850.	•	:	•	:		
lent.	Public Works Department. ment. Ditto	: 10	:	:	:	:	:	:	•		
Management.	Works t. Ditto	District Board	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	:	:	:	:		
W	Public V ment.	Distric	Ä	A .	. Ā	Private	Ď,	Do.	Ą		
	: :	-:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
River.	Jumna Betwa	Jumpa	Ö.	, D	Š	Betwa	Jumna	Ď.	Betwa		,
ry.	: :	621			sarg	À.	;	;	:		
Name of ferry.	Hamirpur Difto	Bhauli	Sikrorhi	Pataura	Surauli Buz	Sahorapur	Barua	Bachbrauli	Chandaut		
					gan	3:	:	:	:	 	
Village,	Hamirpur Ditto		Sikrochi	Pataura	Surauli Buzurg Surauli Buzurg	Sahorapur	Barua	Bachbrauli	Chandaut		
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
Pargana,	Hamirpur Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Sumerpur	Ditto	Ditto	Hamirpur	Ditto	Jalalpur		
	: :	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	 	
hsil,	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
Tái	Hamirpur Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Rath		

POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of office.	Class.		Manage- ment.
	(Hamirpur	Head office combin	eđ	Imperial.
	Hamirpur {	Kurara	Branch office		Do,
Hamirpur 3	(Sumerpur	Ditto		Do.
· ·	Sumerpur {	Lalpura	Ditto	••	Do.
/	Maudaha	Maudaha	Sub-office	••	Do.
	Muskara	Muskara	Ditto		Do.
Maudaha	Maudaha	Sisolar	Branch office	••	Do.
) {	. (Bewar	Ditto	••	Do.
Į į	Muskara {	Kharela	Ditto		Do,
	\$7	Mahoba	Sub-office combined	••	Do,
Mahoba	Mahoba }	Kabrai	Branch office	••	Do,
	(Srinagar	Ditto	••	Do.
	(Kulpahar	Sub-office	••	Do.
		Panwari	Ditto		Do.
Kulpahar	Kulpahar 🤾	Jaitpur	Branch office		Do.
		Ajnar Ajnar Ajnar	Ditto	••	Do.
/	(Rath	Sub-office	••	Do.
	Rath $\c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \c \$	Jariya	Branch office		Do.
Rath	(Majhgawan	Ditto		Do
	(Jalalpur	Ditto	••	Do.
	Jalalpur {	Chandaut	Ditto		Do.
••	Charkhari State.	Charkhari	Sub-office combined	••	Do.

MARKETS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana	b .	Bazar.	Market days.
Hamir { pur. {	Hamirpur Sumerpur	. (Kurara Sumerpur	Tuesday and Saturday. Sunday and Thursday. Wednesday and Saturday. Saturday.
(Maudaha	{	Maudaha Sisolar	Tuesday and Saturday, Monday and Friday,
Maudaha	Muskara		Pahori Bhitari Muskara Baswari	Wednesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Monday. Monday.
Mahoba	Mahoba	{	Sijwaha	Friday. Saturday. Tuesday. Monday.
Kulpahar	Kulpahar		Jaitpur Lohonri Pipra Minaura Majhgawan A jnar Tikaria Jaitpur Supa Sungra Satari Kulpahar Gaurahri Bijaipur Kilauwa Bharwara Panwari Chauka Kankua Teia Kashipur Dharwar Bendo Seonrhi	Tuesday. Sunday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Monday. Tuesday. Sunday. Friday. Monday and Thursday. Friday. Wednesday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Tuesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Saturday. Tuesday. Tuesday. Tuesday. Saturday. Tuesday.
Rath	Rath	{	Pohowie	17mi 1 "

MARKETS, 1911-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Bazar.	Market days
Rath	Rath	Rath Aunta Kasba Khera Muskara khurd Majhgawan Tola Khangaran Jarakhar Basela Kuchhechha Puraini	Sunday, Thursday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Monday, Friday, Thursday, Thursday, Thursday,
		नयम्ब नवन	

FAIRS, 1911.

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Town or village,	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
(Jhalokhar Miranpur	Bhuinyan Rani, Dunaya	Every Sunday Kartık Purnmashi Kartik	200 1,000 250
	片	Patara Do.	Kanu Pir Jalbaba	Magh	250 250
	Hamirpur.	Do	Mahabir	Aghan Puran- mashi.	25 0
	Han	Kurara	Bare Deo	Chait Sudi Naumi and Kuar Pu- ranmashi.	200
	(Shankarpur	No name	Month of Pus	200
	(Saunkhar	Manasar Nath	Kartik Puran- mashi.	3,000
		Maihanan	Basnag	Kartik Puran- mashi	2,000
		Bhauniyan	(表现)	Pus Amawas	500
our.		Atraiya		Aghan Puran- mashi.	200
Ή		Deogaou	Kamikhya Devi	Pus Puranmashi	200
Hamirpur.		Pataura		Aghan Puran- mashi.	150
-		Kuchhechha	Goshain Baba	Aghan Sudi Parwa	
	ä	Chhani Buzurg.	Sidh Rakh Baba	Pus Puranmashi (commences).	10,000
	Sumerpur.	Bhakaul	Bhutani	Aghan Puran- mashi.	200
	ns	Pauthia	Jhanru Baba	Aghan Amawas	100
		Kalauli Tir Sumerpur	Goshain Baba Dhar meshar Baba.	Do Aghan Amawas and Bysakh	100 200
		Pandhari	मध्यमेल नयन	Amawas. Pus Sudi Ashtami	1,500
	14	Narsara	Kuwari Deota	(commences). Chait Sudi Ash-	100
	-	Bidokhar	Baram Deo	tami, Magh Badi Pan- chami (com- mences).	500
,	,	Chandaut	Ram Lila	Pus Badi Tij to	400
		Bokhar	Do	Amawas. Pus Badi Ashtami	400
	ind.	Indarpura	Bhuinyan Rani	to Puranmashi, Chait Sudi Pan-	2,000
	Jalalapur	Kupra	Sardha Devi	chami. Chait Sudi Ashta-	600
Rath.	"	Puraini	Sidh Baba	mi. Katik Sudi Naumi	500
m		Bhendi	Mahesuri Devi	Chait Sudi Naumi and Dasmi	4,000
	,	Chandwari	Dunaya	Kartik Sudi Pu-	200
	Rath	Khera Salajit	Ram Lila	ranmashi. Aghan Sudi Ashta- mi to Puran- mashi.	2,000

FAIRS, 1911-(continued).

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Town or village	. Name of fair,	Date.	Average attendance.
	(Bira	Chatur Bhuj	Chait Badi Ama-	600
		Malehta	Mahraj Sati Debi	was. Makar ki Sank-	200
		Rath Purab	Ram Lila	rant. Kuar Sudi Duj to Kartik Badi	5,000
3	64).	Rath Uttar	Bare Pir	Duj 11th Rabi-us-sani	1,000
lude	lud	Ballaon Bara	Dunaya Shiamla Devi	Kartik Sudi Duj Asarh Sudi Pu-	600 3,000
Rath-(concluded)	Rath-(concluded)	Kuan Khera	Bhairon Baba	ranmashi Bhadon Sudi	500
)-1	ا آ	Tunka	Mardan Ghaib	Chhath. Rabi-ul-awwol on	1,000
Rati	Rat	Rauran	Sheoratri	Thursday. Phagun Sudi	500
		الع العاملات		Chaudas to Sudi Duj.	
		Nauranga	Ram Lila	Pus Sudi Duj to	1,000
l		Jarakhar	Do	Puranmashi. Magh Sudi Duj to Paranmashi.	1,500
		Mahob Kanth	Sidh	 Makar ki Sankrant	2,000
		Thurat	Ram Lila		1,000 to 1,500
		Jaitpur	Krishn Lila	Kartik Puran-	3,000
	护	Rupnol	Mahadeo	Kartik Puran-	1,000
n <u>i</u>		Kamalpura	Dhanush Jagya	mashi. Aghan Sudi Pan-	1,000
Kulpahar.	Kulpahar	Supa	Krishn Lila	chami. Pus Badi Pan-	2,000
Kul	Kul	Kulpahar	Jal Behar	chami. Bhadon Sudi	3,000
		Ajnar	Dhanush Jagya	Teras. Pus Sudi Dwa-	2,000
		Laherhi	Do	dashi. Magh Badi Tij	2,000
		Nunaura Gaurahri	Do Krishn Lila	Pus Sudi Teras Aghan Badi Pan	2,000 1,000
1	`			chami,	-,
/	,	Mahoba	Ram Lila	October 17th to	1,000
		Do.		29th. Sawan Puran-	2,000
eg	g	Srinagar		mashi. Kuar Sudi Naumi	800
Mahoba.	Mahoba	Atraur		and Chait Naumi Aghan Sudi Pan-	1,000
W.	2	•		ohami. Aghan Sudi	2,000
		Sijwaha	100, ,,	Dashmi asnd Ekadashi.	2,000

FAIRS, 1911-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or v.llage,	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
		Pawa	Kans Lila	Aghan Sudi Pu-	1,600
		Rahilia		ranmashi.	500
11				mashi.	
		Dandhat Sijahri	Ram Lila	Aghan Badi Chhat January	700 600
⇒	3	Ratauli	Siddhan	Khichrahi	200
ě	de	Makarbai	Do	Do	200
72	cla	Marehta	Do	Kartik Badi Duj	100
8	5	Utiyan	Dehi	Aghan Badi Duj	500
اخ	(ب	Dharaun	Bindraban Baba		200
11		Surha	Kanhaiya	Baisakh Sudi Pu- ranmashi.	200
Mahoba (eoschwded).	Mahoba-(concluded)	Goindi	Sidhan and	Aghan Sudi Pu-	2,000
Ma	K	Sachaura	Dhanus Jagya Kalika	Aghan Badi Ama-	100
		Mahewa	The second second	was. Aghan Sudi 7th	100
11		Bilbai	Mohan Baba Siddhan	Pus	1,500
- 11	l	Dharra	Nai Debi	Aghan Sudi Pan	500
\	ì			chami	
	,	Sisolar	Mahraja Baba	Baisakh Puran-	500
	(32774444	mashi and Kar-	
		miles! December		tik Puranmashi	
- 11		Tikri Buzurg	Mansa Nath	Baisakh . Puran- mashi and Kar-	300
- []	ha		新草、草草。	tık Puranmashi	
- 11	ds]	Ratauli	Siddh Baba	Aghan Sudi Eka-	300
	Maudaha		' as your as	dashi.	
- 11	X	Himauli Gadaria Khera	Bhao Miyan Siddh Baba	Basant Panchami	350
الد		Gadaria Khera	Siddh Baba	Aghan Sudl	800
ah		Maudaha	Kans Lila	Chauth. Bhadon Puran-	3,000
Maudaha.	(mashi.	-,,,,,,
7	,	Bhadan		Aghan Puran-	400
- 11	ĺ	Bihuni Kalan	Dam Tile	mashi.	800
- 11		Baswari	Ram Lila	Kartik Do	500 500
- 11		Muskira	Do,	D .	300
• []	Mu skira	Alra Gaura	Nagpanchami	Nagpanchami	500
: 11	×	Gahrauli	Ram Lila	Kartik	600
		Sauniyan	Do	Do	200
- ()		Kharela	Do	Do.	500
`	`	Chhani	Gaughat	Khichrahi day	2,000

BANDA.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXI

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD :

Printed by the Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces, $1\ 9\ 1\ 6\ .$

Alterations and additions to Part A of the Banda District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date (1915).

CHAPTER I.

In the first line of the opening paragraph on page 1 substitute "Jhansi" for "Allahabad."

In the paragraph on General Appearance on page 2 substitute "South and east" for "South" in line 4 and "west" for "east" in line 6.

In portion of the paragraph on Lakes and Jhils on page 20 after the word "works" in line 2 add "and in and along the patha numerous large irrigation tanks are now under construction."

On page 22 in the paragraph on Jungles add the words "and in trans Ken Banda" after "tahsil" in line 13.

In portion of the paragraph on jungles on page 23 substitute "at" for "within three miles of" in lines 15 and 16 and "are" for "is" in line 23; in line 24 read "presses" for "press" and add "Manikpur" after "Markundi."

For the portion commencing at about the middle of page 26 with the sentence "No detailed working plan has been prepared, the forest being managed in accordance with a rough scheme drawn up by Mr. Blanchfield, Extra Assistant Conservator in 1896" to the end of the paragraph on page 27 substitute the following:—

"Prior to 1911 no detailed working plan had been prepared, the forests being managed in accordance with a rough scheme drawn up by Mr. Blanchfield, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests in 1896. Under this scheme the system originally adopted was that all trees under 15 inches in girth were to be left standing, as well as all mohwa, achar, asula and ber. The scheme was subsequently slightly changed and it was laid down that no tendu, mohwa or achar was to be cut, and that the Range Officer should mark for reservation trees under 15 inches in girth which showed promise of developing into good straight stems, suitable either for timber or ballies. The object in view being a sustained annual supply of fuel, a rotation of 25 years

was chosen and the forests divided into five working circles with an annual coupe aggregating one-twenty-fifth of the area of each circle. Coppice areas when fellings were stopped in 1907 were selling at the low rate of Rs. 2 per acre although the demand had been improving steadily. For bamboos the forest had been divided into 12 blocks six of which were opened and six closed every alternate year.

From July 1911 a working plan drawn up by Mr. Whitehead, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been in force. By its prescriptions regular green wood fellings have been stopped and felling restricted to what is required to meet the demands of local villagers for their bona fide household and domestic requirements, timber being given them at fixed schedule rates. All the reserved and unclassed forests are included under one working circle. Dry wood is removed from coupes arranged on a five year rotation, the produce being sold by area by auction annually in the same way as bamboos for which fellings are arranged under two fellings series separately for reserved and unclassed forests with a three year rotation, the cutting of mature bamboos being regulated by certain rules. Minor produce is generally sold on tender to the highest bidder. Grazing of rightholders' cattle is permitted free, other people pay at the uniform rate of one anna per head of bull, cow, or bullock, and two annas per head of buffalo, and a number of cattle go up to the forests from distant villages for a few months during the monsoon. All the forests are at present open to grazing and the limit of grazing has been fixed in the working plan at one head of cattle for every 4 acres of forest, a buffalo being reckoned as equivalent to two head of cattle, though the incidence of forest grazing actually works out to 2.68 acres per head of cattle: this however does not take into consideration the considerable areas of village waste and private forests also used as pasture by the cattle which resort to the forests.

In times of scarcity the forest are thrown open to free grazing for bovine animals (not browsers) and constitute a most valuable fodder reserve.

The income from all forests averaged from 1896 to 1900 Rs. 3,184 of which the unclassed forests contributed only Rs. 341.

From 1900 to 1905 the average from all forests was Rs. 7,588 to which the latter contributed Rs. 1,081, a noteable improvement taking place under all heads. From 1906 to 1910-11 the average annual income owing to stoppage of coppice and bamboo fellings fell to Rs. 5,051, the unclassed forests contributing Rs. 1,110. Since the introduction of the new working plan the gross annual receipts for the two years have averaged Rs. 8,301 and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 8,650 including the zamindars' 45 per cent. share of the Pachpan Paintalis forests, but not the pay of the Divisional Forest Officer or head office establishments. The receipts however of these last two years have been somewhat swollen owing to the felling of wood on new fire lines and does not represent the ordinary revonue which might be expected from the working of the forests, under the present working plan which has for its object the protection and improvement of the forests. The value of the forests, however, must be judged rather by the improvement they may possibly cause in the rainfall, the provision of a food and fodder reserve in famine years, and the maintenance of a regular supply of timber for local requirements, besides providing a good supply of fuel when regular working is again opened, which advantages would have been lost but for the reservation. In connection with the question of fodder it may be noted that during the famine of 1907-1908, 23,261 maunds of hay were extracted from the Ranipur. 30,153 maunds from the Chauri Donda and 1,353 maunds from the Kolhua reserves. This quantity supplemented by 4,031 maunds from the Pachpan Paintalis forests of Kalyanpur and 809 maunds from those of Dadri together with 13,100 maunds from the Panna forests was baled and exported by the forest department to famine stricken parts. More recently in 1912, grass from the Banda forests was cut, baled and exported to Guzerat by private contractors who have steam presses at Markundi and Manikpur for trade purposes though the greater portion of the hay supply of these traders comes from protected village lands leased by them nearer the pressing centres."

On page 29 in the paragraph on *Minerals* substitute the words "It is now a thing of the past though up to a few years ago it still flourished" for "It still flourishes" in the last line but 5.

In the last line but 6 of the second paragraph on page 32 add "Though rare considerable numbers are still brought in for the reward which is 10 per head" after "Baberu."

On page 33 in line 4 substitute "at much higher rates" for "at the same rate."

Paragraph on Cattle, page 34. In line 8 substitute "were" for "are" and add "but the shows commanded little interest and have now been discontinued "after "bullocks" at end of last line but 5 add "to fall again owing to the effects of the 1908 famine to 182,314, 270,397 and 198,721 at next census in in 1909" in the last line but 3 add "but in recent years prices have shown a tendency to rise still higher" after the word "pair."

On page 36 at the end of the paragraph on *climate* add "Of recent years the Agricultural department have kept a temperature record at the Attarra Demonstration farm and have recorded hot weather shade temperatures as high as 125°."

On page 38 at end of fourth sentence in the portion of paragraph on *Rainfall* add the words "The years since then have again been extremely prosperous as although the rains were by no means timely any loss on the kharif crops has been more than made up by bumper rabi harvests."

At the end of first sentence of the paragraph on *Health* insert "though unjustly as it compares distinctly favourably with the climate in most parts of these Provinces."

On page 40 substitute the following for the paragraph on Infirmities:—

"The figures for the various censuses have been	"The	figures	for	the	various	censuses	have	been
---	------	---------	-----	-----	---------	----------	------	------

Year.	Lunatics.	Lepers.	Deaf mutes.	Blind
186 1	466	2,415	898	5 ,9 7 5
1891	181	1,266	1,023	6,523
1901	216	512	651	3,646
1911	879	678	781	5,588

CHAPTER II.

In the paragraph on Cultivated Area on page 44 add "and since then has risen to 924,447 in 1911" after "acres" in line 12 and "but owing to better years a recovery of some of 9% had been made by 1911 despite the famine of 1908" after "1891" in the last line but 9.

On page 46 in line 2 add "though of late years there has been a steady tendency to an increase in the rabi yet" before the word "over." For the last sentence on the same page substitute "In the tracts commanded by the Ken canal the tendency towards an enhanced do fasli area and an increased proportion of rabi are more pronounced than elsewhere."

On page 51 at end of the portion of the paragraph on Other Kharif Crops add "It has however been shown at the Attarra farm that sugarcane can be made to yield magnificent crops and there is no doubt that as soon as the Ken canal is in a position to give water through the hot months of the year a very large area will again go under this crop."

For sentences 5 and 6 in the portion of the paragraph on Rabi Crops substitute "until recently wheat was practically never grown alone—it is now however a common crop in canal irrigated lands."

On page 54 for the portion "The famine programme of the district has been thoroughly revised by Mr. Silberrad Some 600 projects have been so far prepared in case of another famine" substitute the following:—

"The famine programme of the district has from time to time been revised and in its present form depends mainly on large irrigation projects and road work with a subsidiary programme of village works consisting mostly of bandhis, the schemes for which have been drawn up with professional assistance.

Large numbers of these bandhis were constructed during the scarcity of 1905-06 and the famine of 1908 which have for the most part proved of considerable permanent value."

On page 55 in the paragraph on Wells add "Bhaunri and" after "round" in line 8.

At end of the portion of the paragraph on Wells on page 56 add "except that an adequate supply for domestic services has been obtained in the town of Banda which formerly suffered severely from scarcity of water.

For the paragraph on the Garh Chappa tank on pages 57 and 58 substitute the following:—

"Along the edge of the scarp in the Mau tahsil works are now under construction at Katra Khamba, and Baburi, while schemes are under consideration at Jaiwanti, Khandeha and Aunjha which should render the whole of the plains portion of that tahsil reasonably safe from famine. On the patha round Bargarh three tanks have already been constructed and others will shortly be taken in hand.

On the Manikpur patha a large tank is under construction at Manikpur and many others will in a short time be taken up in the neighbourhood.

All these schemes allow for flow irrigation for rice cultivation and rabi sowing in the land commanded below the dam, and also much of the area within the reservoir will as the water falls be put under rabi."

On page 60 in lines 25 and 26 for the words "will be commenced as soon as the project is sanctioned" substitute "is already in hand and it is hoped will be completed before the lapse of many months. Without this additional storage the Ken is a maimed scheme as it cannot meet the requirements made on it for the rabi and is absolutely unable to supply water in the hot weather."

On page 61 in line 16 add "which now appears to be becoming the case" after "regularly."

On page 62 in the paragraph on the *Paisuni Canal* in line 1, substitute "Several projects" for "The project" and "have " for "has" in line 2 substitute "was originally "for "is" in line 6 substitute "would have been "for "will be "in line 8 substitue "would have commanded" for "will command."

For the portion commencing with the fourth sentence to the end of the paragraph substitute the following:—

"It however proved impossible to obtain a suitable site for the escape weir and another project has now been worked out. In this similarly to the case of the Ken Canal the main reservoir will be above the falls at Itwan—a long earthen dam giving nearly 4 million cubic feet storage. From the reservoir the water will pass by the river channel to a pick

up dam situated about 2 miles below Ansuia. Here the main canal takes off on the left bank and proceeds northwards until it has crossed the railway. Thence one branch commands the Baghain Paisuni doab, while another crossing the Paisuni on an aqueduct commands the doab between that river and the Ohen."

For the paragraph on *The Ohan Canals* on pages 62 and 63 substitute the following:—

"The Ohan river rises in the uneven country lying between the Matolar and Manikpur forest blocks in the Karwi tahsil. A magnificent natural site for a reservoir presented itself and surveys were worked out for a scheme based on this which was to feed a canal on each side of the river. Further investigation however proved the scheme impossible as no safe site could be found for an escape.

A modified scheme has now been worked out by which two reservoirs will serve the whole country lying between the area commanded by the Paisuni scheme and a north and south line through about Chibon.

For the time being the Paisuni scheme is unfortunately held up owing to difficulties in acquiring the necessary land in a Native State, but it is to be hoped that this difficulty may be shortly settled and that the next decade may see both this and the Ohan Canals in working order."

On page 70 at end of the portion of the paragraph on Other Calamities add "Many of these pests could be checked by reasonably clean farming and the all round outturn greatly improved; the district suffers however from a marked shortage of available labour — until the population increases very largely indeed there will never be sufficient hands to till the ground as it should be done."

On page 72 at end of the portion of the paragraph on *Prices* add "Of late years however the district has shared in the general rise of prices which has occurred throughout the provinces."

In the paragraph on Wages, page 72, after the fourth sentence insert "This rise which might have been looked on as only temporary has proved permanent; large numbers of labourers have during the last few prosperous years become small tenants, and everywhere the farming class complains of the difficulty

in obtaining sufficient labour."; and delete last five words of the fourth sentence.

In the paragraph on Banks on page 74 delete the portion of third sentence after comma; and for the portion of the paragraph commencing with the fourth sentence to the end substitute the following:—

"A few years after this a group of societies was founded in court of wards villages in the south of the Girwan tahsil.

The organization society never flourished and has now ceased to do any work. The bank at Mataundh and another at Bilgaon had to be liquidated as they showed no trace of the co-operative spirit.

The central bank at Bargarh which dealt with a group of affiliated societies in the neighbourhood was excellently managed so long as its original founder was alive, but fell on very evil times on his death. The affiliated societies have most of them now been organised on an independent basis and are doing well; the central society will shortly have to be liquidated.

The Girwan group really took hold and by example from them a large number of societies have been successfully founded in villages in the south of the district.

As soon as it was seen that the movement was likely to spread it became necessary to organise machinery to finance the movement, and in 1912 the Banda District Bank was formed for the double purpose of making advances to the local societies and of arranging for the inspection of their work and the proper auditing of their accounts".

On page 77 in the paragraph on *Markets* substitute "thirty-five" for "thirty" in line 1 and "15,000" for "5,400" in line 3, of the sixth sentence.

On page 79 in the paragraph on Railways delete the word "three" and insert "Panhai" after "Bargarh" and "Tikaria" after "Manikpur" in line 2 and delete the word "two" in line 3 of fourth sentence. In line 1 of fifth sentence after "stations" add "except the second and fourth of the first group of five are open for."

On page 80 in the portion of the paragraph on Railways after sixth sentence which ends with the word "developed" add the following:—

"A branch from the Khairada station on this line to Cawnpore is under construction, which will cross the Jumna in the neighbourhood of Hamirpur and provide stations at Ichauli and Akona in this district."

From the eighth sentence omit the portion "ano.her from Cawnpore to Satna or some other convenient station in that direction"; and substitute "second" for "third" and "third' for "fourth."

On page 82 in the portion of the paragraph on Bungalows add "at Chaunri and Ranipur and a third is under construction at Markundi—all three in the Karwi tahsil" after "bungalows" in the second line and omit the remaining portion after it with the exception of the last two sentences.

CHAPTER 111.

On page 88 substitute "next" for "last" in the first line.

After the paragraph on Census of 1901 add the following paragraph:—

"The most recent census was in 1911. A series of prosperous years marred only by the famine of 1908 had enabled the population to increase the total returns giving 675,237 souls or an increase of 7 per cent."

In the paragraph on *Towns and Villages* on page 88 substitute "1,215" for "1,193" in line 1, "1,038" for "1,032" in line 2, "141" for "126" in line 3, and "34" for "32" in line 4.

In the paragraph on Religions on page 90, substitute "1911" for "1901" in line 1, "619,300" for "594,070", "37,068" for "36,332" "198" for "186", "357" for "79" and "300" for "362" in line 2, "9" for "15" and "5" for "14" in line 3.

On page 92. In the paragraph on *Chamars* substitute "106,328" for "98,109" in line 1 and "18.5" for 16.5" in line 2.

In the paragraph on Brahmans on page 92, substitute "91,621" for "92,397" and "14.8" for "15.5" in line 1.

In the paragraph on *Rajputs* on page 92, substitute "1911", for "1901", "48,495" for "49,313" and "7.8" for "8.3" in line 1.

On page 93. In the portion of the paragraph on Rajputs substitute "23" for "36" in line 1 and "13,141" for "9,650" in line 2.

In the paragraph on Bais substitute "13,096" for "13,206" in line 2.

On page 94. In the paragraph on Dikhits substitute "6,844" for "7,697" in line 3.

In the paragraph on Panwars in line 1, page 94, substitute for the words "number 1995" the following:—

"numbered 1995 in 1901, but only 623 in 1911; many in the latter year have obviously been enumerated in some other clan."

On page 95. In the paragraph on Januars substitute "704" for "892" in line 1. In the paragraph on Raghubansis substitute "1,409" for "1,397" in line 2.

On page 96. In the paragraph on Gaur substitute "1,323" for "2,809" in line 1. In the paragraph on Gautam substitute "2,413" for "2,757" in the last line. In the paragraph on Other Rajputs substitute "1,170" for "1,377" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Ahirs substitute "63,220" for "59,151" and "9.6" for "9.9" in the second line.

On page 97. In the paragraph on Koris substitute "21,542" for "28,142" in the second line.

In the paragraph on *Kurmis* substitute "31,669" for "24,282" and "1911" for "1901" in the first line, and "5·1" for "4" in the second line.

On page 98. In the paragraph on *Kachhis* substitute "20,185" for "20,426" in the first line. In the paragraph on *Lodhis' and Arakhs* substitute "16,843" for "16,076" in the third line and "21,267" for "18,909" in the last line.

On page 99. In the paragraph on Banias substitute "20,113" for "18,842" in the second line.

In the paragraph on Kayasths substitute "8,367" for "9,424" in the first line.

On page 100 substitute "2,353" for "2,385" and "2,310" for "1,949" in line 11, "8,850" for "5,707" in line 16, "466" for "222" in line 23 and "1911" for "1901" in line 24.

On page 101. In the paragraph on Musalmans substitute "1911" for "1901" and "37,068" for "36,332" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Sheikhs substitute "11,801" for "16,880" in the first line and "31.9" for "46.4" in the second line.

In the paragraph on Pathans substitute "10,460" for "8,263" and "28.3" for '22.4" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Saiyids substitute "2,679" for "2,713" and "7.2" for "7.4" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Other Musalmans substitute "246" for "264," in the first line.

In the portion of the paragraph on Other Musalmans on page 102 substitute "894" for "566" and "731" for "343" in the second line.

In the portion of the paragraph on Brahman families on page 109, delete the last sentence but one, viz., "Ganga Parshad is the only remaining descendant of any note".

CHAPTER IV.

On page 123, in the paragraph on District Staff substitute "Jhansi" for "Allahabad" at the end of the first sentence.

After the seventh sentence insert a fresh sentence, viz., "Besides these there are honorary magistrates at Hardauli and Karwi, who sit separately."

For a part of the ninth sentence commencing with "Banda" and for the whole of the tenth sentence substitute the following:—

"Cawnpore but Sessions work of this and the Hamirpur district is taken by an Additional Judge who also has civil powers as a Subordinate Judge. The remaining civil work is taken by a Munsif."

In the portion of the paragraph on Settlement of 1905-08 on page 141 insert a fresh sentence at the end viz., "This amount has during the past few years been slightly raised by revisions under the Bundelkhand system of fluctuating assessments."

In the last sentence of the portion of the paragraph on *Police* stations on page 142 substitute "has been" for "will be" and "those" for "that", and add "and Kalinjar" after "Pangara" and "Kartal", before "Kalinjar".

In the portion of the paragraph on *Police Force* on page 143 substitute "three" for "two" in the first line. "34" for "36", "39" for "60" and "365" for "393" in the third line—"26" for "17" and "123" for "77" in the sixth line.

In the last sentence but one substitute for the portion "but 14 men......at Rajapur" the following:—

"As has the local chowkidari force in the Karwi Notified Area both being replaced by provincial police. The two Act XX Towns of Sitapur and Rajapur are now the only places maintaining their local force."

In the last line of the sentence substitute "1,307" for "1,648".

On page 146, at the end of the portion of the paragraph on Excise, add the following sentence: "Since 1st April 1911 there have been further changes and the district is now under the contract distillery system, the liquor being supplied from Katni."

On page 146 at the end of the paragraph on Revenue add the following:—

"Of recent years with a better preventive system and a fuller administrative staff a very large increase in revenue has been secured although consumption has remained practically stationary. For 1912-13 the total income was Rs. 62,924 and a considerable further increase was secured at the auction of vend licences for the succeeding year".

For the words "is that now adopted" at the end of the last sentence of the portion of the paragraph on *Hemp Drugs* on page 147 substitute the following:—

"Was subsequently adopted for some years; under the most recent arrangements however tabsilwar licences have been reverted to to the considerable benefit of the revenue."

For the last sentence of the paragraph on Opium on page 147 substitute the following:—

"Poppy used to be grown in the district under Opium department licences the average acreage being about 1,000; but of recent

years under the contraction of the department's operations cultivation here has been shut down entirely".

On page 150 in the portion of the paragraph on Postal arrangements substitute "were" for "are" in the last sentence but one; and insert the following sentence at the end of the paragraph:—

"In recent years the offices at Bhaunri, Chibun, Itwan, Khanna, Sardhua and Sindhan Kalan have been closed as not being required by the public demand—while additional offices have been opened at Bissenda and Markundi".

In the portion of the paragraph on Banda municipality on page 151 insert the following sentences at the end of the last sentence but three:—

"The whole system of taxation is now under revision as under the orders of Government octroi has to be abandoned. Its place will be taken by (1) a tax on land and houses, and (2) a terminal tax on a few special commodities".

In the third sentence of the paragraph on Act XX Towns on page 151 substitute "used to be" for "is" in line 2 and "was' for "is" in line 3, and at the end of that sentence add the following, changing full stop to semicolon:—

"Under the new Act however the chowkidari force will be maintained by Government and the whole of the assessed income will be available for local sanitary and improvement schemes".

In the portion of the paragraph on District Board on page 152 insert after the last sentence but two the following:—

"This Sub-Committee will shortly be raised to the status of a Sub-Board. Each tabil has moreover a Sub-Committee which manages all local matters on behalf of the Board".

In the portion of the paragraph on *Education* on page 153 substitute "risen to 7,058" for "stood at 4,156" and "140" for "128" in the last sentence but one—and "seventy-three" for "forty" and "2,000" for "1,000" in the last sentence.

In the first line of the paragraph on *Primary'schools*, page 153 substitute "49" for "38" and "85" for "87"—and also add at the end of the second sentence "and have since risen to 78".

On page 155 paragraph on *Medical institutions* substitute "were" for "are" in the last sentence but two, and "was" for "is" and "has now been "for "will shortly be" in the last sentence but

one. For the last sentence substitute "there is also a Police Hospital at Banda".

On page 155 in the paragraph on Cattle pounds substitute "32" for "37" in the first line and "four" for "five" in the fourth line of the second sentence.

Delete "Pawaiya" in the second sentence and "Bhaunri", "Baryari Kalan", "Chibun", "and Khandeha" in the third sentence—and insert "and between "Pahari" and "Sardhua" in this sentence. Substitute "Rs. 7,953" for "Rs. 2,700" in the fourth sentence.



Gazetteer of Banda. APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF BANDA.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

				Pagi
TABLE I.—Population by tahsils, 1911	••		***	i
TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911				ii
TABLE III Vital statistics	••			iii
TABLE IV.—Death according to cause		444		iv
TABLE V Cultivation and Irrigation		••		Y
TABLE VI.—Principal crops by tahsils		••	••	vi—xiii
TABLE VII.—Criminal justice				xiv
TABLEE VIII.—Cognizable crime		••		xv
TABLE IX.—Revenue demand at successive	settlen	nents	••	xvi
TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses		• •	••	xvii
TABLE XIExcise			••	xviii
TABLE XII.—Stamps		••	••	xix
TABLE XIII.—Income-tax	医去		••	xx
TABLE XIV.—Income tax by tahsils	14	••	• •	xxi
TABLE XV District board		••	••	xxv
TABLE XVI Municipality			• •	xxvi
TABLE XVII.—Distribution of police, 1911	3.4			xxvii
Tible XVIII —Education	1 1		••	xxviii
List of schools, 1911			••	xxix
Roads, 1911		**	••	xxxiv
Ferries	WE		• •	xxxvii
Post offices, 1911	100		• •	xxxviii
Markets	•••		• •	xxxix
Fairs	197		••	x1
Forests				xlii

Table I.—Population by tahsils, 1911.

			Total.			Hindus.		M	Musalmans	ė		Others.	1
Таћві].		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females Persons	Persons	Males.	Females.	Females. Persons.	Males.	Females
1		67	က	4	7.0	9	-	8	6	10	11	123	13
Banda	:	97,258	49,083	48,175	87,334	44,223	43,111	9,457	4,614	4,843	437	243	221
Pailani	:	116,08	40,991	39,820	74,748	38,290	36,452	5,563	2,695	2,868	:	:	:
Baberu	:	83,069	41,187	40,882	76,347	28,305	38,041	5,650	2,843	2,807	52	83	834
Kamasin	:	81,421	41,139	40,282	79,180	366,88	39,182	2,168	1,107	1,031	13	34	සි
Mau	;	68,200	34,843	93,417	887,99	33,817	32,471	1,911	566	918	19	33	28
Karwi	:	84,759	43,112	41,647	81,226	41,317	39,909	3,390	1,715	1,675	14}	8	සු
Badausa	:	79,626	40,135	39,493	77,095	38,818	38,277	2,521	1,310	1,211	12	i~	5
Girwan	:	83,531	41,671	41,8.0	77,082	38,493	38,589	6,408	3,158	3,250	4.	20	21
Total	:	657,237	332,161	325,076	619,300	318,268	303,032	37,038	18,435	18,633	869	458	411

Table II.—Population by thanas, 1911.

	Females.	64 7	214	:	:	88	:		:	:	7 6	ν Σ	14	₹7	48	13	63	:	60	н		,	4
Others.	Males.	-	235 235	:	:	ဓ	:	32	:	, ;	88	9	7	ŭ	54	20	9	4	7	_		450	\$C#
	Total.	ကေး	cl 449		:	68	:	9	:	-	7.7	11	25	6	102	93	89	₹	7	C3		000	808
	Females.	605	3.792	1,724	1,144	463	264	595	387	1,389	1,333	887	415	2,146	1,152	170	137	337	711	536		0000	18,633
Musalmans	Males.	683	450	1.629	1,066	482	910	647	365	1,417	1,403	986	463	1,985	1,118	201	165	348	737	544		1	18,435
M	Total.	1,238	908		2,310	945	674	1,242	752	2,806	2,741	1,823	878	4.131	2,270	371	302	685	1.448	1,080		0.0	37,008
	Females.	9,185	10,259	-21,613	14,439	18,732	12,752	18,666	12,506	29,976	17.246	20,913	11,628	15,009	17,672	8,433	4,539	15,019	13,629	15,749	,	000	302,032
Hindus.	Males.	9,425	10,424	0.000	15,345	19.162	-13,629	19,374	-12,963	23,577	17,380	21 441	11,993	14.540	18.164	8,809	4619	15,189	13.723	16,186	,		313,268
	Total.	18,610	20,683	44.564	30,184	- 37,894	26,381	38,040	25,469	47,553	34,626	= 42,354	23,621	29,549	35.836	17.949	9.158	30,208	97,352	31,935			619,300
ion.	Females.	9,792	10,710	0.00	15,983	19,233	13,016	14,289	12,893	25,335	18,613	21,805	12.057	17,159	18,873	8,616	4.678	15,356	14.343	16.286			325,076
Total population.	Males.	10,059	10,894	94.580	16.411	19.674	13,939	20,053	13,328	24,995	18,826	90,383	19.467	16,530	19,336	9030	4790	15.541	14.464	16,731			932,161
Toti	Total.	19,851	21,604	47 017	32,394	38,907	26,955	39,342	26,221	50,360	37,439	44 188	24.594	83.689	38 908	17 646	9.468	30,897	28,807	33,017			657,237
,		1	:	:	: •	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
	Name of thana.	Mataundh	Khanna	Banda	rangan.	Rajanna	Raining.	Man	Marks	Riconda	Dahama	Podone.	Zolinion	Dongs	Laugala	Mary Wil	Main pur	Deben:	Ciniari	Kamasin	TAMES OF THE PARTY		Total
gper %	ann Inited sand to'	-	প	י מי	₹ ic	200	-1 ·	- α	00	, =	7	11	4 6	7	1 -	2 5	015	10	2 5	200	•		

TABLE III .- Vital statistics.

			Birt	hs.			Dea	ths.	
Yea	r.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901	••	28,759	12,976	11,383	37·65	17,498	9,187	8,311	27.73
1902		28,558	14,889	13,669	45 · 25	20,526	10,907	9,619	32.58
1903	••	26,930	14,137	12,828	42.72	27,453	14,343	13,110	43.50
1904	••	30,221	15,945	14,276	47 · 89	15,426	8,158	7,268	24 · 44
1905	••	26,945	14,122	12,823	42.70	18,101	9,597	8,504	28 68
1906	••	23,800	12,746	11,054	37 · 71	30,110	15,948	14,167	47.71
1907	••	24,776	19,043	11,783	39·2 6	24,943	13,195	11,748	39 · 52
1908		29,055	15,503	13,552	44.55	30,488	15,491	14,997	48.15
1909		20,627	10,825	9,802	82 66	18,031	9,576	8,455	28 • 57
1910		26,546	14,141	12,405	42.06	22,783	12,158	10,628	36·10
1911	••	26,968	14,159	. 12,809	42.73	19,769	10,708	9,061	31 83

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

				•	Potal dent	hs from-	_	
	Year.		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
	1	 -	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	••		17,498		289	5	13,220	305
1902	••	••	20,526	2	1,467	49	18,841	382
1903			27,453	44	331	641	17,192	776
1904	••	••	15,426	5	2.5	30	10,437	240
1905	••		18,101	272	72	9	12,468	255
1906	••		30,110	87	6,185	40	17,693	485
1907	••	••	24,272		379	125	17,067	284
1908	••		30,488	祝。 登	934	145	20,388	526
1909	••		18,031	त्रमंग त	24	2	14,038	147
1910	••	••	22,786	1	3,834	5	14,600	107
1911	••	• •	19,769	2	11	1	14,505	91
			ļ					

TABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, years of settlement.

							Cultivated.	ed.			
Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.		I	Irrigated.	-				Double-
				Total,	Canal	Wells.	Tanks.	Other. sources	. Dry.	Total.	cropped.
H	22	3	4	ů.	9	7	8	6.	10	11	13
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Banda (1311 Fasli)	273,276	25,753	107,913	504		488	:	16	139,106	139,610	1,153
Pailani (1311 ",)	232,228	43,501	61,837	320		314		9	126,570	126,890	945
Baberu (1912 ")	232,447	18,422	88,512	394		388	:	9	125,119	125,513	11,706
Kamasin (1312 ")	229,270	22,060	72,813	148	:	100	;	48	134,249	134,397	4,003
Mau (1814 ,,)	203,181	37,816	75,453	151	:	149	:	45	89,711	89,902	4,178
Karwi (1814 ")	305,927	76,090	141,886	1,197	;	647	524	26	86,754	87,951	6,259
Badausa (1313 ,,)	207,331	19,437	83,689	203	:	997	:	40	104,699	105,205	191
Girwan (1313 ,,)	213,965	33,562	76,119	951	:	863	:	58	103,333	104,284	816

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Banda.

						Rabi.					Kharif	rif.		
		Year.	•	Total.	Gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley and gram.	Alsi.	Total.	Juar and arbar.	Cotton and arhar.	Tril.	Bajra and arhar.	Kodon.
		Fashi.						\$						
1309	:	:	:	73,609	55,748	11,842	921	3,577	61 265	32,556	8,864	10,537	1,533	3,323
1810	:	:	:	64,255	43,600	13,593	107	5,452	70,912	39,502	9,012	14,490	1,603	2,594
1311	:	:	:	:	9 9				70,639	41,114	6,032	16,734	1,925	2,647
1312	:	:	:	,91,260	38,739	39,091	864	10,617	35,301	18,744	13,469	7,129	1,051	230'8
1313	:	:	:	61,239	57,167	3,097	103	221	66,280	42,799	4,303	12,836	1,283	2,640
1314	:	:	:	85,612	67,550	14,565	549	2,001	61,407	42,986	4,452	8,926	1,110	1,625
1316	:	:	:	38,680	24,444	6,874	592	771	71,246	47,110	4,496	12,569	1,344	2,108
1316	:	:	:	75,521	58,528	13,284	400	1,937	66,445	43,724	8,979	10,406	1,463	2,481
1317	:	:	:	83,595	52,220	24,994	438	4,242	699'99	36,505	2,873	18,315	1,992	2,694
1318	ï	:	:	95,542	42,927	42,678	849	6,166	72,237	42,121	2,382	17,228	2,636	2,708
1819	:	:	:	120,189	48,852	56,296	1,845	10,444	34,274	14,872	727	8,238	2,693	9,371
			_				,	-						

TABLE VI-(continued)-Arga in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Pailani.

						Rabi.					A	Kharif.		
	Year	냂		Total.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Total.	Juar and arbar.	Cotton and arbar.	Ti.	Bajra and arbar.	Sanai.
	Fasti.	14.						4						
1309	:	:	:	28,009	46,610	4,621	1,369	3,898	59,062	34,098	13,551	2,958	4,958	1,772
1310	;	:	:	53,252	38,730	346	1,315	6,456	186,89	808'68	14,979	4,567	5,285	2,499
1311	;	:	:	:	1 -				68,145	43,057	9,814	4,931	7,129	1,917
1312	:	:	:	70,456	40,502	4.918	1.678	17,910	46,969	28,388	8,422	2,824	3,695	2,525
1313	;	:	;	57,792	50,713	2,387	379	3,508	64,195	45,365	7,232	2,560	5,222	2,485
1314	:	:	:	59,644	49,630	2,698	1,225	5,071	73,816	60,840	8,970	3,296	5,889	2,191
1315	:	:	;	19,180	14,022	644	1,001	2,399	71,770	48,573	7,473	3,735	7,568	2,714
1816	:	:	:	52,668	45,287	1,503	1,703	3,440	75,250	48,600	7,805	4,231	7,871	2,379
1917	:	:	:	91,716	60,881	1,918	1,850	6,999	09'040	43,290	6,422	6,015	8,165	2,560
1318	:	:	:	63,534	41,610	4,121	1,733	13,309	73,320	45,977	7,527	4,066	10,244	2,412
1819	:	:	;	996'06	960,09	6,539	1,858	18,227	44,165	20 519	2,356	1,762	13,306	2,120

TABLE VI-(continued)—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Badausa.

			·			Rabi.					Kh	Kharif.		
	Year.			Total.	G-18 га.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.	Total.	Juar and arbar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	Til.	Kodon.
	Fasti.							<						
1309	:	:	:	60,512	52,454	3,608	2,716	430	56,561	26,064	9,030	9,713	6,932	2,665
1910	:	:	:	46,218	36,298	183	4,599	403	068'99	29,342	11,793	9,901	11,147	2,117
1311	:	:	:	57,342	35,219	6,040	13,789	801	62,799	30,367	8,444	7,521	11,541	2,523
1312	:	:	:	68,592	42,497	5,834	17,216	796	54,574	18,891	18,102	6,767	6,307	2,765
1313	:	:	:	33,520	27,527	2,796	1,947	299	:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	;	:	:	:	:	:	.:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:
1315	:	;	:	17,687	10,183	2,641	2,719	1,105	65,741	36,020	6,765	5,712	13,124	1,751
1316	:	:	:	60,857	44,436	6,037	6,992	1,562	51,263	27,771	6,347	3,630	6,287	1,922
1317	:	:	:	60,527	39,382	5,127	11,891	1,226	63,919	24,268	14,748	3,056	16,031	2,560
1318	;	:	:	64,799	36,373	6,067	18,284	998	68,556	38,790	9,587	4,673	10,988	.3,168
1319	:	:	:	86,855	48,879	10,233	23,285	1,679	48,276	9,932	14,884	3,968	7,199	8,050
			-											

Table VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Baberu.

Year. Total. Fa li 68,676	-						Knarii.	LLI:		
Fa li. 68,676 68,676 74,680 85,834 51,665 18,860 73,890	Total. Gram.	n. Bailey and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Alsi.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	ij	Bajra and arhar.
68,676 (5,128 74,680 51,665 51,665 18,860 18,860				4						
74,680 51,680 51,665 18,860 18,860		05 1,856	5,384	1,477	58,037	20,622	12,188	10,554	2,790	2,503
74,660 51,665 18,860 18,890			380 14,802	4,898	€4,066	25,722	15,558	10,777	4,677	2,427
58,834 51,605 18,860 18,890		67 3,984	86,622	7,198	989'89	30,073	9,733	7,395	5,434	3,648
51,665		06 4,651	44,788	10,355	48,759	16,310	18,513	6,827	1,694	1,884
18,860		41 639	2,161	1,269	:	:	:	:	:	:
18,860	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
73,890		95 863	3,846	435	67,894	35,469	7,803	7,462	5,227	4,521
		1,893	8,294	2,586	62,930	30,457	6,893	6,850	4,924	4,489
	79,659 57,553	53 1,783	13,861	2,785	699,99	26,175	16,189	6,141	6,333	5,349
1318 84,044 32,		3,430	38,618	6,559	76,532	33,802	13,928	8,574	4, 145	5,618
1819 106,951 42,		34 5,276	44,152	12,400	39,867	799,6	11,697	3,881	2,238	5,886

TABLE VI.—(continued).—Area in acres under in principal crops, Tahsil Kamasin.

Foat. Total. Gram. gram. gram. Bailoy gram. gram. gram. Wheat gram. gram. gram. Total. arhar. arhar. gram. Fash. 61,577 49,541 4,078 6,474 844 69,652 28,732 62,871 37,040 6,847 15,876 63,877 37,02 5,847 188 80,038 35,351 <							Rabi.	:	:			Kħ	Kharif.		
Fash. 61,577 49,541 4,078 6,474 344 69,652 28,732		Year			Total	Gram	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.		Juar a n d arhar.		Cotton and arbar.	Bajra and arhar.	Kodon.
61,577 49,541 4,078 6,474 844 69,652 28,732 54,707 40,131 362 8,277 488 60,088 95,351 62,871 37,040 6,847 15,876 653 78,535 86,742 78,033 39,377 9,475 25,952 974 64,019 29,605 52,632 42,679 3,762 5,847 138 11,701 8,072 900 2,381 127 77,035 39,809 55,434 44,030 3,430 5,648 460 76,334 39,076 64,133 51,995 4,086 6,691 203 73,731 32,148 64,079 39,768 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063 64,079 39,768 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063		Fasis							d _e						
	1309	:	:	:	61,577	49,541	4,078	6,474	344	69,652	28,732	5,891	16,648	8,269	3,712
62,871 37,040 6,847 15,876 653 78,535 86,742 78,033 39,377 9,475 25,952 974 64,019 29,605 52,632 42,679 3,702 5,847 138 11,701 8,072 900 2,381 127 77,035 39,809 55,434 44,030 3,430 5,649 460 76,334 39,076 64,133 51,995 4,036 6,691 203 73,731 32.148 64,079 39,758 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063	1310	:	:	:	54,707	40,131	362	8,277	488	860,08	35,351	6,337	17,010	9,760	3,636
78,033 39,377 9,475 25,952 974 64,019 29,605 52,632 42,679 3,762 5,847 138 11,701 8,072 900 2,381 127 77,035 39,809 <td< td=""><td>1311</td><td>:</td><td>:</td><td>:</td><td>62,871</td><td>37,040</td><td>har in</td><td>15,876</td><td>653</td><td>78,535</td><td>36,742</td><td>4,473</td><td>11,782</td><td>13,762</td><td>4,120</td></td<>	1311	:	:	:	62,871	37,040	har in	15,876	653	78,535	36,742	4,473	11,782	13,762	4,120
52,632 42,679 3,762 5,847 138	1812	:	;	:	78,033	39,377	9,475	25,952	974	64,019	29,605	8,079	11,688	6,251	3,536
11,701 8,072 900 2,381 127 77,035 39,809 15,648 460 76,334 39,076 64,133 51,995 4,086 6,691 203 73,731 32.148 64,079 39,768 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063 9,5870 54,095 13,444 21,406 736 47,053 7138	1313	:	:	:	52,632	42,679	3,762	5,347	138	:	:	:	:	:	:
	1314	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	1315	:	:	:	11,701	8,072	006	2,381	127	77,035	39,809	2,921	11,366	11,791	1,707
64,133 51,995 4,086 6,691 203 73,731 32.148 64,079 39,758 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063 64,079 39,758 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063	1316	:	:	;	55,434	44,030	3,430	5,648	460	76,334	39,076	2,851	7,768	11,989	2,722
64,079 39,758 7,625 13,931 512 83,088 40,063 os 870 54 995 13 444 21 406 736 47.053 7.138	1317	:	:	:	64,133	51,995		169'9	203	73,731	32.148	5,248	6,985	15,907	2,161
OF 870 54 995 19 444 21 406 736 47 053 7 138	1318	:	:	:	64,079	39,758	7,625	13,931	512	83,088	40,063	4,919	10,871	14,821	3,130
	1319	;	:	:	95,870	54,925	13,444	21,406	786	47,053	7,138	6,008	5,156	17,301	5,066

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mau.

0					H4	Rabi					Kharif.	rif.		
	Year.	i.	1	Total.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Alsi.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Rice.	Cotton and arbar.	Bajra and arhac.	Kodon.
	Fash	sti.	 					¢						
1309	:	:	:	37,155	30,249	3,448	2,093	389	50,611	16,291	3,542	8,665	10,938	4,506
1310	:	:	:	53,140	25,089	395	2,690	433	56,326	19,523	4,031	8,836	12,562	4,449
1311	:	:	:	40,172	25,662	7,862	4,998	688	53,797	19,043	2,225	5,430	16,979	4,489
1812	:	:	:	46,374	25,443	10,436	6,491	962	49,737	18,682	3,948	6,256	898"3	5,379
1313	:	:	:	35,647	28,290	4,204	2,210	178	54,344	20,983	3,819	6,081	11,807	4,714
1314	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	:	:	:	990'6	7,034	570	1,033	41	:	;	:	:	:	:
1916	:	:	:	81,035	22,825	3,825	2,492	304	52,621	22,814	. 1,445	5,469	11,365	3,643
1817	:	:	:	37,185	27,657	4,645	3,032	343	50,692	19,212	2,648	8,102	14,852	4,458
1318	:	:	:	14,873	29,553	8,710	3,651	578	57,418	21,773	2,163	3,251	17,716	4,875
1819	:	:	:	54,141	32,079	12,028	5,005	2,556	44,273	6,887	2,102	3,145	19,712	6,466

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Karwi.

						Rabi.					Kharif.	rif.		
	Year,			Total.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.	Total.	Juar and arbar,	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	ajra and arbar.	Kod.n.
	Fasti							q						
1309	:	:	;	36,108	23,510	7,405	3,485	251	49,103	13,151	6,692	12,183	2,696	5,846
1310	:	:	:	32,773	19,455	281	4,180	551	55,637	15,870	7,168	11,934	4,63	6,843
1311	:	:	:	86,938	18,565	10,847	5,439	244	53,718	18,016	5,074	7,987	6,818	7,450
1312	:	:	;	48,201	19,530	15,869	8,964	1,065	45,299	13,090	8,029	7,930	3,294	6,630
1313	:	:	:	34,527	22,679	6,633	3,878	372	52,004	16,462	8,659	8,821	3,197	6,196
1314	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	:	:	;	. 6,561	3,595	1,788	633	165	:	:	:	:	:	;
1316	:	:	:	34,242	18,715	9,978	3,585	499	43,195	18,688	3,767	5,587	3,337	5,047
1317	:	:	:	34,234	19,302	8,649	9,860	803	52,792	17,701	6,439	4,600	5,958	6,275
1318	:	;	;	. 39,411	18,261	11,962	5,662	1,322	58,283	19,036	6,375	6,641	6,009	7,225
1319	~:	`:	;	49,299	20,691	16,152	6,625	2,039	49,695	9,333	7,893	6,150	7,050	8,766
									_					

TABLE VI-(concluded).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Giruun.

						Rabi.					Kharif.	brif.		
	Year.	i.		Total.	Gram,	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.	Total,	Juar and arhar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	Til.	Kodon.
	Fasli.	ti.						4						
1309	:	:	:	44,668	33,438	4,920	4,435	395	62,092	28,213	5,572	9,492	13,993	2,400
1310	:	:	:	40,061	28,223	570	6,886	873	68,772	27,555	7,092	9,756	19,281	2,150
1311	:	:	:	54,813	29,012	5,722	16,841	. 661	67,747	29,401	6,735	7,762	19,525	2,418
1312	:	;	:	67,543	37,355	5,870	20,183	629	51,369	16,017	12,636	6,715	11,431	2,778
1313	:	÷	:	27,731	22,373	2,314	1,794	339	:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	;	:	:	21,063	12,771	2,758	3,432	916	68,734	31,169	6,975	5,122	19,592	1,908
1316	:	:	:	29),62	41,504	5,220	9,877	1,173	55,200	27,316	7,263	4,148	10,057	2,816
1317	:	:	:	53,2.9	30,123	4,379	15,676	776	69,755	24,816	12,848	2,875	24,470	2,404
1318	:	:	:	63,487	30,468	5,132	23,836	1,013	66,995	30,468	11,155	4,207	16,696	2,185
1319	:	:	:	80,951	40,794	8,359	26,983	1,265	49,697	12,056	12,898	3,879	12,785	5,996

Table VII.—Criminal Justice.

	nder –	Excise Act.	15	8	42	21	8	30	82	21	22	17	36	\$
	Cases under-	Opium.	14	-	7	Cd.	н	:	7	64	ಳಾ	ଷ	41	4
	Keeping	the peace.	13	83	133	144	225	258	162	209	273	257	117	164
		liveli- bood	12	40	22	25	62	36	22	34	23	24	20	23
ect of-	Grimina	trespass.	11	115	76	92	81	109	125	105	138	86	49	62
over in resp	Receiving	stolen property.	10	39	40	22	56	42	72	27	31	36	74	44
Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of-	, , ,	and dakaiti.	6.	9	4	က			ro or	F-	တ	co ′	671	1
onvicte		Theft.	8	166	109	98	75	132	117	100	161	115	77	87
persons o	Criminal	force and assault.	7	25	49	53	33.	29	0 2 .	37.	19	36	31	16
mber of	Cuttle	theft.	9	12	유	æ	9	4	98	41	69	58	52	4
N		Rape.	ō	of a		14 -	i i i i	;	64	:	:	:	:	:
	Grievous Rape.		4	. 14	6.9	40	48	16	45	13	52	32	23	24
	Offences	affecting life.	9	18	32	34	23	16	တ	9	o,	יט	12	1
	Offences against public	guillity, (chapter VIII).	22	179	184	173	194	150	127	76	77	125	00%	192
				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.		-	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	906L	1907	1908	1909	1910	11911

Table VIII.—Cognizable crims.

			Number gat	r of cases ed by pol	investi- lice.	Num	ber of per	sons
	Year.		Suo molu.	By order of Magis- trate	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Con victed.
	1		2	8	4	5	6	7
1901	••		1,118	62	795	1,410	849	909
1902	••	••	1,099	28	799	1,403	885	880
1903	••	••	939	8	571	1,176	416	760
1904	••	••	924	- 12	568	1,403	434	669
1905	4.4		1,039	Silver &	590	1,951	581	769
1906	••	••	1,224	••	688	1,478	619	859
1907		••	867		464	1,247	675	570
1908	••	••	1,036		578	1,012	285	727
1909	••	••	946	••	561	858	226	632
1910			8 55	••	451	850	203	647
1911	••		940		562	1,148	423	623

Table IX. — District Banda. Revenue* demand at successive settlements

				Yea	Years of Settlement.	nent.				
.1809.	1810-1812 prolonged to 1815.		, 1816-1820, 1821-1825.	1826-1830.	1831-1833. **	1834-1848.	Mr. Weight's Sattle- ment, 1842-1858.	Mr. Mayne's revision, 1860.	Mr. Cadell's Settle- ment, 1881.	Mr. Humphries Settle- ment, 1905-1909
	Rs.	Ra.	Rs	Rs.	is.	Rs.	Bs.	Bs.	Rs	Rs.
3,414	3,28,371	44,86,611 4,19,469	4,18,160	4,05,203	4 00,129 3,48,178	3,15.962	3,18,198 12,73,723	2,45,947	2,07,115	1,48,591
883	1,89,444	¶3,47,244	\$29,404 [2,41,09]	12,92,803	2,12,982	2,29,698	2,32,214	1,51,836	1,57,130 1,47,945	1,28,635
2 2	\$1,14,859 97,398	1.07.371	1.05,123	1,53,458	1,51,354	1,45,951	1,57,517	1,36,914	11,01,515 95,315	98,062
23.62	1,95,357	2,44,500	1,28,439	2,29,511 1,27,759	Novi Seve Selde	1,90,270	1,93,225	1,49,731	1,40,363	1,26,516
,723	15,34,776	20,92,345	20,05,206	18,78,999	:	15,52,399	16,29,264	13,08,945	11,27,950	9,65,654

• This table shows the highest amounts imposed: they differ from those actually collected.

† Thirty-nine villages of Khandeh were incorporated in this tahsil in 1817.

‡ Including 39 villages of pargana Kalinjar assessed in 1812.

§ Including the Simauni villages incorporated in these parganas in 1860.

Tahsils as newly constituted in 1880,

¶ Partially under direct management.

** Five hundred and eighty estates cut off, 1,092

were held under direct management.

Table X.—Revenue and cesses.

Pargana and	Where included in		Revenue fixed at	Cesses	Ē	Incie	Incidence per acre.	First	Se-	Third		
taheil.	Ain-i-Akbari.		settlement 1906-1908	10 per cent.	Total	Culti- vated.	Total.	revision.	revi- sion.	revi- sion.	sion.	sion.
Ħ	e3 .		ဆ	4	νG	9	۲-	go	6	10	п	12
	Sihonda	;	B3.	Rg.	Bs.	Bs.	Bs.	Re.				<u> </u>
Banda	Maudaba	:	1,48,365	14,440	1,63,202	1.03	-54	1,58,026			····	
	Khandeh	:										· · · · ·
Palani	Shadipur, Simauni	:	1,44,403	14,440	1,58,843	1-14	62	1,48,953				
Baberu	Simauni Augasi	:	1,30,960	13,096	1,44,056	1.04	56					
Kamasin			1,26,451	12,645	1,39,096	6.	•55					
Mau	Sarkar Bhelghora	:	• 93,267	9,327	1,02,594	2.0	94.					
Karwi			* 94,415	9,441	1,03,856	1.07	.32					
Badausa	Aguasi Rasan	:	5,98,002	9,800	1,07,802	66.	-47	,				
Girwan	Sihonda, Kalinjar	:	1,28,539	12,854	1,41,398	1.23	9-					
	Total	:	+ 9,64,402	96,440	1,060,842	8	15					

• Proposed revenue.
† Actual and nominal revenue.

TABLE XI.—Excise

				·										
	1	.muiqO	વ	4-1	15	20	25	8	36	36	26	26	26	26
Number of shops	io alia	Dings.	17	82	83	22	83	76	92	76	22	2	2	2
of S	101	Country titiqa,	16	145	147	144	145	145	138	127	115	116	116	116
receipts of		.muiqO	12	Rs. 148	144	154	165	176	167	181	176	193	234	308
0	population iron	Drugs.	14	Rs. 80	85	66	145	171	215	208	201	221	218	154
Incidence of per 10,00	mdod :	loupiel buloati rol yai	21	Rs. 667	752	743	827	857	619	410	336	272	335	471
	81E	Total ch	12	Rs. 1,374	1,059	218	1,190	1,971	1,374	1,956	2,222	1,681	5,203	10,146
.81	diəc	Total re	표	Bs. 55,354	61,760	62,748	71,624	75,787	63,055	50,681	44,918	45,404	4),753	71,054
Opium.	-đī	muanoO noit	10	Mds. s. 18 39	19 19	20 23	21 30	23 9	22 11	22 30	23 34	25 5	23 5	17 33
රි		Total r	ြာ	Rs. 9,323	9,056	9,700	10,339	11,034	10,537	11,4:7	11,103	12,143	14,760	:1,853
	Cousumption	nja. Charas.	8	Meds. s.	14 19	20 21	20.16	12 24	9 24	11 4	8 23	14 15	13 30	98 6
Drugs.	Cousur	- E-	6-	Wds. s. M.ds.	83 0	010	0	:	0 5	:	:	:	:	:
Total receipts.		اد	F.s. 5,001	5,337	6,263	9,161.	10,759	13,529	:3,155	12,667	13,915	13,722	12,790	
i (ari	Receipte from lare and sendi.		3	: بي ن	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:
spirit.	-[ខង	musnoD tai noit La snoi	4	ж. :	:	:	:	:	:	13,304	11,203	11,169	12,783	28,336
Country spirit.		Receipts.	8	Bs. 41,805	47,157	41,593	51,921	53,802	38,822	25,932	20,968	19,143	21,022	3,169
·10J U	ioni		24	Rs. 235	210	192	173	162	177	177	201	185	133	188
	Yuge.		1	1901-03	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905.03	1903-07	1-07-38	1903-09	1907-10	1910-:1	1911-13

TABLE XII.—Stumps.

				R	eceipts from	1—	
		Year.	:	Non- Jud:cial.	Court-fee, including copie.	All sources.	Total charges.
		1		2	3	4	5
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02		••	••	13,214	45,443	59,47 6	1,031
1902-03	.,	••	••	11,746	45,989	58,544	1,161
1903-04				10,379	45,156	56,433	1,091
1904-05		••	4.6	9,819	41,650	51,935	1,065
1905-03		**	A	9,194	42,815	52,878	1,113
1906-07	••	••		9,002	87,447	47,842	1,362
1907-08	••	•		10,577	49,160	€0,€47	1,064
1908-09		••	.[12,108	44,833	57,691	1,021
1909.10	••	• •	1	13,778	61,867	76,670	1,287
1910-11		• •		12,665	64,0%	77,620	1,323
1911-13	••	••	1000	10,323	58,102	69,854	1,451
			F	रमित्र नयन			}
							·
					·		
					1		
				<u> </u>	La constant	<u> </u>	<u>l</u>

TABLE XIII.—Incometax.

				companies.	nies.	Companies.	us or	<u>2</u>	Other sources, Part IV.	s, Part I	Α.		Ubjectio Pari	Objections under Part IV.
	Year.		Total	Aggos		A SECO		Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2000.		Total charges.		Number or partly
			1	sees.	Tax.	£668.	lax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	П		2	65	4	ಬ	9	b-	œ	6	10	11	12	1.3
			Ra.		h	1	T.	4	R.		i ii	Rs.		
1901-02	:	:	17,330	:	ाः नश्च			593	8,924	68	3,842	88	232	76
1902-03	:	:	17,297	:	ria			584	8,645	∂ ŧ	4,006	002	197	- 61
1903-04	:	:	11,081	:	74	. N - 17		149	9,860	88	3,750	:	121	8
1904-05	:	:	11,989	:	1		:	158	4,512	25	3,114	80	12	16
1905-06	:	:	12,709	:	:	:	:	138	3,644	9#	4,377	15	11	17
1906-07	:	:	7,129	:	:	:	:	185	3,488	24	3,661	:	29	13
1907-08	:	:	7,216	:	:	:	:	147	3,886	65	3,249	:	99	19
1908-09	:	:	7,465	:	:	;	:	135	3,610	88	3,816	:	102	4
1909-10	:	:	7,495	:	:	;	:	146	3,955	.66	3,446	:	78	88
1910-11	:	:	9,045	:	:	:	:	1171	4,538	8	4,334	:	103	46
1911-12	:	:	9,032	:	:	:	:	208	€06 ' ∓	41	4,069	:	80	12

	- 1		Tabsil	Banda.			Tahsil I	Pailani,	
			der 3,00 0.		ver 2,000.	Un Rs, 2	der 3,000.	Or Rs. 2	ver 2,000
Year.		A sessees.	Tax,	Assesses.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	••	124	2,035	714 (33)	1,591	67	936	1	52
1902-03		123	1,946	15	1,517	78	932	1	55
1908-04		88	1,088	18	1,526	10	231	1	5
19 04- 05		87	1,040	15	1,726	11	265		••
1905-06		32	940	18	2,010	10	264	۱,	6:
1906-07		27	715	18	1,276	11	266	ι	5
1907-08		81	855	8	94 8	12	294	1	5
1908-09	••	28	786	10	1,234	12	353	1	5
1909-10		24	691	10	1,288	12	346	1	5
1910-11	••	44	1,114	13	1,731	16	420	1	5
1911-12		58	1,197	16	1,734	19	456		••

Table XIV—(continued).—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only)

			Tahsil]	Baberu.			Tahsi' E	Kamasir	١,
Year,		Un Rs. 2	der 2,000.	Rs.	ver 2,000.	Ur Rs.	nder 2,000.	Rs.	ver 2,000.
iear.		Assessees.	Tex.	Assessees.	Tax	Assessees.	Тах.	Assessees.	Tax.
' 1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02		48	725	3	199	45.	625	1	78
1902-08		45	728	2	108	47	635	1	78
1903-04		15	435	2	108	10	237	1	78
1904-05		13	351	4	239	7	185	1	78
1905-06		13	844	4	239	7	164	1	78
1906-07		13	374	4	268	7	156	1	62
1907-08	"	13	882	4	2 68	7	163	1	62
1908-09		12	318	Б	331	6	120	ı	6 3
1909-10		12	303	4	266	8	148	1	63
1910-11		13	880	3	214	8	192	1	60
1911-12		14	319	3	236	19	420	1	60
		1							

TABLE XIV -- (continued) -- Income-tax by Tuhsils (Part IV only).

			Tabsi	l Mau.			Tahsil :	Karwi.	
**			der 2,00 0.	R.,	ver 2,000.	Rs.	der. 2,000.		ver 2.000.
Year.		A ssessees.	Tax.	Авяевеев.	Tax,	Assessees.	Tax.	Assesses.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	••	71	1,105	4	264	98	1,468	11	1,188
1902-03	••	70	1,100	4	314	95	1,411	12	1,447
1903-04	• •	17	475	4	310	30	693	11.	1,189
1904-05	••	15	436	5 13	391		Not avai	lable.	
1905-06	••	14	438	5	349	80	679	10	1,01
1906-07	••	14	421	प्रस्ति । र	505	30	710	9	1,07
1907-08	••	19	570	2	210	30	716	9	975
1008-09	••	16	404	б	581	29	727	0	988
1909-10	••	18	497	9	205	32	868	6	728
1910-11	••	18	458	4	277	29	855	8	880
1911-12	••	24	573	3	242	80	840	7.	721
	į								
	į								

Table XIV—(concluded).—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only)

			Tahsil B	adausa.		Tahsil Girwan.						
		Un Rs. 3			ver 2,000.		1der 2,00 0 .	Rs.	ver 2,000.			
Year.		Assesses.	Tax.	Assessess.	Тах.	Assessees.	Tax	Авкезиесы.	Tax.			
1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5			
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			
1901-02		62	755			77	245	5	47			
1 902-0 3		59	470			72	1,159	5	489			
1908-04		7	163			22	588	5	47			
1904-05		7	170	1	68	24	617	3	37			
1905-06		10	246	1 1 1	68	22	567	4	42			
1906-07		8	22 8	1234 1	- 13년 61	24	612	3	39			
1907-08	••	6	188	4	243	27	602	3	4 60			
1908-09		6	174	4.	260	23	650	2	35			
190 9-10		9	248	5	337	29	733	3	41			
1910-1 1	••	14	872	4	337	32	787	5	73			
1911-12	••	14	865	4	305	80	789	7	77			
			.9	i.								
					į							

Board.
District
XV.
TABLE X

				щ	Receipts.							Ħ	Expenditure.	ture.				
Year.		Education.	Medical.	Scientiflo,	Miscellane.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Ferries.	Total ex- penditure.	Contribu- tions to provincial funds,	General ad- ministra- tion,	Education.	Medioal.	Scientifio,	Miscellane- ons.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Dept.
H	$\frac{1}{1}$	64	[m]	4	10	9	2	8	6	2	12	123	123	4	15	97	17	18
	,	Ra.	E.S.	Rg.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.	K.8.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	R.	34 8i	Re.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
941-02	:	3,679	3,286	49	Ŀ	4,623	5,909	2,956	1,25,167		1,761	31,214 12,580	12,580	558	128	74,204	2,947	1,825
£\$\$2-03	:	4,500	3,275	:	198	3,831	7,158	2,959	1,30,634		2,929	33,824 13,621	13,621	924	· :	74,504	3,192	1,570
£\$03-04	:	4,299	3,355	:	311	4,759	6,236	3,565	1,47,088		2,312	35,444 13,580	13,580	867	27	90,794	2,500	1,564
904.05	-:	4,547	3,571	:	381	5,453	9,118	2,344	1,45,350		2,347	2,347, 35,954 14,130	14,180	698	74	87,887	2,555	1,525
1905-06	:	4,675	3,951	4	335	5,631	6,576	3,122	1,67,242		2,496	41,375	15,234	1,013	204	1,03,139	2,300	1,478
1906-07	:	4,918	3,669	70	604	3,328	6,132	3,509	1,51,132	;	2,952	2,952 43,163 13,811	13,811	1,382	96	85,716	2,322	1,690
1807-08	:	5,170	3,527	:	283	3,937	9,411	8,318	1,53,673	:	4,020	4,020 47,571	13,513	2,714	259	80,532	2,799	2,265
1908-09	:	5,010	3,983	:	120	17,009	6,651	6,301	1,47,827	:	4,151	52,907	13,618	3,099	409	69,594	2,636	1,418
1909-10	:	7,315	3,952	œ	225	1,146	13,773	6,454	1,41,153	:	3,794	3,794, 52,734, 13,344	13,344	3,320	50S	62,706	3,129	1,618
1910-11	:	45,072	12,111	610	861	30,801	7,985	6,183	1,40,108	:	3,947	46,890 20,371	20,371	3,125	51	61,178	2,380	1,645
21-1161		45,365	8,388	785	1,261	23,215	8,357	6,289	1,35,758	:	3,769	3,769 45,266 16,468	16,468	2,890	1,354	61,670	4,325	15

Table XVI.-Municipality of Banda.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											2.25%	
		.[E†oT	18	R.	21,162	25,422	28,522	30,617	31,696	30,4:9	59,816	34,556 33,868	
		Other beads.	17	Rs.	2,555	3,293	9,446	3,326	3,424	2,738	3,016	6,063 5,642	
	etion.	Public instru	16	Rs.	1,919	2,066	2,232	2,619	2,637	2,523	2,453	258,2	
		Public works	15	S.	1,669	2,712	7.445	5,756	5,439	3,739	4,823	3,130	
Expenditure.	-aib bi	na afritaoll reirrang	14	RS	773	1,261	1.953	773	1,253	1,247	1,249	1,253	
		Сопветувноу.	. 13	Rs.	6,010	6,641	6,914	7.129	7,961	8,275	6,752	7,713	
	Water supply and drainage.	-netniaM .eous	22	B.	128	1,346	3:	371	582	320	215	2,030	
	Water and dr	.LatiqsO		Ŗ.	7	;	:	4,201	2,037	1,494	2,848	613	
	j.	Tublic safety	10	B3.	4,190 4,196	4,058	9.704	2,099	2,589	4,156	2,736	2,717 5,128	
	bas no	itsyteinimhA o nuitoelloo	6	R.	3,918	4,C45	5,022	4, 43	5,774	5,947	5,714	6,715	
		fatoT	8		26,308	28,428	31,436	33,254	33,424	28,437	29,106	32,032 30,117	
	, a	Отрет воитсе	न्या		2,599	9,730	8,931	4,193	2,573	2,401	3,014	4,810	
Income.		Loans.	9	Re.	: :	::	:	::	:	:	:	::	
		Rents.	70	聲	2,220	3,080	3,161	3,233	3,153	2,417	2,738	2,259	
		Огрег тахев.	41		528								
	bas sə	Tax on house.	œ	Ks.	::	:	:	: :	:	:	:	::	
		Octrol.	Ø	.Bs.	20,961 18,133	21,096	23,417	25,024	27,287	22,974	23,003	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
	N.				::		•	::	:	:	:	::	
	Vear,		1		1902.03	1903-0	9050	0-906	1907-0	10-806	1909-11	1910-11	

Table XVII. -Distribution of Police, 1911.

Than 1.		Sub- Inspec- tors.	Head- consta- bles.	Cons- tables.	Provin- cial chauki- dari force.	Town police.	Rural Police,	Road Police.
1		2	3	4.	5	6	7	8
Banda	• •	2	1	12			77	12
Khannah		1	1	θ			44	4
Mataundh	•••	1'	1	10			42	10
Pailani	••	. 1	1	10			99	4
Tindwari		1	1	10			71	2
Baberu		1	1_1_	12			75	
Marka		1.	01/1	7.			55	
Kamasin		2	1	12	>	••	71	
Pahari		1	1				67	
Mau		2	1	12			87	2
Rajapur	••	2	141	12		8	69	4
Karwi	••	2	庆后?	12			61	6
Raipura	•	1	1	2117 2017		l	55	4
Manikpur		1	महाने	9			43	4
Markundi		1	자리하 1	10			21	4
Badausa		2	1	12			95	8
Bisenda		1	1	10			93	
Girwan		1	1	12			71	10
Naraini	••	1	1	12			111	14
Outposts (1) Sit	apur	••	1	. 3		5		
(2) Ka	rtal	••	1	3				
(9) Ka	linjar	••	1	3				
Civil Roserve	••	6	11	102				٠.
Armed Police	,.	1	26	124				
Tetal		82	59	432	••	13	1,307	88

TABLE XVIII.—Education.

MAN (MA) & - MT (Total.		Second	lary edu	cation.	Prima	ary educ	ation.
Year.		colleges.	Sebo	olars.		Scho	lars.		Schol	lars.
2001		Schools and colleges.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1		3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02		147	5, 255	29	11	1,018	•••	135	4,190	29
1902-03		171	5,658	206	11	1,016		160	4,642	206
1903-04		174	6,088	-198	11,	1,026	.,	163	5,062	198
1904-05		174	6,216	247	10	1,081	2	164	5,185	245
1905-06		185	6,652	255	10	1,119	2	175	5,533	253
1906-07		186	6,219	188	7	803	••	179	5,416	188
1907-08		203	7,518	316	7	881	••	196	6,687	316
1908-09		198	7,404	495	10	1,268	••	188	6,186	495
1909-10]	192	7,417	338	10	1,314	••	182	6,103	838
1910-11		159	7,018	809	7	1,099		152	5,919	809
1911-12	••	177	8,022	405	1 -17	1,160		170	6,862	405
				0.1						
	l									

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911,

Tahsil.	School.	Class.		Management,	Averag attend ance.
(Banda Town School.	Vernacular Secon	dary	District Board	209
12	Luktara	Upper Primary		Ditto	. 36
i 1	Mataundh	Ditto		Ditto	0
į,	Khandeh	Ditto		Ditto	44
	Mawai Khurd	Ditto		Ditto	4
j l	Mahokhar	Lower Primary		Ditto	2
- ! (Lawan Curak	Ditto		Dit(o	. 28
1	Gureh Marroi Zala	Ditto		Ditto	44
11	Mawai Kalan Kanwara	Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 18
1	Tarmera lance	Ditto Ditto		Ditto	3:
Į į	Duran di	Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 19
	Tindways	Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 19
į.	Pachnehi	Ditto	• •	Ditto	28
	Achraund	Ditto		T)+++-	2
	Kahra	Ditto		Ditto	38
11	Riwan	Ditto		Ditto	1 0
1	Riwai	Ditto	AP.	Tritto	
11	Khannah	Ditto		Ditto	1 0
	Jaurehi	Ditto		Ditto	0.
	Khinni Naka	Ditto	1.3	Ditto	69
	Katra Naka	Ditto	1.00	Ditto	. 51
. []	Aliganj	Ditto	17 - 4	Ditto	32
Banda	Chichara	Ditto	110	Aided by Distric	ct 20
표 /	Bareha	Ditto	da is	Board.	ŀ
<u> 7</u>	Colvinganj Mis-	Ditto	The same	Ditto	30
- 1	sion Branch.	- P. W. C. S. O.	11:	Private Aided b	у 76
	Colvinganj	Ditto	1.1	Municipal Board. Ditto	
- 11	Bhawanipura	Ditto		Ditto	. 22
	Chhaoni Mis-	Ditto	TIL	Ditto	. 18
	sion Branch.	11.4.11		. 2100	. 25
	Model Girls'	Ditto		Maintained by Government.	n- 26
	District Board	Ditto		District Board	. 14
- 11	Girls' school.				.)
	Ichauli	Ditto		Ditto	. 27
- 11	Gora Mughli	Ditto		Ditto	. 45
	Colvinganj Khotla Naka	Ditto Ditto	• •	Municipal Board .	. 16
	Collectorganj.	Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 25
- 11	Bengali Purwa	Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 25
- 11	Girl School	Ditto	• •	Ditto - Aided by Municir	. 8
	Hindu Mis-	D1000	**	Aided by Municip Board.	pto) 32
	Girl School Muhamma-	Ditto		Ditto .	. 37
	dam Mission. Boys' Orphan- age School.	Ditto		Ditto	. 25
; ij {	Pailana Tindwari	Upper Primary Ditto		District Board Ditto	. 95

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1911-(continued).

Tabsil.	School.	-	Class.		Management;		Average attendance.
	Sindan Kala	n	Upper Primary		District Board		73
1	Sindan Lais		Ditto	•	T		37
,	Gagauli Madanpur	••	Ditto		To 14 a		116
1	Khaptiha	• •	Ditto		TO:440		68
1	Paprenda	•••	Ditto	•	Ditto	1	52
- 1	Jaspura	••	Lower Primary		Ditto		28
1	Benda	• • •	Ditto	• •	Ditto		25
	Dighwat	••	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	20
କ୍	Piprahri	• •	Ditto			• •	49
70	Palra		Ditto				29
72	Gadaria		Ditto	• •		••	23
Pailani—(concluded).	Parsaunda		- Ditto	• •	_	•• [21
<u> </u>	Rimpur		Ditto	• •		••	18
.1	Chandwara	• •	Ditto	• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •	9 3
Ë	Mungas	• •	Ditto		2744.	• •	24 80
- ij	Bhujrakh	• •	Ditto		Ditto	·•	81
- Ří []	Atrahat	••	Ditto		Aided by District Bos	- 1	48
11	Jauharpu [,]	• •	Ditto Ditto	167	Ditto	-	22
- 11	Skhuhala	• •	Ditto	1 3-9-7	- 141a		21
	Piprodar	••	Ditto	157	70'44-		28
	Garaula Rehunta	•••	Ditto		W.11.		13
- 11	Ichhawar	••	Ditto	0.11	T3:44.	: }	31
	Sahada	• •	Ditto		TOUR	.	24
U	Amlaur	••	Ditto		70244		30
			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		1	- 1	- 0=
(Baberu	• •	Vernacular Seco	ndary	N. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	••	137
	Baragaon	• •	Upper Primary	2 . 3		• •	79 4 0
1.	Murwal	• •	Ditto	• • •	Ditto	٠٠ ا	42
	Sathi .	• •	Ditto Lower Primary	1	Ditta	••	16
i i	Augasi	• •	Ditto		10.44-		97
	Parsauli Bhadedu	• •	Ditto	• •	75.144		40
- 1		••	Ditto		30.44		14
1	Pawaiya Ingua	••	Ditto		D:44a		32
1.	Aliha	• •	Ditto		TO: A4-a		28
	Palhri	• • •	Ditto		Ditto .	. 1	21
i	Kairi	•••	Ditto	••	Ditto .	.	58
	Mau		Ditto				31
동기	Marka	••	Ditto	• •			28
Babaru,	Majhiwan	٠.	Ditto	• •	Ditto .	· • <u>.</u>	24
<u>م</u> ا	Beonja		Ditto	• •	Aided by District Boa	rd	20
	Baberu Gi School	rls'	Ditto	••	District Board .	۱۰	26
1.	Simauni		Ditto		Ditto .	. 1	88
1	Kerrahi		Ditto		Ditto .]	89
	Patwan		Ditto	••	Aided by Distric	ot	33
	Jarahra		Ditto		Board. Ditto		27
	Pindaran		Ditto		Ditto .		19
- 1	Sanda		Ditto				27
	Bhabbua		Ditto				35
-	Charka		Ditto				18
	Kachendu		Ditto		Ditto	٠. ا	22

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(continued).

ahsil.	School.		Class.		Manageme	ent.	Average attend ance.
	D- 1		Upper Primary	~	District Board		60
	Badausa	••		• •	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	137
	Atarra	•••	_Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto		125
	Bisanda		Ditto		Ditto	• • •	47
- }	Oran	••			Ditto	••	28
11	Mahota	•• [Lower Primary	•••	Ditto	••	29
- 11	Turra	٠.	Ditto	* * *	Ditto		23
11	Hastam		Ditto	• • •	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	26
	Fatchganj	•••	Ditto		Ditto	•••	26
ļ	Bahga	{	Ditto Ditto	•••	Ditto	••	88
	Kurari	••		•••		District	25
- 3	Utarwan	••	Ditto	••	Board,	Digetion	1
eš	Pindkhar		Ditto		Ditto		23
Badausa	Garaun	1	Ditto	•	Ditto		27
85	Rasin	::	Ditto		District Board	۱	47
£	Ballan		Ditto	3.1L	Ditto		80
44	Guragpur	•••	Ditto			District	21
	Guragpur	•••			Board.		-
	Tab		Ditto		Ditto		88
	Jabrapur Adaipur Bhu	15asi	Ditto		Ditto	••	23
	Rauli Kaly		Ditto		Ditto	••	26
	pur Ghuretanpu	r	Ditto	18.7	Ditto	••	25
	Tindura	***	Ditto	13.33	Ditto		27
- 1	Atarra	••	Lower Primary	for	Ditto		23
1	11100110	••	Girls.	71.	7		-
	G!		Upper Primary		District Board	ı	60
(Girwan	••	Ditto		Ditto	• •	75
1	Kalinjar	••	Ditto	-131	Ditto		100
	Naraini	• •	Ditto		Ditto	•	37
1	Pangara	••	Ditto	• • •	Ditto		50
- 1	Bilgaon	• •	Lower Primary	• • •	Ditto	•••	75
- 1	Kartal	• •	Ditto	•••	Ditto	•	38
	Sihonda Murwan Hu	gain-	1	::	Ditto	••	25
	pur.		Ditto		Ditto		38
	Barokhar	••	Ditto	••	Ditto		28
급	Mahua	• •	Ditto		Ditto		52
Girwan	Chhibaun	• •	Ditto	••	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20
E.	Parmai	••	Ditto	••	Ditto		75
5	Khurhand		Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	30
ļ	Gokhiya	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	19
i	Sarha	••	Ditto	• •	Aided by	District	21
	Gorepurwa	٠.	Dirio	• •	Board	DIBULIOU	
-	Pukari		Ditto		Ditto	• •	18
1	Nayagaon	•••	Ditto	•	Ditto		21
Ì	Gurha Kal		Ditto		Ditto	••	28
	Makri		Ditto	•••	Ditto		14
1	Sahewa	••	Ditto		District Boar	d	27
	Masuri	. • •	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- Ditto	••	32
			Ditto		Ditto		21

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—(continued).

Girwan- (conold.).	Lahrehta Mangawan Bira Sardhua Audaha Jamu Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Jakhanpur Parsaunja	n	Ditto Upper Primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	:	Aided by Board. Ditto District Boa Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	District	20 28 85 106
Gir (oo)	Bira Sardhua Audaha Jamu Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha		Upper Primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	District Boa Ditto Ditto Ditto	ord	85 106
	Sardhua Audaha Jamu Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	•	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	106
	Audaha Jamu Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	•	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	106
	Jamu Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	••	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Ditto	••	1 -
	Singpur Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	••	Ditto Ditto Ditto				41
	Pahari Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	••	Ditto Ditto			• •	51
	Lohra Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	••	Ditto		Ditto	••	49
	Ranipur Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	••			Ditto	••	50
	Darsenda Paohhaunha Lakhanpur		Ditto		Ditto		42
	Paohhaunha Lakhanpur	• •			Ditto		32
[]	Lakhanpur	n	Ditto		Ditto		40
- 11			Ditto		Ditto	••	59
	Parsaunia	••	Lower Primary		Ditto	••	42
- 1			Ditto	1.000	Ditto	••	40
	Bhadedu	••	Ditto	1	Ditto	••	89
Kamasin	Musiwan	••	Ditto	110	Ditto	• •	27
18 J	Chhilohar		Ditto		Ditto	• •	29
買り	Sursen	••	Ditto		Aided by Dist	rict Board.	17
8	Ora		Ditto		Ditto		87
- 	Jamhil		Ditto	2.5	Ditto	••	39
	Hardauli		Ditto	44	Ditto	••	62
- 11	Arki		Ditto	T	Ditto	• •	20
	Sardhua Gi School	irls'	Ditto		Ditto	••	86
ļ ļ	Kamasin		Vernacular Secon	dary	District Boar	rd	145
- 11	Narainpur		Lower Primary		Ditto	••	50
	Kalwara	••	Ditto		Aided by Board.	District	31
- 11	Sagwara	• •	Ditto		Ditto	• •	21
- []	Banthare	••	Ditto	••.	Ditto	• •	23
- []	Panauta	• •	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	22
Ì	Biharwan	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	18
	Rajapur	••	Vernacular Secon including Lower mary.		District Boa	rd	252
- 11	Mau		Ditto		Ditto		190
l i	Khandeh a		Upper Primary		Ditto		153
- 1	Bargarh	•	Ditto		Ditt ·	• •	96
	Chibon	•••	Ditto		Ditto	•	60
1.	Hanna	٠.	Ditto		, Ditto	••	75
3	Chhiulaha	••	Ditto	•••	Ditto	••	48
Mau.	Katwara	••	Lower Primary	••	Ditto	••	27
7	Tikra		Ditto	••	Ditto	•••	89
	Karondi	• •	Ditto		Ditto	••	19
11	Piprond	•••	Ditto	••	Ditto		25
- 11	Mandaur	٠.	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	17
} [Mawai Kala	n	Ditto	•••	Ditto		13
	Tari	••	Ditto	••	Aided by	District	17
	Lauri	• •	Ditto	۲.	Board. Ditto	7.	40
1	Nandi Kurn	iian	Ditto	•••	Ditto	•	28

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—(concluded).

Tabsil.	School.	Class.		Managen	aent.	Average attend- ance.
	Rajapur Itwan	Lower Primary Lower Primary	(for	Aided by Distr District Boar		71 82
	Rajapur	boys). Lower Primary	(for	Ditto		28
<u>ا</u>	Purab patai	girls). Lower Primary	• •	Aided by Distr	ict Board	24
Mau-(concld.)	Kharjurha	Ditto		Ditto		15
8	Barna	Ditto	••	Ditto		20
후	Bhaironganj	Ditto		Ditto	••	24
1	Rupauli	Ditto	• • •	Ditto	••	21
匵!	Sikri 🐽	Ditto		Ditto	••	20
24	Deondaha	Ditto	••	Ditto		22
- 1	Ragauli	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	16
l	Pardawan	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	25
- 1	Basingha	Ditto		Ditoo	••	28
(Khatwara	Lower Primary	(tor	Ditto	••	27
ſ	Karwi Town School.	girls). Vernacular Secon	dary	Ditto	••	164
ł	Tarahawan	Upper Primary		Ditto	••	114
- 1	Sitapur	Ditto	1	Ditto	••	112
- }	Khohi	Ditto		Ditto	• •	50
1	Bhaunri	Ditto		Ditto	• •	113
Í	Ainchwara	Ditto	1.0	Ditto	• •	66
- 1	Manikpur	Ditto	1983	Ditto	••	70
	Nai Bazar	Ditto	11.5	Ditto	• •	63
	Raipura Asoh	Ditto Ditto	•	Ditto Ditto	••	38
1	Purma	Ditto	311	Ditto	••	41
. 1	Rehentie	Ditto	3 3	Ditto	* *	20
	Garhchapa	Lower Primary	-	Ditto	••	21
	Nandi Taura	Ditto	His	Ditto	•••	46
	Agraunda	Ditto	100	Ditto	•	23
- 1	Unai barna	Ditto		Ditto		41
	Chakond	Ditto	••	Ditto		20
Karwi.	Simaria	Ditto	•••	Ditto	••	12
- # <	Khoh	Ditto		Ditto	••	25
M	Ragaoli	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	18
- 1	Rukman Khurd	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	20
- 1	Unchadih	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	21
1	Maraiyan	Ditto	••	Ditto Ditto	••	22
ļ	Saraiyan Bhaunri	Ditto				83
	Vachai	Lower Primary (for Lower Primary	Giris	District Board	u	15 28
	Itwan	Ditto .		Aided by Board.	District	26
1	Mainhai	Ditto		Ditto	••	18
- 1	Markundi	Ditto	••	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	15
1	Ohhacharia	Ditto	••	Ditto	•••	21
	Hindu Mission Girls' School.	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	12
	Muhamma dan Mission Girls' School.	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	16
1	Deorachh	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	21

ROADS, 1911.

MOADS, 191	·-,			
A.—Provincial				
			Miles.	Far.
 (i) Fatehpur, Banda and Saugar road, No. (ii) Fatehpur, Banda and Saugar road, So. 	orth Sectionth Section	n	24 21	2 0
	Total		45	2
		1		
B.—LOCAL.				
I(a).—First class roads, metalled, brid drained throughout.	dged and	,		
(i) Banda to Hamirpur [vide II (a) (i			5	4
(ii) Banda to Rajapur [vide II (b) iv a	nd III]	••.	1	Õ.
(iii) Banda to Nagode (iv) Branch road to Girwan tahsil	••	**.	-20 0	5 3·3
(v) Church road	••		1	6.6
(vi) Post office road			ō	4.5
(vii) Mataundh railway feeder road	Edit S		1	6.3
(viii) Khurhand railway feeder road		•••	Ŏ	3.2
(ix) Atarra railway feeder road (x) Badausa railway feeder road		•••	0 0	2 1·5
(xi) Tamlia railway feeder road			ŏ	0.5
(xii) Karwi railway feeder road	97		0	1.5
(xiii) Dingwahi railway fooder road		•• \	0	4.4
(xiv) Banda railway reeder road		••	0	0·5 4·3
(xv) Karwi to Pahari (xvi) Banda to Baberu [vide II (b) III]		••.	.0 10	49·3
(xvi) Banda to Baberu [vide II (b) III] (xvii) From Public Works department to	Church r	oad.	0	4.5
(xviii) Naraini to Kartal	1	••	17	1.4
सर्वाभेव व	_Total	**	62	1.5
I(b).—First class roads, metalled, p bridged and drained.	artially			
(i) Banda to Manikpur			61	2
(ii) Manikpur railway feeder road	••		0	0.8
(iii) Atarra to Naraini	••		9	6.2
	Total	••	71	1
II(a).—Second class roads, unmetalled, drained throughout.	br i dg ed an	đ		
(i) Banda to Hamirpur	4.0		4	5
(ii) Banda North Circular road	••		5	0
(iii) Oran to Baberu	••	••	13	0
(iv) Oran to Badausa	••	••	11 10	0
(v) Paprenda to Pailani (vi) Baberu to Angasi	••	• •	.10	ő
(vii) Naraini to Kalinjar	••	.:	15	2
ŧ	Total		68	7

ROADS, 1911—(continued).

<u>-</u>	A		_,]		
II(b)	Second class roads, partially bridged	and drain	ed.		
				Miles.	fur.
(i)	Banda to Manikpur	••.		0	5
(ii)	Karwi to Rajapur (vide III ii)	• •	•••	6	0
(iii)	Banda to Baberu	••	• •	13	0
(iv)	Banda to Rajapur [vide I (a) ii]	• •	••	10	0
(v)	Girwan to Khurhand	• •	•••	_6	Q
(vi)	Oran to Kamasin	••	••	15	Q
(vii)	Mau to Bargarh	• •	•••	11	Ç
(viii)	Dando to Kamasin	••	••	11	C
		Total		72	5
II.—Thir	d class roads, banked and surfaced b	ut not dra	ined.		
(i)	Banda to Rajapur [vido I (a) ii and	ii (b) iv.]		39	(
(ii)	Karwi to Rajapur [vide II (b) ii]	33.		11	2
(iii)	Rajapur to Saraiyan			18	2
		Total	[68	4
			ŀ		
IV.—Fοι	urth class roads, banked but not surf bridged and drained.	aced, part	ially		
(i)	Khoh, Bhaunri and Mau road			25	4
		Total	ľ	25	
		10001			
7.—Fifth	class roads, cleared, partially bridge	d and dra	ined.		
(i)	Banda to Tindwari,			15	7
(Ìí)	Manikpur to Manahaighati	• •		11	(
(liii)	Rajapur Chibun-Marka	••		26	(
(iv)	Manikpur Bazar to railway station	••	••	1.	C
		Total	••	53	7
	VISixth class roads, cleared only	y.			
(i)	Karwi to Pahari and to Lakhanpur	••		24	5
(ìi)	Mataundh to Inchauli	• •		6	4
(iii)	Belgaon to Khurhand	• •		5	4
(iv)	Alona to Paprenda	••		6	6
(v)	Baberu to Marka			13	Q
(vi)	Karwi to Dewan Gaughati and to T	ikaria	••	14	2
(vii)	Kalinjar to Kalyanpur	••	•••	22	0
(viii)	Karwi Tarahwan and Kamta road	••		12	0
(ix)	Manikpur to Sitapur	••	•• [2	4
(x)	Oran to Atarra	• •	••	6 6	0
	Mau to Bargarh		•••	U	
(XI) (XII)	Badausa to Godharampur	••	1	13	5

ROADS, 1911—(concluded).

. VI.	—Sixth class roads, cleared	only(cor	ncluded).		Miles.	Fur,
(xiii)	Palra to Pailani			1	5	0
(xiv)	Paprenda, Tindwari, Kam	asin, Raja	pur road	1	49	1
(xv)	Pailani to Gugauli		-		9	0
(xvi)	Rampur to Tikari	••	••		8	0
(xvii)	Tindwari to Toubonne		••		7	0
(xviii)-	Markundi to Itwan		••		9	0
`(xix)	Tindwari to Palhra		••		6	0
(xx)	Girwan to Sihonda	••	••		4	Ų
(xxi)	Khurhand railway station	road			0	4
(xxii)	Banda to Khanna		••	i	14	0
	Rauli Kalyanpur to Kamis	*• a	••	•••	9	õ
(xxiv)	Achhraund to Kanca		••	••	Ă	3
(XXV)	Ichauli to Kapsa	••	••	••	4	5
	Murwal to Bilgaon	••	••	••	6	ő
(xxvii)	Kalinjar to Dharampur	• •	••	••	9	-
1		• •	• •	••	•	6



Total		271	5
GRAND TOTAL	[694	2.5

FERRIES.

	Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Sobada Mahabara Manrauli kalan Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Pailani Do Do Do Do Do Do	Private Do. Do. Do. Do Do District Board Private	Rs.
	Mahabara Manrauli kalan Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Mahabara Manrauli kalan Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Do	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. District Board Private	
;]	Manrauli kalan Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Manrauli kalan Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Do	Do Do Do District Board Private	
:	Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Baragaon Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Do	Do. Do District Board Private	
	Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Piprodar Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Do	Do District Board Private	
	Adri Lasanra Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Adri Lasanra Benda Augasi	Do	Private	
	Benda Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Benda Augasi	3 50.		158
T	Angasi Samgara Bairahghat	Augasi	Do	I Thinkelink Donald	56
	Samgara Bairahghat	~	TO 1	District Board Private	00
	Bairahghat		Do	Do.	
	3.6	Samgara Marka	Do	Do.	ĺ
	Marka	Do,	Do	Do	
	Amerhi	Amerhi	Kamasin	Do,	
	Chillimal	Chillimal	Do. Mau	Do. District Board	2,600
	Rajapur	Rajapur Ragauli	Do	Private	2,000
	Ragauli Biawal	Biawal	Do.	Do.	1
	Kataia khadar		Ito.	Do	
;	Mawai kalan	Mawai kalan	Do	Do	
,] ,	<i>a</i>	Cin Share Salar	Pailani	Do	l .
	Gurgaon	Sindhau kalan Nari	Pailani	Do	1
	Pailani	Pailani	Do.	District Board	129
	Amlor	Amlor	Do	Private	
	Barehta	Barehta	Do	Do	
	Khaptiha kalan	Alono		District Board	12
	Alona Marauli	Marauli	Banda	Private	
	Ujrehta	Ujrebta	Do	Do	
	Achraund	Achraund	Do	District Board	78
	Durendi	Durendi	Do. Do.	Private	1
	Gancha	Gancha Madhopur	Girwan	D _a	
	Madhopur Mawai kalan	Mawai kalan	Do.	Do	
	Bahadurp u r	Bahadurp u r	Do	Do	}
	Qazipur	Sihonda	Do	Do	j
	Mau	Mau	Do	Do.]
	Gaursheop u r Jamwara	Gaursheopur Jamwara	Do	Do	ł
	Bilharka	Jamwara Bilharka	Do.	Do.	ì
1					١
	Gurha kalan	Gurha kalan	Do.	District Board	40
9	Badausa	Badausa	Badausa	Private	1
Paisuni.	Karwi	Karwi	Karwi	District Board	40
İ					
1					
Į					

POST OFFICE, 1911.

Tahsil.		Locality.	Class of office.	Management,
Banda	_ { }	Banda Banda city. Inchauli Jaurahi Khannah Mataundh Gaurihar	Head office. Sub-office. Branch office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.	
Pailani	5	Pailani Jaspura Chilla Palra Piprenda Tindwari	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.	
Girwan	{	Girwan Kalinjar Khurhand Pangara	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Baberu.,	{	Baberu Marka Murwal	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto.	Imperial
Badausa	{	Badausa Atarra Bisanda Buzurg Oran	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Kamasin	{	Kamasin Pahari	Sub-post office. Branch post office.	
Karwi	>	Karwi Manikpur Chitra kot Raipura Markhundi	Sub-post office. Ditto. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Mau	{	Mau Rajapur Bargarh	Sub-post office. Ditto. Branch post office.	
	Į			

MARKETS.

Tahsil.		Town or village.		Market days.	
Banda	{	Mataundh Khandeh Khaddi Chanahra Lalpur		Mondays and Thursdays, Sundays and Thursdays, Ditto, Mondays and Thursdays,	
Pailani .	{	Gugauli Tindwari Pailani Gadariya Sindhan Kalan Kana Khera		Sundays and Wednesdays. Mondays and Thursdays. Ditto. Sundays and Wednesdays. Mondays. Sundays and Wednesdays.	
Baberu	{	Baberu Hardauli Simauni Pindaran Baragaon		Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays and Wednesdays. Tuesdays and Fridays. Mondays and Fridays. Sundays.	
Girwan	{	Girwan Sihonda Naraini Kartal Tarahti (Kalinjar) Gokhiya Bilgaon		Sunday. Daily. Tuesdays. Saturdays. Thursdays. Do. Saturdays.	
Budausa	{	Badausa Fatehgani Boghela Bari Atarra Buzurg Bisanda Buzurg Oran	p P	Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays. Wednesdays. Wednesdays and Saturdays. Mondays and Fridays. Eundays and Wednesdays.	
Kamasin	{	Pachhaunhan Musiwan Bira Lakhanpur Jamu Kamasin	••	Mondays and Fridays. Ditto. Sundays and Thursdays. Tuesdays and Saturdays. Ditto. Daily.	
Mau	{	Mau Rajapur Chibun Khandeha Purab Patai Bargarh		Sundays and Thursdays. Ditto. Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays and Thursdays. Mondays and Fridays. Saturdays and Tuesdays.	
Karwi	{	Karwi Tarahuwan Bhaunri Manikpur Sitapur Khohi Ainchwara		Daily. Do. Mondays and Fridays. Daily. Do. Do. Do.	

FAIRS.

Tahsil. Locality,		Name of far.	Date.	Average attend- ance.
da.	Banda Do, Do.	Moharrem Ram Lila Kajalia Nau Durga	Not fixed Kuar (25th November) Bhadon (August) 1st October and April (Kuar and Chait)	25,000 26,000 15,000 6,000
Banda.	Bahinga Chiobara Chamarkhannan Mohao Purwa Gusyari	Sidhhbaba Gadheriya Baba Bilandar Baba Simariya Devi Ghazi Miyan	22nd to 24th. January 12th Pus 20th (January) Ditto Baisakh (30th May) Baisakh (March)	£00 400 2,000 2,000 1,000
Pailani.	Chandwara	Bhadon Dwadshi	Bhadon (27th September) 5 days.	5,000
	Gukhrchi	Barc Deo	Chait (30th April) Kartik (30th Nov-	4,000
	Niwaich Pailani Jahar Pir Terahi	Kaleshri Debi Pir Biyabani Brahm Kund Baman Dwadshi	ember). Baisakh (30th April) Every Thursday Pus (January) End of Bhadon (September).	2,000 800 1,500 1 0 ,000
\	Baragaon	Jal-phag	September	3,000
$egin{align*} egin{align*} $	Baberu	Dasahra	October	10,000
. ej (Atarra Buzurg	Rahas	Kartik (24th November).	4,000
Ba- dausa	Bhitaura	Batesvari Debi	Asarh (16th July) Aghan (16th December) Phagun (16th March).	500
Girwan,	Barai Marpur	Rahas	Kartik (26th Novem-	200
	Gurha Kalau	Hanuman	ber), Baisakh (30th May) Kartik (30th Nov-	900
	Girwan	Rahas	ember). Kartik (23rd Novem- ber).	••
	Gokhiya Gurba Kalan Kalinjar	Lo. Mahabir Kalki (Nil Kanth)	Ditto April and May Rartik (30 h November).	2,000 6,000 5,000
	Khatri Kahar	Nau Durga	Kuar 20th to 24th (September—Octo- ber) and Chait.	2,000
	Murwan Nayagaon Bansı	Rahas Pawharya Debi	Kartik 27th Chait (23rd April) Kartik (30th November).	500 400 300
	Barsainda Buzurg.	Rahas and Nau Durga	Kuar 22nd to 24th (September—Oc to- ber) and Chait (March),	250

FORESTS.

Tahsil.	Name of village in which forest is situated.	Area reserved and held by Government in full right.	Area reserved under the pach- pan paintalis ugreement.	Remarks.	
		Acres.	Acres.		
Karwi	Mau Khurd Unchadih Sakrauhan Ranipur Kalyangarh. Kathauta Mananiyan. Rajanhan Deori Gidurha Uldan Nihi Mahuli Kalyanpur Karauhan Chitghati Jaro Muafi Chanri Chulha Kulmar Parasin Donda Gursarai Tikaria Janranhai Dadri Muafi Bhenra Amchurnarwa Rukma Khurd Karka Padri Chheriya Kalan Ambha Chulhi Motdar Rukma Buzurg	386 414 645 2,698 2,250 4,619 4,279 222 714 1,140 4,037 1,502 8,623 5,416 778 4,217 133 731 1,238 2,243 1,667 6,729	2,110 949 2,671 728 69 	Contains one forest excluded area. Contains two, Chak Deori and Chak Jhil. Contains two forests excluded areas. Contains one forest excluded area. One forest excluded area.	
Badausa	Marayan Panwari	6,182	1,986		
	Total	55,816	18,982		

FAIRS-(concluded).

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Tahsil.	Locality.		Name of fair.	Date.	Average attend- ance.
Girwan -(con-	Shah Paten		Devi Singhan	Chait (23rd April) Kuar (23rd October)	900
Karwi.	Sitapur Lalapur Raipura Manikpur	. { ::	Diwali Ram Naumi Dit o Dasahra Mahabir Sankat	Kartik (15th November). About 9th April April Kuar (October) Ditto	100,000 100,000 5,000 2,000 3,000
Катавіп.	Do, Lakhanpur Kucharam		Moohen, Shee Ratri Basant Singh Bahni Devi Kali Devi Bir Baba	March February Chait and Kuar (April and October). Ditto From 30th Kartik to 15th Aghen. From 30th Baisakh to	10,000 20,000 2,000 4,000 15,000
Mau.	Rajapur Po Mau		Moharram Mahabir Sankat Mochau. Ditto	15th Jeth. Not fixed Full moon of Kartik and Baisakh (November and May). Ditto	20,500 20,000 1,500
			स्टब्स् व नव		